Part I Syed showed Khan, a magnificient education was a a scheme to secure Therefore, he decide To gain their Targel. These three sules were loyalty, devotion and aloofnees Loyalty toward british rules, devotion · Hyalty Toward British: Sir Syed Ahmed khan's Phasis on loyalty overnment was seen as a way gain access to resources otherwise be unavailable to Muslims in British coloniel system. He believed that Muslims working with the British

a modern and westernized approch to education and social practices,

• Devotion to education:

Sir Syed's emphasis on eduction was seen as a way to empower Muslims to help them gain to resources and unava that Muslims needed designed in provide Muslims with a modren education.

out ofness to politics.

Sir Syed's emphasis on alpofness to politics. stable Muslim community, believed that Muslims needed to adopt a modren education

Yulers. Q6. Answer: Pakistan's youth undoubtedly one important strategic With a large and Dopulation of un 2). How every this potential can only be realized if the country is able to provide adequate services and employment apportunities to its youth. challenge facing Pakistan's youth is lack of access which is lower than (World Bank, Tota

4.4% (International labor Organization, Sep 2022). This Particularly acute for young people, who often lack The experience and skills needed to compete in the job To address these challenges, Pakistan need to invest in education and training programs that prepare young people for the work force. This includes improving the quality of education at all level as well as providing vocational training and ships that give young the skill the need in the market Overall, Palkista is a potential demograp economic growth However, this potential can only be realized if the collectif is able to provide adequate services and employment oppositionities to its young People. By investing in education training programs, and creating were jobs opportunities, Pakistan can unlock the full

potential of its youth and drive sustainable economic. Traditional and non-traditional Security concerns of Pakistan: Pakistan faces a range of traditional and non-traditional security concerns that are critical to its foreign policy.

\*\*TRADITIONAL Security Concerns:

a). Threat of terrorism: Jerrorism is a major security concern in Pakistoin because it poses a threat to the safety and well-being of the citizens. Pakistan has experienced a significant number of terrorist attacks in the past, which caused loss of Past, which caused (oss of Ife and Property damage.

b). Boder Suputes:

Bordes disputes are another traditional security concern of Pakistan because it shares border with several countries, including Indea, infghanistan, and Ivana, These disputes can lead to tensions and even conflicts between Pakistan and it's neighboring countries for example,

the dispute over the kashmir region has led to several wars between Pakistan and India. The government of Pakistan has taken several measures to be served measures to diplomatic channels, but these security concern.

C. Nuclear Proliferation:

Nuclear Proliferation:

An another major traditional

Security concern of Pakistan

because it is one of the few

countries in the world that

Possess nuclear reapons. The

Possession of necular weapons

by Pakistan has raised concerns

among the international community,

Particularly its neighbors, about

the potential misuse or

proliferation of these weapon the

government of Pakistan has

maintained that its necular

program is solely for defensive

Purposes. However, the possession

of nucleas weapons by Pakistan

semaine a significant security

concern for the region and the

world.

Non-traditional Security concerns: issues remains a persistent Non-traditional Security concerns:

a) Climate Change:

Climate change is a

non-traditional security concern of Pakistan because it threats To country's economy, environment, and social fabrics. Pakistan is vulnerable to the impace of climate charge including, raising tempratures, drought; floods, and sea-level rise. These impace can lead food if water shortage and also lead to damage infrastructure. D'. Water Scarcity: Water Scarcity poses a threat to the pakistan's economy, environment, and social stability. Pakistan is water stressed dountry, with limited freshwater and a rapidly growing population. This has led to increased competation for water resources, particularly in agriculture, which is the major contributor to country's economy c) Cyber-Security: Cybes-Security is a major non-traditional security Be concein to Pakiston like other countries Pakistan is volnerable to cyber attacks, which can target critical infrastructure, financial system, and government institutions.

Revisting of foreign policy: concerns, Pakistan needs international patress as will as improvent intelligence gathering and sharing.

Addressing ruclear proliferation concerns through responsible nuclear stepandship, including increased transparely and cooperation with international representational watch dogs.

Thereby to address non-traditional security throats, including the change watch dogs.

government, provinces. Those in favor of

abuse of power by provincial
government. On the other hand, those ewnomic diversity. They argue that a weak center woulk allow from greater Darticipation and representation at the lineal level and would promote greater account ability and transparency in government.

In my openion, a flatral structure can survive with a weak center if there is a chroner comment ment to decentralization. and resources between the fedal and provincial governments.
This would sequire a significant shift in the country's political culture and a willingness to emirace greater diversity and pluralism. Pakist ans fedral structure Pactors, including the country's Dolitical culture, the strength of its institutions, and the silvy of its leaders to

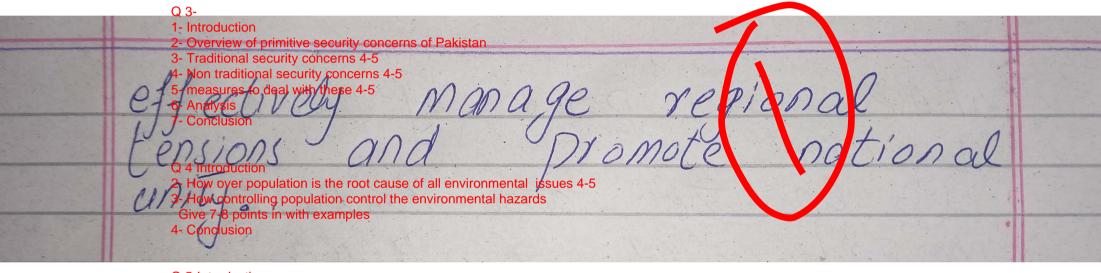
Important Note:

Marks would be given on the following parameters

a- Content 60% References 15% Subject specific language 15%. Graphs and charts 10%

## Qno 2-

- 1-Introduction
- 2- Discuss Trinity of ideas
- 3- Reasons of giving this perspective
- 4- what impacts have caused by this Trinity of idea
- 5- Conclusion



## Q 5-Introduction

- 2- An overview of economic crises in Pakistan
- 3- Explain with special Reference to 4 variables mentioned with 3 subheading under each head
- 4- Also suggest way forward
- 5- Conclusion

**Q8-** Introduction

Elaborate Federal structure

3- Take a stance and explain with 10 points with special Reference to Constitutional clauses



