

| Question No    | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | Total | Teacher's Sign |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|----------------|
| Marks Obtained |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |                |

ضروری ہدایات: ۱۔ ہر سوال سے پہلے توجہ سے پڑھ لیں اور جواب دہلے لکھیں اور ہر سوال کے جواب کو پوری تفصیلاً لکھیں۔ ۲۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۳۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۴۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۵۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۶۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۷۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۸۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۹۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔ ۱۰۔ ہر سوال کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں اور اس کے جواب کو لکھنے سے پہلے اس کے جواب کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ لیں۔

23

Aligarh regained muslim with political awareness. It provided them national and strategic guideline. Nationality, separate homeland, were the special fruits of Aligarh Univ.

Graduates of Aligarh University were the founder and proponents of Pakistan Movement

Shaukat Boothe, Maulana Tahir, Syed Amu Ali, and many others who were the graduates of Aligarh University laid down the foundation of Pakistan Movement (Educate, Educate, Educate; Live the roots, tree will flourish: سیرت)

Analysis

Aligarh movement was artistically uplifted the social status in eye of British. The Aligarh movement via education rekindles the emotion of individual political identity and autonomy later cause of this movement they (muslim) able to regain lost glory in form of Pakistan movement

<sup>not</sup>  
 advised muslim to stay away from  
 British styled political system. Because  
 jumping in the entirely new system only  
 only crushed them from hindus hand but also  
 multiplied british wrath.

Educational upgradation; Followed by  
 political awareness.

Educational movement which started in  
 1856 in earlier 1900 got different  
 shape. Muslims who were used up on  
 the last glories status, welcomed british  
 wrath as (only enemies of british in WOI)  
 were quiet changed. They were now enlightened  
 about the british launched political system,  
 Hindus cannigness, and <sup>more</sup> actualized about  
 their exploitation. Hence

Aligarh movement; An arsenal of  
 Pakistan movement

According to Maulvi Abdul Haq.  
 'Aligarh is not an educational  
 movement; it was a fuel to Pakistan  
 movement!'

(21)

## Social Impacts of Aligarh Movement

Aligarh movement was not confined to the educational uplift of the fragile muslim segment, ~~it merely~~ it elevated their socio-economic status. It largely redesigned the hostile attitude towards muslims.

## Different Publications & their repercussions on ~~most~~ british attitude towards muslims

- i) 'Royal Mohammadians of India' ⇒ focused upon the services rendered by muslims in safeguarding British.
- ii) Asbab-e-Bagawat-e-Hind ⇒ who were the real culprits in war of Independence.
- iii) 'The India Revolt' ⇒ He distributed the 500 copies among british parliament to enlighten who besides muslim are the involved in war of Indian revolt.

## Economic Aspects of Aligarh Movement

Political Apathy was the initial strategy? Right after 1857, Sir

Educational Aspects of Al J Balk Mawani

During Sir Syed era 1857, the prevailing political system talked about militancy, but muslim had awareness about it and jing political at the gruesome time meant overwhelming British wrath. Thus he focused upon educating muslim and terms as Prophet of Education by 'The Times' magazine

Establishment of Different Schools & Educational Institutions

School at Muzadabad in 1859.

School at Ghazipur in 1863.

Muslim Scientific Society in 1864.

He visited London stayed with son for 9 years monitored their system closely and decided to establish the same in India.

Establishment of MAO (Mohammaden Anglo Oriental College) in 1974.

Promotion of MAO school to college in 1977.

Development ~~Muslim~~ Mohammenden Anglo

Oriental conference in 1974 => which looked the annual progress, amended it and upto the international standard.

Examination \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class/Section \_\_\_\_\_

Subject \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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ضروری ہدایات: ۱۔ ہر سوال سے پہلے نام پورا اور طریقہ اور سب ذیلی طے کرنا ضروری ہے تاکہ ہر سوال کا جواب آسان ہو سکے۔ ۲۔ قلمی متن کی مختصراً کاغذ سے ہر کوئی صورت طریقہ (طریقہ) سے مل کر ہی ہر سوال کو حل کرنا ہے۔ ۳۔ ہر سوال کا جواب لکھ کر ہی دیا جائے گا۔ ۴۔ سوال کے تمام اجزاء کو ایک ہی جگہ پر حل کرنا ضروری ہے۔ ۵۔ مناسب نتائج پر مارکر کا استعمال کرنا ہے۔ ۶۔ سوال کے آغاز سے قلمی جواب کو ایک طرف رکھ کر دیکھو۔ ۷۔ کلاس روم میں ہر سوال کرنے کے بارے میں استاد کی طرف سے دی گئی ہدایات کو پوری طرح سے سمجھ کر ہی لکھ کرنا ہے۔ ۸۔ اس سے پہلے ہر سوال کا جواب دینا اور اپنے دوستوں کی کان میں اجازت نہ لینا ہے۔ ۹۔ ہر سوال کے جواب دینے پر ہی اور اضافی فیٹ کاغذ کاغذ کاغذ کاغذ۔ ۱۰۔ سوالات کی تعداد اس اجازت میں کریں تاکہ ہر سوال کو حل کر سکیں۔

19

QNO# 2.

Ali Garh movement was arsenal of Pak movement. Decisive in the reform initiated by Ali Garh has impacts of the cause of muslim of India.

Introduction

Sir Syed provided an ammunition to the Pakistan movement by rekindling political awareness and enlightening muslim via education. Sir Syed realized muslim neither regain their lost glory nor they compare hindus and enjoyed respectable status in british eyes, unless they adapt the newly launched British system. Thus he started his multifaceted campaign in form of Ali Garh movement which uplifted socio economic status of oppressed muslim and uplifted their political awareness which later reflected in Pakistan movement.

Reforms Initiated By Ali Garh Movement

Ali Garh movement was expanded to the socio-political and education services which redefined the status of oppressed muslim.

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stay true thus they must be integrated  
cause economic interconnectedness  
might rule out the possibility of  
conflicts.

### Analysis

Despite failure of US in restoring peace  
we couldn't thought of severing all  
ties with Taliban. Last 17 months haven't  
be humane for all. In emergency, ban on  
women, political deadlock we have  
to accept them. Full <sup>magnitude</sup> policies must be prag  
matically construed to the peace in  
the greater interest of both state

### Concluding Remarks.

Neighbour hood can't be change.  
Backyard is burning, Karachi, Ghori  
have been tested. Relation with Taliban  
(though antihumanitarian) but we are  
left with no option. Truth is that  
mutual policies for mutual interest favour of both  
can be designed for the peaceful  
living living

(17)

No other option; But to work  
with Taliban

Argh, TTP chief Noor Wali Khan has  
allegiance with Afghan leader Achunzada  
Pak has reportedly ~~reg~~ recorded its  
amounts but no heed was paid. 30,000

of wanted Taliban captured during  
Karzai and Ghani regime; huge quest  
mark in the so-called conflict of Taliban

But we have to work with the to make  
any policy work. Cause neighbourhood  
can't be changed.

Negotiations, intelligence sharing,

Monitoring ~~of~~ border must be  
carried on

Communication must not be stopped. Otherwise  
left void will be filled by all time  
traditional rival India. Intelligence must  
be shared for making sure the soil not be  
used again on another.

~~They~~ Taliban must be integrated; mutual  
development project

As key one Islamabad's immediate neighbour  
others come and go; we are the nice to

(10)

March

Aug, 2021 — Sep 2022  $\Rightarrow$  275 killings

in 390 terror

attacks. (PIR, 2021)

## Grave human right violation in Afghanistan

3 million children  $\Rightarrow$  forced to do child  
labour (UNHCR)

9 million Afghans by 2023  $\Rightarrow$  under  
poverty line (NEF, 2022)

1 million girls, underage are  
forced to marry  $\Rightarrow$  cause of  
hunger (UNICEF, 2022)

1.5 million cases of human  
trafficking are reported  $\Rightarrow$  (UN)

Thus, situation due to political instability  
is going worsen every day. Pak:

## Ripples of political instability in Pakistan

Pakistan being immediate neighbour can't  
out chained with what going in Afghanistan  
huge no. of refugees on Pak's economy which  
is already fragile due to its non political  
measures take it to the tough phase.



(15)

immensely turbulent political structure  
developed safe heavens for Pakistan  
Terrorist groups. (ETIM, IS-K, Alqada.)

Women Exclusion from <sup>only</sup> political  
forum but from basic rights

University education not only shut down  
but their door to secondary education were  
also closed. Their ~~by~~ basic rights are  
badly torn. That ~~can't~~ are not allow  
which brings intellectual excellence.

Afghan soil; has become a safe heaven  
for militant wing

Non-inclusive govt has brought political  
instability. pro write. of state (Taliban) found  
<sup>safe heavens for</sup> militant wings, ETIM, IS-K, Alqada in  
addition to many other.

Revival of insurgency in Northern  
belt of Pak

Pak is facing the revival of insurgency in  
northern belt Till 13<sup>th</sup> Dec 2022 140

security personnel have been died. (malek Lodhi,  
Dawn News, 2022)

B NO #7

While Pak. mainly focus on geo-political gains after Afg-Taliban return  
 interests to Kabul but development since then take we have brought serious  
 security challenge for Pak beside resurgence Tera attack in Pak. Pak no policy  
 options but to work w/ Taliban. Elaborate

Introduction

Pakistan miscalculated that geopolitical gain  
 by Taliban will bring them any gain. Situation  
 either social, political or economic turning from  
 bad to worst. Ripples of socio-political turbulence  
 in Afghanistan can be felt by Pakistan in  
 form of resurgence, Afghans displacement,  
 law and order situation and many other security  
 challenges. However, neighbour can't be change  
 thus by employing people friendly policies and  
 in addition to development initiative we can  
 overcome the volatility of situation.

17 months of Taliban Rule

Commitment, Promises and challenges neither  
 overcome nor show intention to ~~do~~ lesson

a) Unfriendly, non-inclusive, push down  
 oriented political structure

not  
 Tajiks, Uzbeks, Hazaras are included in  
 the political framework. Technocrats, Women  
 are not in the political leadership made the  
 whole gov. questionable

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Subject

Roll No

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ضروری ہندو ایسات اور...  
 ۱۔ اسان کو کہیں...  
 ۲۔ غریبی سن...  
 ۳۔ عیسوی...  
 ۴۔ کاس...  
 ۵۔...  
 ۶۔...  
 ۷۔...  
 ۸۔...  
 ۹۔...  
 ۱۰۔...

13

from economic, political and social lens but sadly, they have always been lopsided, narrowed and undnt developed / refined

Analysis

Pak after decades of fighting American proxy in Afghan has realized that playing other interests would bring nothing but economic collapse, social turbulence, political demagoguery and polarization. Thus, it has shifted it FD from strategic to economic

Epitome

Pakistan despite, losing 80,000 lives, bringing social bliss ablaze of Afghan conflict at home, failed in convincing US to deal it as independent state (with out Afghan lens). Trade potential, economic and political nature of relationship can be established after shunning American ideology

once they fed up, frustrated, in wake of peace deal, with draw from Afghan soil, Aug 2021

left Afghanistan in lurch; held Pak responsible

Despite their huge administrative failure in Afghanistan soil, they left Afghans in series and sevens and sought safe with draw and held Pak only responsible for their failure.

Pakistan; Never dealt as an autonomous state

Relation between the state are all historical but crafted from Afghan lens. They never ever considered Pakistan as huge democracy of 222 million populace. Never treated Pak like India (to which they share relation in broader context).

MMV

Pote Ongoing Economic Relation

Though, US is the biggest export market \$80bn for Pak. Its potential can be increased further. Relation can be explored

(11)

Afghan owned; Afghan led political  
sols proposed by Pak always  
negated till August, 2021

After bloodiest conflict in the soil of  
Afghanistan which cost 2500 (only nato  
officially) million of Afghan security  
officials, 80,000 innocent Pakistani  
lives, Americans rejected Pak proposed,  
Afghan led, Afghan owned political  
process and continuously showed their muscles  
and forced Pak to do more

Pakistan held responsible for American  
administrative failure; Rejection

gone sour

(Trump era)

Despite, licking the dust on Afghan  
soil, Pak was blamed as decreed  
state and \$5 bn in terms of collateral  
damages withheld.

Pak from Afghan lens (Biden Presidential  
Era)

like wise, in Biden Presidential era, Pak  
has seemed again from Afghan lens and

(10)

War on Terror; Pakistan was a major  
party to the conflict. <sup>made</sup>

American were hit by Taliban via 9/11.  
2500 American brutally killed, and they  
shouldered the responsibility to Pakistan  
to side them otherwise they will send to  
the same age.

Losses Induced by Pakistan in  
20 yr war on terror

Pakistan beared the deadliest cost of  
American wage war by conforming it  
80,000 innocent lives in addition to the  
\$6bn in terms of collateral damage.

Infiltration of Aid; Again in lobby for  
for Pakistan.

7 Times higher \$701 million unfettered  
Pakistan sold in addition to 135 million  
C-135 military aircraft (in terms of  
military aid) to curb challenges from Indian  
side.

# PAKISTAN LEADERSHIP ACADEMY

I-9/4, Islamabad. Tel: 051-4301451

Examination \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class/Section \_\_\_\_\_

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ضروری ہدایات: ۱۔ ہر کاغذ سے پہلے ۵ منٹ اور ہر سوال کے بعد ۱ منٹ کا اضافہ کر کے ہر سوال کو حل کریں۔ ۲۔ آسان سوئیں۔ ۳۔ قرینہ سے آگے نہ بڑھیں۔ ۴۔ ہر سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۵۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۶۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۷۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۸۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۹۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۱۰۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۱۱۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۱۲۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۱۳۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۱۴۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔ ۱۵۔ سوال کے بعد جواب لکھیں۔

محقق کی رائے: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

9

to access Indian ocean, a biggest challenge to US hegemony. They waged Afghan trained mujahideen by using service of Pak-Army, using nastic slogan of self determination, expelled USSR (which later disintegrated)

Infiltration of dollars, military and humanitarian aid

lost of the <sup>Pak</sup> services were in form of American dollars which in 1980's were the 75% of GDP of Pak. (foreign aid; blessing or curse by Mullah Saad).

Toppling of Afghan Taliban; Operation Enduring Freedom

Pakistan once again used for deterring Taliban regime and replaced it. An American led and American owned political leadership. (Karzai, Ashraf Ghani)



3 NO # 8.

The lopsided relation b/w US & Pak exists b/w 2 countries hardly share any strategic & economic interests. The relation were driven by ad-hoc security concern wd both countries needing each other. Discuss Pak-US relation in context of this situation

Introduction

US-Pak relationship despite Pak oppressed & non-aligned transaction in nature. It has been utilized by US as a superpower cause of strategic significance. Expulsion of USSR, installation of Mujahideen, collapse of Taliban rule back in 1990's, war in Afgan are some evidence of established truth. Unfortunately, despite having 222 million population with democratic zeal and nuclear nukes haven't been dealt as autonomous state always treated from lens of strategic interest. And cause of this various ups and downs have been observed in relation. Very minor <sup>or negligible</sup> economic interest can be seen.

lopsided relationship between US and Pakistan

Pakistan has always been dealt from Afghan lens. It has been used and thrown (badly speaking) once interests are served. Expansion of Soviet to prevent their access to warm water USSR, via route of Afghan were hindered

(7)

to come in and in wake of solidarity, promoting an Pakistan agenda.

### Ways forward.

Floods are not a normal, thus practicable disaster Risk management, Capacity and institution building of NDMA and modification of a disaster in National Security Policy can minimize the long threats

### Epilogue

Floods have fuel the already economic crisis Chaos, Inequality, Uncertainty in addition to political polarizations and economic crunch are the new security challenge for National Security of Pakistan

(6)

## Economic losses in total

2022 Floods, which affected 81 districts of Balochistan, Sindh, KPK has cost \$30bn of economic losses to the already bleeding economy.  $\Rightarrow$  (NDMA, 2022)

Resources required for Refrains, Prevention and Rehabilitation are  $\Rightarrow$  \$348bn  
we have only \$48bn  $\Rightarrow$  (Moons Abid)

How floods are going to be a new challenge to national security

Stranded flood victims with no shelter, with less or almost none drinking water, looming food crisis and addition to the lost livelihood through chaos and anarchy <sup>or poor</sup>

Climate Induced Migration; Competition on already minor resources

3 million migrants, already economic crisis, will not maintain chaos and anarchy but has potential to transform in civil war  
As the situation is ideal for the militant grip

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|                |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |       |

متن کی رائے۔

ضروری ہدایات: ۱۔ ہر کاغذ سے پہلے 5 منٹ پر مشروط اور سب ذہنی طاقتوں کو اکٹھا کر رکھ کر پڑھ کر لیں تاکہ ہر جگہ کی مشکلات آسان ہو سکیں۔ ۲۔ تحریر میں آہستگی کا مکاس ہے ہر کوئی بصورت طریقے (غرضگوئی) سے مل کر پڑھ کر لیں تاکہ متن پر غور و فکر اور اثر پڑے۔ ۳۔ ہر کسوچ کچھ کر لیں پہلے وہی سوال حل کریں جو اچھی طرح تیار ہے۔ ۴۔ سوال کے تمام اجزاء ایک ہی جگہ پر حل کریں تاکہ متن کیلئے الجھاؤ پیدا نہ ہو۔ ۵۔ مناسب مقامات پر یاد کرنا استعمال کریں سے سوال کے آغاز سے لے کر آخر تک ایک سطر شروع ہو جائے۔ ۶۔ کاس درم میں ہر حل کرنے کے بارے میں استاد کی طرف سے دی گئی ہدایات پر پوری طرح عمل کریں۔ ۷۔ نقل کرنا ایک ایسا عمل ہے جس سے طالب علم اپنے آپ کو دھوکا دیتا ہے اس لئے اس سے بچیں تاکہ آپ استاد اور اپنے دوستوں کی تائید میں با محنت رہیں۔ ۸۔ ہر جگہ ترتیب بندی اور اضافی ٹیٹ کا خاص خیال رکھیں۔ ۹۔ سوالات حل کی ترتیب اس انداز میں کریں کہ آپ ہر وقت مکمل ہو سکیں۔

5

5.5 million acre yield of all three  
badly devastated  $\Rightarrow$  (IPRI, 2022)  
It ultimately made brought food crises  
and made per 92/112  $\rightarrow$  food insecurity  
index.

Livestock losses

8,72,000 cattles  $\Rightarrow$  flushed away  
in floods water

Flood induced migration

3.5 million flood victims forced to  
migrate from 81 districts

People plunged into poverty

Cause of unhood. lost, road infrastructure loss  
1500 plus people died, agricultural production  
plunged approximately 5 million - 8 million  
in poverty line  $\Rightarrow$  (PBS, 2022)

2019

kgmt (cotton, rice, sug)  
4 (milk)

Chwas, beads, civil

door

## Devastated Floods and Economy

lets have a sight on economic losses  
by the merciless flood.

### Infrastructural losses

190 main bridges ⇒ broken  
(disconnected ~~at~~ ~~both~~ ~~ends~~  
from rest of Pak)

3 million ⇒ house inundated

### Agriculture losses

Major target crops were ⇒ Cotton, Rice,  
Sugarcane

(3)

Current Account deficit

\$25 bn → 2004

\$500 bn → 2010

\$1100 bn → 2013

\$2500 bn → 2018

data fetched from

(IMF, World Bank,  
Good Growth  
and Prosperity)

Causes of poor, flawed, monetary policies,  
depression and disphases piled up but not  
fixed. Moreover political instability, demonstrations,  
violent protest, long sit-ins lost the confidence  
of foreign investor and hit harder local  
investor. This ultimately brought economy  
to the brink of collapse by increase  
inflation and Rupee devaluation

March,

In 2022 → 1\$ = 990 Rs

In Dec 2022 → 1\$ = \$235 Rs

9 - PBS, 2022

Inflation has bolstered from 17% in 2018.

↓  
to 47 in 2022

Thus, we are in worst economic crisis and  
floods proven last nail in our  
de-ventilated economy

(2)

## Cascading Economic Crises

National actors (political polarization, increase in stability)  
International actors (Ukraine-Russia)  
Covid, global wave of inflation hit back Pak.  
Fragile economic structure

### International factor

Fuel Price  $\Rightarrow$  20  $\$23$  / barrel  $\Rightarrow$  2020

$\downarrow$   
 $\$78$  / barrel  $\Rightarrow$  2021

### Ukraine-Russia war

Tussle between the state, global supplier,  
crisis of oil has trickle down effect

~~Gas Price~~ Fuel price  $\Rightarrow$  80% } increase  
Gas price  $\Rightarrow$  65% }

Pakistan is an import oriented state. Thus  
faced huge inflation/crisis:

### International Internal factor

Trade imbalance  $\Rightarrow$   $\$135$  bn imports

$\downarrow$

$\$15-20$  bn export

ضروری ہندسیات: ۱۔ ہم کے فارے پبلک سروس اور سب ایل ایل اے اور سروس کے لیے ہمارے وقت  
 آسان ہوگیں۔ ۲۔ تفریحی سمن آگیا نصیحت کا مٹا س ہے ہم کو اور صورت لہرچے (خوشنوی) سے مل کر ہمیں ہر شے  
 اڑنے۔ ۳۔ ہم کو سب کو کر ل کر پلے وی سوال مل کر ہی جو انجی لہرچے ہمارے۔ ۴۔ سال کے ۱۲۰ روز ایک ہی جگہ ہیں  
 کر ہی تاکر سمن کیلئے الجھا دیو انہ۔ ۵۔ مناسب سجات پر مارا کرنا استعمال کر ہی سنے سوال کے آواز سے ملے اور کم ایک مشورہ  
 کوڑی۔ ۶۔ کاس روم میں بھی مل کر لے کے ارے میں استاد کی طرف سے دی گئی ہدایت پر بھی مل کر ہی۔ ۷۔ تھل کر  
 ایک ایسا مل ہے جس سے طالب علم اپنے آکر دوکا دتا ہے اس سے مل سے ہمیں تاکر آپ استاد اور اپنے دوستوں کی کام میں ہدایت  
 دیں۔ ۶۔ ہم کی تھیب ہندی اور اعلیٰ ٹیٹے کا نام خیاں رہیں۔ ۷۔ ہدایات مل کی تھیب ہدی اور ہدی میں مارا کر ہی تاکر ایک ہی ہر وقت مل ہو گے۔

1

Q NO# 5

The devastating flood add to the cascading cascading economic crises another disaster with global implications looms; major crises to Pakistan national security. Elaborate

Introduction (Political Polarization)

Political instability in addition to global political turbulence has hit Pakistan with looming economic crisis. Foreign reserves Floods have proven the last nail in the economic coffin. Decreased agricultural yield, infrastructural devastation, unavailability of food, inaccessible drinking water, increased flood induced migration has given birth to chaos, anarchy, civil war like situation. Human security has now another challenge bigger challenge to the national security. Due need of the time to incorporate the issue in national security to avoid the recurrence of incidents.