Ans:-

* INTRODUCTION:-Saudi-Arabia and Iran are two major powers in Middle East. Iran is a Shia Majority country in Middle East. Iran 15 a Shia Mairity country while Sawdi-Arabia has more sonni Population.

Both fought for the dominance of each other in the region. They fought through proxies in different Middle East countries including Syria, Lebanon, Yemen. The Conflict was surprisingly converted into a rapprochaent in March 2022 by the mediation of China. This rapprochaent will definately improve the situation of the region and will have implications of Pakistan. It will provide an opportunity to Pakistan to the enhance bi-lateral relationships with Iran. While building relationships with Iran while building relationships with Iran and Saudi-Arabia, Pakistan should have to balance relations with other powers. Overall, this balance relations with other powers. Overall, this rapproachment is a ray of hope for the region in dark times.

BACKGROUND OF CONFUCT:-

Saudi-Arabia and Iran have enjoyed strong relationships before 1979 Iranian Revolution. Raza Pahelvi, the king of Iran, was close to US like Saudi-Arabia. Due to similar interest both Saudi-Arabia and Iran shared good relationships 1979 revolution in Iran brought Ayotullar Khomeini in power who was against US. Moreover, the revolution was on the

lines of Shiaism. This created a sectarian divide between regional powers. In order to dominate the region, both fought proxy wars in adifferential or Middle Eastern countries.

The relationships between two reached a new low in 2016 when Savdi-Prabia executed a Shia Cleric, named Nimr al-Vimr This event led to the breakage of relationships. Both countries call back their ambassadors and cut diplomatic ties. Moreover, they also pull back from their security and defense agreements of 1998, and 2001.

* RAPPROCHMENT:-

On March 10, 2023, China surprised the world by saying that Saudi-Arabia and Iran are ready to end long-lasting conflict and to restore diplomatities. This news shocked some parts of the world while it is encourageing for other regions. Under the agreement:

(i) Both countries open embassies within 2 months.

(ii) They do not interfere within their internal matters. "DUTHO) 40 air MANNAH &

(iii) Both countries should restore 1998 and 2001 agreements.

* IMPLICATIONS FOR MIDDLE EAST:-

(a) END OF PROM WARS:-

Middle East is the Wab of proxy wars for decades Both Saudi-Arabia and Iran and other

powers including Uswand Russian foughts to achieve their respective objectives. Saudi-Iran deal is a relief of sigh for the region. It will and the proxy wars being fought in the Middle East. particularly in Syria, Vemen and Lebanon. (b) STABILITY IN THE REGION:-The deal will bring peace and stability in the region. It will enhance cooperation and will a collaboration and the countries of the region (1) (c) IMPROVED SOCIO- ECONOMIC CONDITIONS OF PEOPLE:-People of the Middle East Region have witnessed the howocs of war after the Arab Spring in 2011. They saw destruction of their properties and loss of lives. The peace deal will improve the lives of citizens and the standard of their living. (d) More Investment:
Economic revival and investment is linked to the stability of the region. The deal will be crucial for the economic development of war-torn countries. China is ready to invest in the region in pursuit of its BRI project. (e) IMPROVED RELATIONS AMONG COUNTRIES:their relationships after the teal which will be better for overall region. This fact is evident after Syria's re-admission in Arabi League after its removal in 2011. Moreover, release of Houthi rebels by Saidi-Arabia is also a smile cian Savdi-Arabia is also a positive sign.

(f) LESSEN INFLUENCE OF WESTERN POWERS:-The influence of western powers like USA and Israel will also decline. As It is evident by the statement of former Prime Minister of Irrael who said that the peace deal is a slap on Israel's diplomatic efforts:

* IMPLICATIONS FOR PAKISTAN:-

(a) TRADE AND ECONOMIC RELATIONS WITH IRAN:-

Pakistan to establish relations with Iran. Due to conflict between Savdi-Arabia and Iran, Pakistan has limited diplomatic choices Pakistan had not establish relationship with Iran to full potential due to it Iran's tossle with Saudi-Arabia. Pakistan remained close to Savdi Arabianduming in the period of war. of war.

Now, this deal is a blessing for Pakistan. Recently, Pakistan and Iran opened market at Mand-Pishin Border which will boost the bilateral trade Moreover, Polan Gaba Electricity Transmission line more another manifestation nof! developing ties between Pakistan and Iran.

The project with will provide 100MW of electricity to remote areas of Pakistan.

(b) REG RELIGIOUS HARMONY:
The deal will premote religious harmony among the countries It will remove sectorian divide in Pakistan. Moreover, it will lessen the

religious extremism in Pakistan which is purely on Sectarian lines. Repharse (c) KASHMIR AND PALESTINE ISSUE:The deal will provide Pakistan an opportunity to effectively raise the issue of Kashmir and Palestine at the forum of OIC.

The deal will strengthen cooperation and harmony among OIC members and ultimately will be beneficial for OIC. Iran was previously under the Finfluence of India and never supported Pakistan's stance on the issue of Kashmir. (d) Regional Quad:The rapprochment between Saudi-Arabia.

and Iran will open the way for a new quad
consisting of Pakistan, Iran, Saudi-Arabia and China.

It will counter already existing quads of IndoPacific and I2U2 of West Asian region, the purpose of both is to contain China. Moreover, all these countries will use the platform to further their interests and raise voice to resolve their disputes. (e) Expansion OF CPEC:
CPEC is a flagship project of China's BRI.

It remains under lot of controversies from its opponents especially US and India. Now, the deal will pave the way for the expansion of CPEC into Iran as Iran is getting closer to Pakistan and is coming out of the Influence of India on the

development of Chambahar Port.

(f) INDIAN HEGEMONY:-

Pakistan was waiting in Josethis rapprochiment to end Indian hogemony in the region. The affiliation of Iran with Pakistan helps is end Indian referious designs of using Iranian set for terrorist activities against Pakistan

MEASURES FOR ISLAMABAD:

Islamabad should have to capitalize on such an a great opportunity. It is should take steps to complete CPEC an scorr as possible. Moreover, Pakistan should have to convince Trans and Saudi-Arabia to join CPEC. Along with this, Pakistan should strive to start halted TAPI

t. In international relations, today's friends might be tomorrow's enemy and vice versa. So, Pakistan should have to balance its relationship with other Western and European powers including USA and European Union.

* Concusion:-

E -: DSID 30 4012401X3 (9) No matter how the deal between Saudi Arabia and Iran will impact the region in coming future. But, one thing is obvious that it will be beneficial for peace and stability of entire region. Besides, the deal will be an opportunity for regional countries to cooperate

Important Note: Marks would be given on the following parameters a- Content 60% References 15% Subject specific language 15%. Graphs and charts 10 Qno 2-1-Introduction betterment 2- Manifestations of Revival of Militancy and 3- Reasons of revival work 4- Policy Recommendations Work on adding more references 5- Analysis (could add the current positive developments) Highlight with black pen 6- Conclusion Give equal weitage to all parts Q 4-1- Introduction 2- Overview of global financial super cycle 3- Reasons for this cycle 4-5 4- Implications on Pakistan 4-5 5- Recommendations for Islamabad to follow 4-5 6- Conclusion Q 5- Introduction 2- overview of Ukraine War 3- Possibility of continuation of west lead order 4-5 points 4- Possibilities of decline in west lead order 4-5 points 5- Analysis on which possibility is more likely 4-5 points 6- Conclusion Q 6-Introduction 2- overview of the phenomena of floods and water scarcity 3- Factor responsible for floods 4-5 4- Factors responsible for water scarcity 4-5 5- Recommendations 5-6 6- Critical Analysis 7- Conclusion Q7- Introduction 2- Manifestations of US- India partnership to contain China 4 points 3- How it would adversely impact Pakistan 5-6 points 4- Recommendations for Islamabad to follow 6-7 points 5- Critical Analysis 6- Conclusion Q 8-Introduction 2- G-20 conference in Indian held Kashmir - an overview 3- Objectives of India 5-7 points 4- options for Pakistan to follow 5- Conclusion