Political Science Agesta Tahir 28874. Section A The assertion that democratic political culture in Yakislan has been undermined due lo lack of balance of power in The political system holds significant merit. To critically evaluate this claim, we need to examine the key gactors contributing To The lack of balance of power and its consequences on the courtey's democratic political culture. give main heading first. Dominance of the start with other institutions, the main organs of the gove of military intersperence in politics. The military ha

often unequal significant influence over civilian institution resulting in an unequal power distribution. This had be to the marginelization of civilian of the orities and weekened the elemocratic process. Trequest military coups and interventions have disrupted democratic governance evoding trust in civilian leadership and elemocratic institutions.

Weak Judicary:

An essential piller of any democracy is an independent and strong judiciosy that can provide a check on the actions of the executive and logislative branches. However, in Pokislan, the judiciony has often been subject to political pressure and its independence has

been compromised. This weakens its ability to effectively balance power and hold all branches government accountable add references/examples against each of your arguments. Concentration of Power in The Executive: Over the years, Kalastan has a centralization of power in the offices of the prime Minster. The concentration of authority in the executive branch weakens the prole parliament and other domestic democratic institution feading to lack of checks and bolances Electoral Irregularties: Concerns about electoral grand and menipulation have marred Pakistan's democratic

elections and policed represent Political Alternatives: political parties in Pakistan the availability political alternatives. This can result in complacency among ruling parties, principles. Institutional Corruption Kampart Corruption with political institution has contributed

lack of credibility ou The democratic syst resources not properly answered you have added almost no detail on the main area asked. the relation of detoriaration to the lack of balance of power?? short and incomplete answer. end you answers with conclusion.



Section B. A Strong political system ideally requires both a robust political economy and effective leadership including leaders. The significance of each clement and Their roles ling to a strong political Strong Political Economy: I strong political economy reffers to the interaction between politics and the economy with in country It involves well functioning political institutions, economic policies and tregulatory framework that promote economic growth, stability and equitable distribution of resources.

Economic Growth Arc Stability I stable and growing econom is essential for a country's mony joster soduction to Reduce poverty and Inequality: well functioning political economy can help addises programs, progressive taxation and equitab distribution of

add references/examples against each of your arguments. Institutional x strong political economy promotes transparent and accountable institution, upholding the rule of less and ensuring that all citizens are treated fairly under the legal system. > Resillience to External Shocks: A robust political economy can better with stand externel economic shoels such as global economic downturn os commodity price pucolions Credibility in International Country? credibility in the

international community and josters positive relationships Charismalic Leadership: Charismelic Jeader posse unique ability to inspire and mobilize people through personality, vision, strong political System, Can play a vital role i Shapping public opinion reporms. of charismatic replicing Victor. Public Engagement Overcoming Challenges

-> Building Coalitions Effective Communications discuss this part in detail as well by giving subheadings. However, it's important That Charisma alone enough to ensure political egsten-Charismati leaders should to also k committed to glemocratic principle rule of law and institution ans is substantially low. add references. The frise of Muslim nationalism in South Asig was a Significant ideological developmen That but culminated in the formation of the All India Muslim eague, and had jar - reaching implication por nationalist policies

politics in the fregion. 1. Demand for separate Identity: Muslim nationalism in South Asia emerged as perponse he the perceived marginalization and Jear of Hindu domination within a unified Indian nationalist movement. Muslim Jeader argued for separate Identity for Muslims based on religious and cultural differences, leading to the demand for a separete Muslim- majority nation wo Netion heary: enque, under the loadership Mehammad Ali figures like Jinnah embraced Two - Nation

Theory, which poisted that Hinders and Muslims were distinct nations with irreconcilable differences. According to this theory, India was not a sig single nation but rather comprised two separate nations, Hindu and Muslim justifying the partition of British India Demand Jos Palislan Communal Tensions End of United Indian Nationalism Legary of Partition. Challengese of state Building Kashmir Dispute Bangle desh Liberation discuss this part in detail as well by giving subheadings. Inconclusion, The risk of Muslim nationalism in South Asia

promoted by various leaders evertual crea short and incomplete answer. a 20 marks qs should have around 15 subheadings and be on 7-9 sides of a page.