

(Part-II)

(Section-A)

Q.3

Answer- Introduction

"Populism roused
from 17pc to 20pc
in 2022."

(Global Freed Report
2022)

Populism is a political concept. It is an ideological power of political leaders to influence public. Moreover, several factors are responsible for populism which is clear from evidences in the examples of various countries. Thus, populism is a political character.

2-

Concept of 'populism'

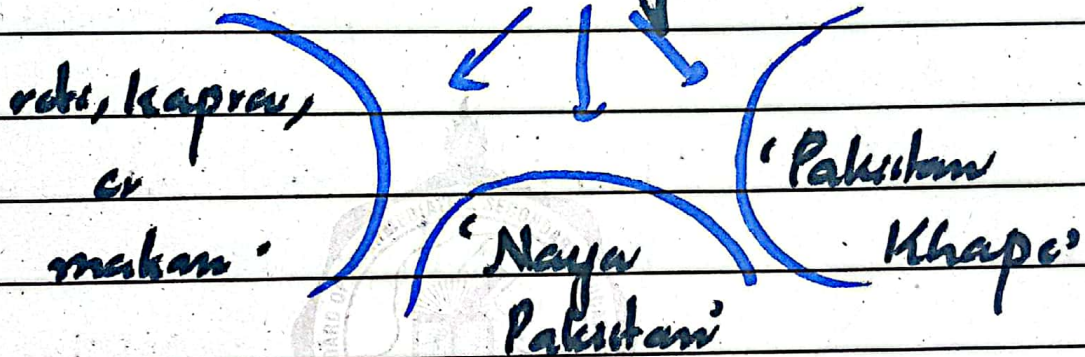
"Roti, Kapra, or

Makan" is a

populist slogan of
PPP in Pakistan."

Populism is a political concept. It is prevailing in the world-politics to influence public regarding political victory. Thus, populism is a political movement.

Populist-slogans



3 - Factors behind shaping phenomenon of populism

Following are factors:

a) Unprecedented corruption

Unprecedented corruption is responsible for populism.

Misuse of public fund leads to rise of populism.

"Pakistani political leaders are accusing of corruption to each other for rise of populism."

(Faisal Bari, political analyst, 2023)

Moreover,

'Pakistan ranks at 140th out of 180 countries in corruption index.'

(The CPI, 2023)

Hence, corruption is a factor behind populism.

b) Growing mistrust in political leaders

Further, mistrust is another factor behind it.

"Only 19% of people in Pakistan takes part in active civic engagement."

(The PDHS, 2023)

This mistrust is also used as a tool of populism.

c) Long-prevailing inequalities

Furthermore, inequality is also a factor behind populism.

"In case of Pakistan, 33th rank is taken in Human Rights."

(The World Freedom Report, 2023)

Moreover,

"Pakistan ranks at 145th out of 146 countries in gender equality."

(The World Economic Forum, 2022)

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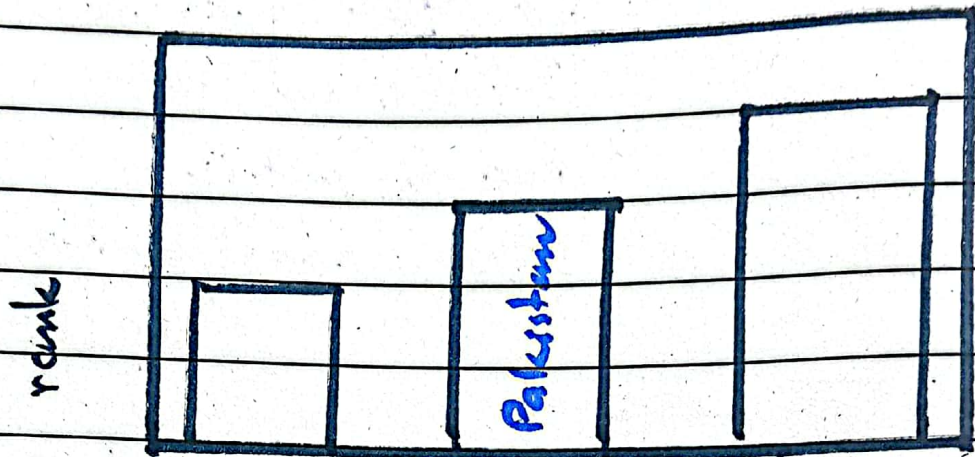
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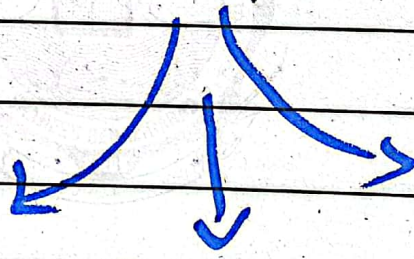
(The World Economic Forum, 2022)



gender-inequality
Thus, inequality also leads to populism.

Factors of populism

corruption



inequality

mistrust

4- Various forms of populism in various countries

Following are evidences of it:

a) The Yellow Support Movement
 The 'Yellow Support Movement' in Italy was a populism.
 "In 2008, public raised movement against prices hike of fuel."

(The Yellow Vest Movement, 2008)

Hence, 'The Yellow Vest Movement' against inflation is a major evidence.

b) The 'five Star Movement'

Further, 'The five Star Movement' was prevailing in France.

"In 2018, movement against democratic crisis was in France."

(The Five Star Movement, 2018)

Hence, 'the Five Star Movement' was a populism movement for democracy.

c) Brexit of the United Kingdom

Furthermore, the United Kingdom was associated with term 'Brexit'

'In 2019, 'Sovereignty' became a slogan of the United Kingdom...

This shows, Brexit was a great example of populism.

Year	Country	Movement
2008	Italy	'Yellow Vest'
2018	France	5 Star
2019	UK	Brexit

5- Conclusion

'Leaders are gone,
but populist
concepts still exist.'

(Hina Saleem)

Populism is a political concept. It is a political ideology that is led by several factors. Moreover, several examples can be considered as solid argument from various countries. Thus, populism is a political movement.

(Section-B)

Q: 5-

Answer:-

Introduction

'Iranian political system is presidential with no vote of confidence.'

(Iranian Political System)

Iranian political system is presidential. President, Premier, and Assembly of experts are directly elected which further put the foundation of Iranian political system. It is based on several features that contribute in the socio-economic development of the country.

2- Iranian political system: An overview

"Supreme Leader is a chief of Iranian political system."

(Iranian Political System)

Assembly of Experts
 appoints Supreme Leader (who is also
 responsible to it).

"Iranian political system
 is composed of 290
 members, elected for
 4 years."

(Iranian Political
 System)

Hence, Iranian political system is direct-
 ed by Supreme Leader.

3- Characteristics of Iranian political system

Following are
 characteristics:

a) Guardian Councils

Guardian Councils are
 main pillars of Iranian politics.

"Guardian councils are
 of 12 members."

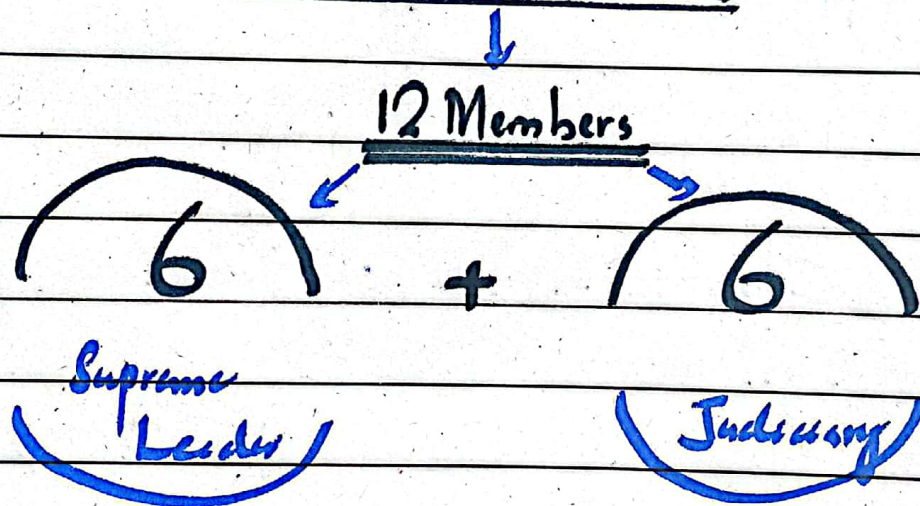
Further,

"6 members are appointed
by Supreme Leader
and

6 are nominated by
judiciary"

(Guardian Council)

Guardian Councils



Hence, Guardian Councils are main features.

b) Assembly of Experts

Assembly of Experts is a soul of Iranian politics.

"It consists of 88 members, elected for 8 years."

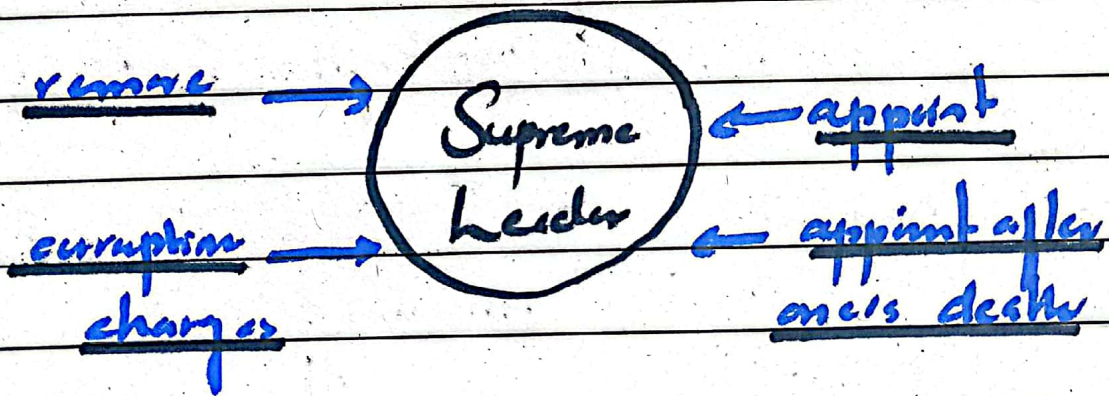
(Assembly of Experts)

Moreover,

"Assembly of experts appoints and can remove Supreme Leader."

(Assembly of Experts)

Assembly of Experts



This shows, Assembly of Experts is a main character of Iranian politics.

c) Judiciary

Iranian political system also keeps judicial norm.

Supreme leader appoints the SC-judges.

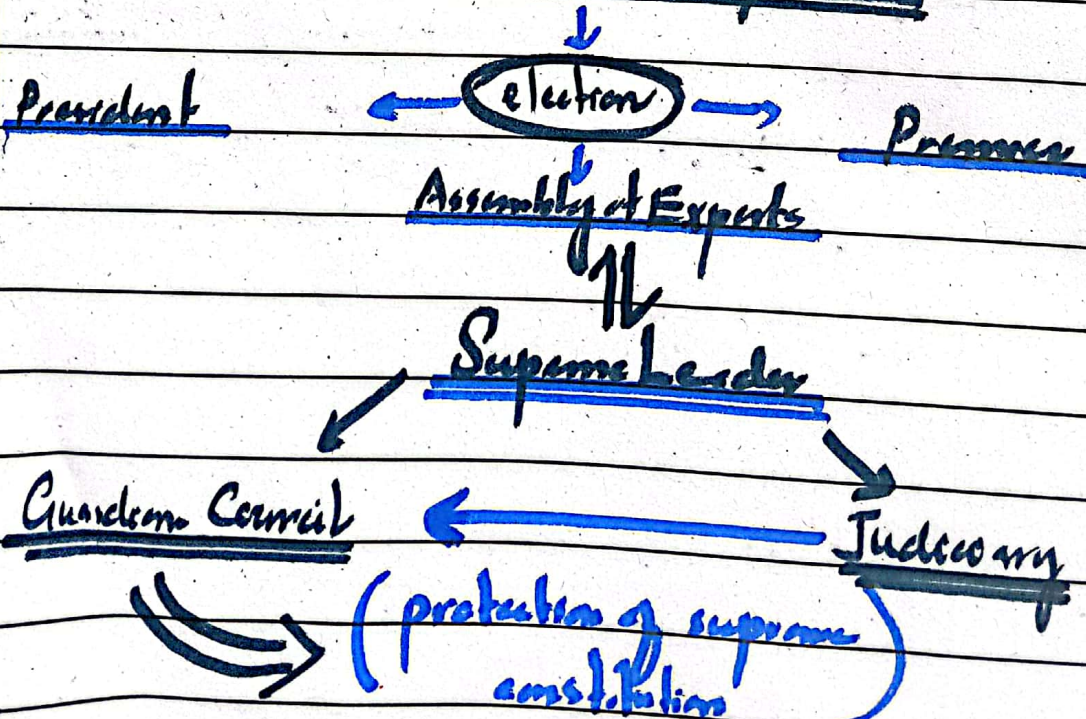
Moreover,

"Judiciary nominates members of Guardians Council on the

advice of Supreme Leader."

This shows the Authority of Supreme leader in dual nature.

Iranian Political System



Code _____

Q: No.	Answer
1	4-
2	Socio-economic development of
3	the country
4	Socio-economic
5	development is as follows:
6	a) Checks and Balance System
7	Checks and balan-
8	ce keep societal norms in equilib-
9	rium.
10	'Guardian Councils decide
11	eligibility of
12	Assembly of Experts,
13	President, and
14	Prime Minister."
15	
16	<u>Eligibility checks</u>
17	↓ ↓ ↓
18	Assembly of Experts President
19	↓
20	Prime Minister

Hence Guardian Councils maintain equilibrium for socio-economic growth.

b) Protection of the Supreme Constitution
Further, Guardian Councils are also responsible for the protection of human rights.

"The State protection is a root of socio-economic development."

This shows that sound role of Guardian Councils contributes to socio-economic prosperity.

c) Democracy generation

Further more, election of members leads to democracy rise.

"Democracy is the best form of the government."

(Toquevillais)

Electoral method represents democratic norms prevailing in socio-economic development.

Socio-economic development



(checks and balance)



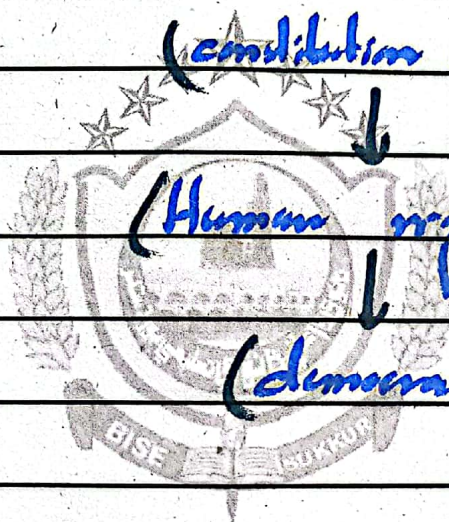
(Constitution supremacy)



(Human rights)



(democracy)

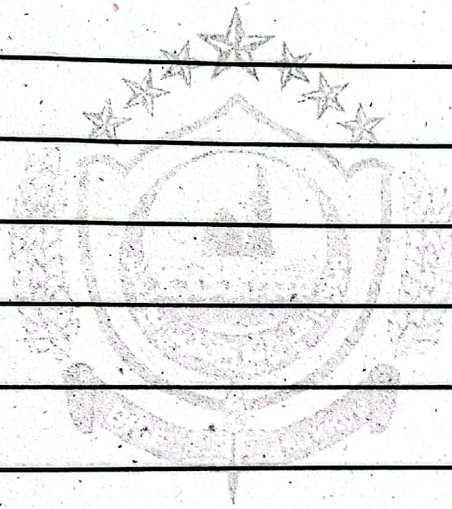


5- Conclusion

'Supreme leader is a boss of Iranian politics.'

Iranian political system goes under Supreme Leader's authority. It has several features which prevail sound Iranian political

System. Hence, it also contributes to socio-economic development of the country.



Q.16

Answer 1-

Introduction

"Judicial Review is a main feature of the US constitution."

(The US constitution: overview)

Power of 'judicial review' is used by the Supreme Court judges in the US constitution. It has power over the legislative, the executive authorities. But, it has been prevailing under certain limitations as well. Thus, the US constitution has judicial review power.

2- An overview of judicial review

'Judicial review means

'on its own motion.'

Judicial review is a supreme authority of the SC-judges. It is used to protect

the constitution. Hence, judicial review is a powerful tool.

3- Power of judicial review in the US constitution

Following are powers:

a) Judicial review against the legislative body

The Supreme Court of the US has checks on the legislative body.

"The SC can declare the law formed by legislative null and void."

This will make further process of law making difficult.

"After judicial review on 'null and void' case, two-third majority

is required to pass
a law."

(Law Making Process
in the US politics)

Hence, judicial review has power over
the legislative body.

b) Judicial review against the Executive
ve body

Further, judicial
review has also power on the exe-
cutive authority.

"President Trump was
charged on the corruption
case on judicial
power of the SC."

Thus, the Supreme Court can also
take judicial review against the
executive body.

"The SC can reject
any law passed by
the consent of president

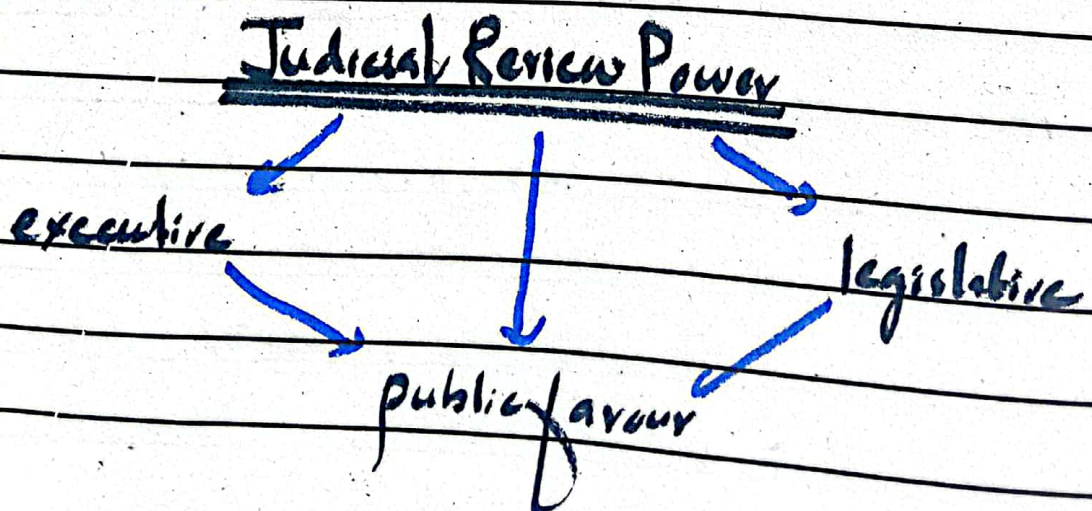
if it violates the
 "Supreme Constitution"
 (The SC Judicial
 Review in the US)

This shows power of judicial review.

c) Judicial review for public favour
 Moreover, judicial review
 is basically promoting public norms.

"The Supreme Court
 has power to secure
 public rights being
 violated in political
 hands on judicial
 power."

Hence, the SC power of judicial review
 is very clear in the US constitutions



4- Limitations of judicial review power in the US Constitution

Following are evidences of it:

a) Judicial review as undemocratic

Judicial review is considered as undemocratic.

"Laws by elected bodies are rejected by selected authority."

Hence, judicial review is seemed as undemocratic.

b) Weak decision making power of the SC-judges

Further, weak decision-making power of the SC-judges is also questioned.

"5 out of 9 judges votes can lead to judicial review."

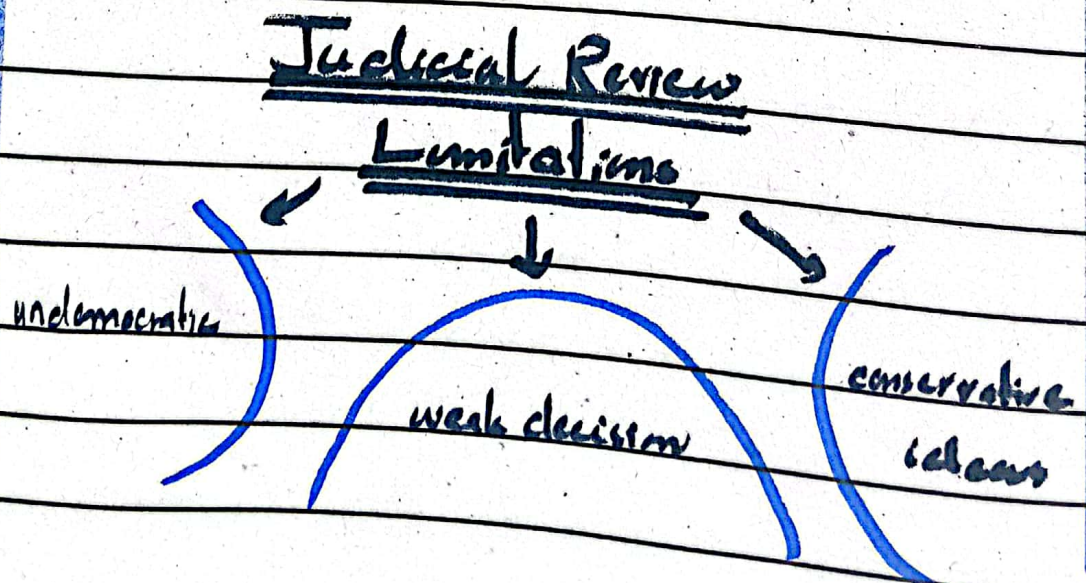
Hence, it also shows that judicial review is a weak decision-making.

c) Conservative thoughts in judicial review

Moreover, conservative thoughts are also prevailing in judicial review.

The Supreme Court judges are elected for the long period of time till death works.

This indicates the presence of conservative thoughts in judicial review.



5-

Conclusion

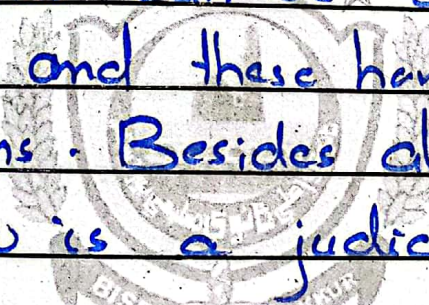
'Judicial Review is

an important tool of
the Supreme Court...

(Faisal Bari,

a political analyst's view)

Power of judicial review
is an essence of independent judiciary
in the US Constitution. Various
examples can be as solid arguments
and these have also certain
limitations. Besides all above, judicial
review is a judicial power.



Q:7

Answer- Introduction

• Foreign policy is
a national document
of the country.

(Toqueville)

Foreign policy is a national document. It is a set of policies to achieve national interests from the international environment.

Pakistan is also keeping its national interests at front to achieve major determinants successful. Thus, foreign policy is a national vision.

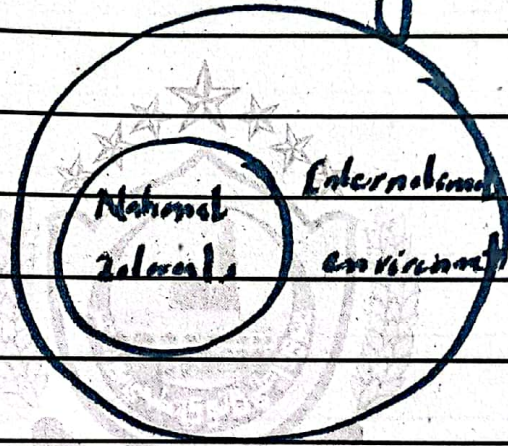
2- Foreign policy: A set of the national policies

"Foreign policy is a tool to achieve Pakistan's national interests."

(- Zulfikar Ali Bhutto)

Foreign policy is a set of certain policies. It is shaped to achieve the national interests. Thus, foreign policy is a set of the national policies.

Foreign Policy



3- National interests of Pakistan in its foreign policy

Following are national interests:

a) Security concerns

Pakistan is more concerned about security since its

inception. Throughout history, Pakistan has always kept security concern its first motive.

"A 20 years long 'War on Terror' is an evidence of Pakistan's security concern."

Pakistan, like the other world condemned 'terrorist attack' on Twin Towers

"'With us' or 'Without us'..."

(- Bush Administration)

This terrorist attack kept Pakistan front-line to reduce insecurity.

b) Economic interests

Further, Pakistan has more attraction towards its economy. After 'War on Terror', Pakistan has shifted its policy towards economic development.

"'War on Terror' co-operation
gave Pakistan
\$ 8.2 billions."

(The CNN, 2001)

Moreover,

"Pakistan's role in CIP-27

clearly stood with

economic sustainability

for developing countries."

(Toqeer Hussain)

Hence, Pakistan has its economic
interests at front-line.

c) Relations with global powers

Furthermore, relations
with global powers also lead to
Pakistan's interests.

"Pakistan remained
a long-partner of the
US in war against
terrorism."

Not only this, but regionally also,

"Pakistan has maintained relations in between Iran and Saudi-Arabs."

Moreover,

"Pakistan has deep relations with China".

According to Zulfikar Ali Bhutto,
"Pak-China friendship is mightier than

mountains, is sweeter than honey, and is stronger than steel."

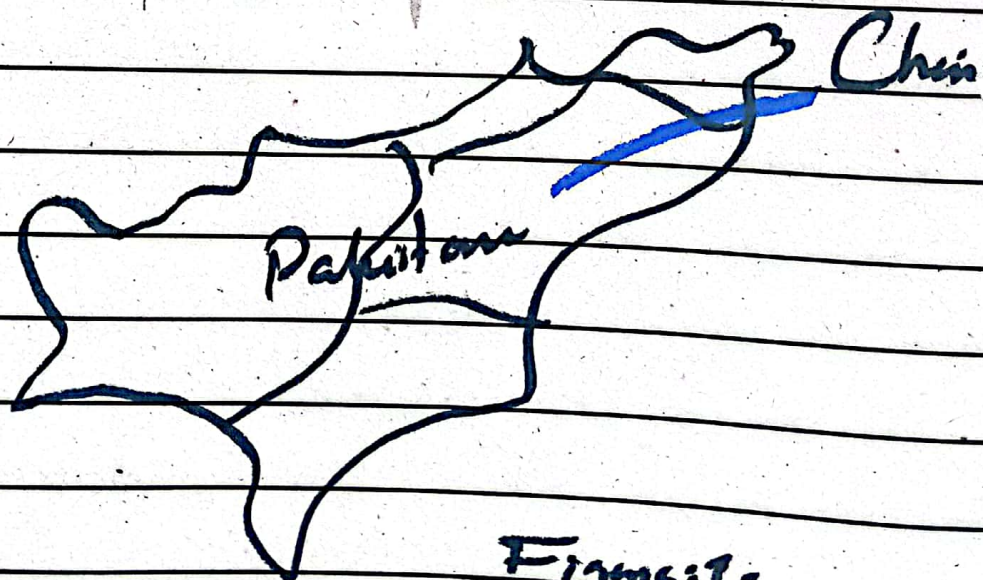
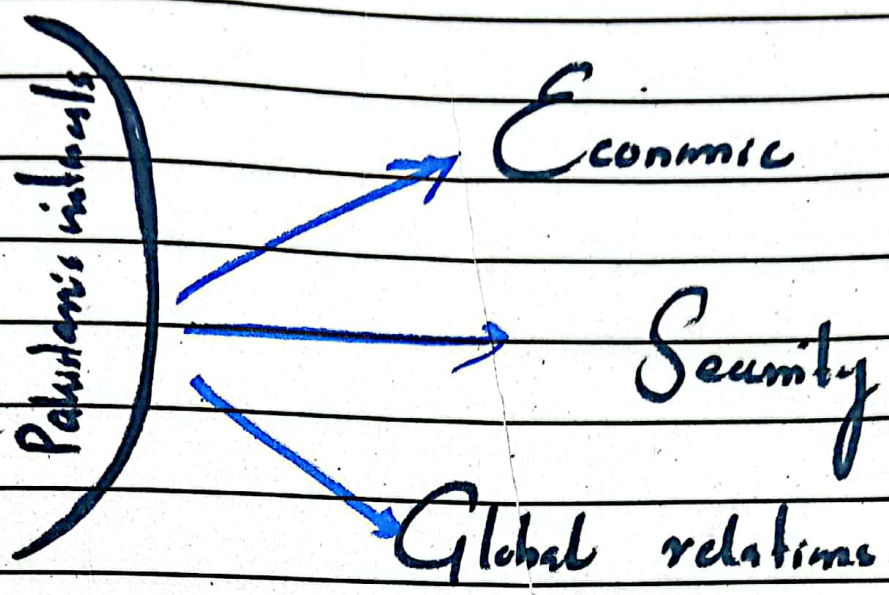


Figure: 1-

Hence, Pakistan has always interested in global relations.



4- Major determinants of Pakistan's foreign policy

Following are determinants:

i) External determinants

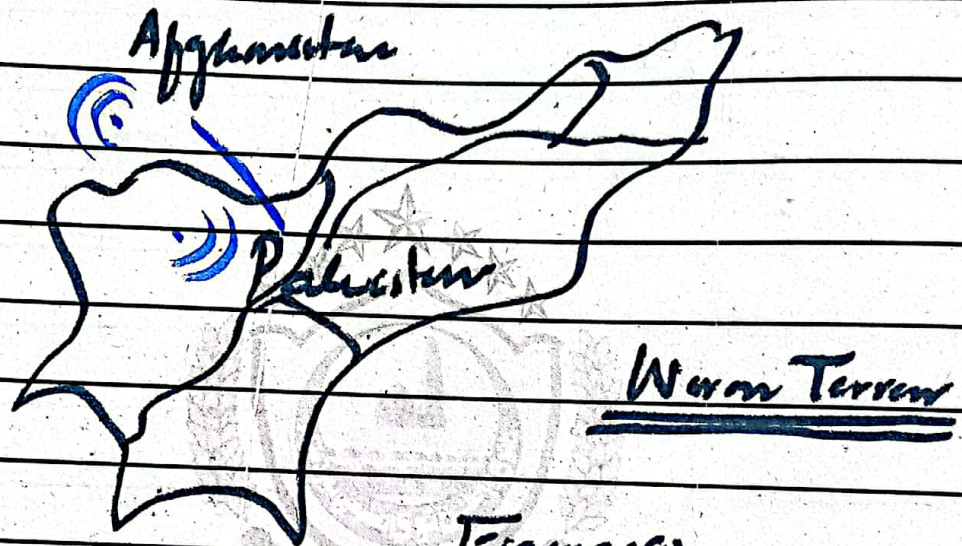
Following are external determinants:

a) The World Order respect

Pakistan has always given respect to the world order.

"Pakistan went against
its own neighbours,
Afghanistan to respect
world opinion."

(Toqeer Hussain)



Hence, Pakistan has respect for the
world order.

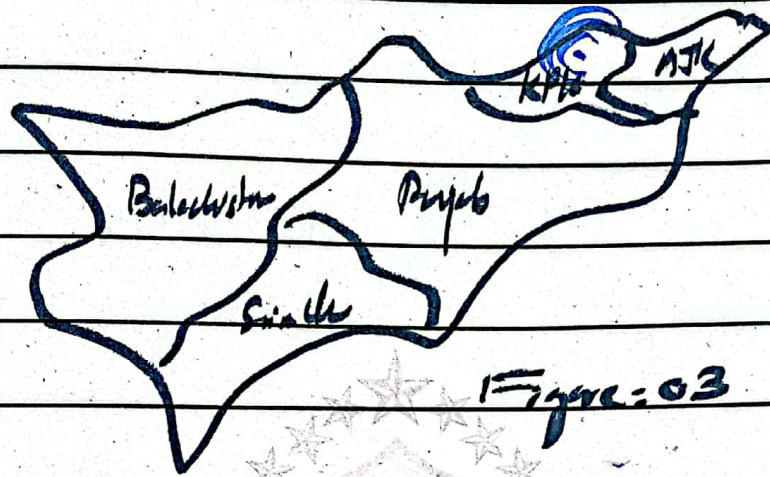
b) Non-State Actors

Pakistan has always
kept role of non-state actor as a
major concern.

"Pakistan framed the
'National Action Plan'

after 2014's Peshawar
School Attack."

(NAP-II, 2021)

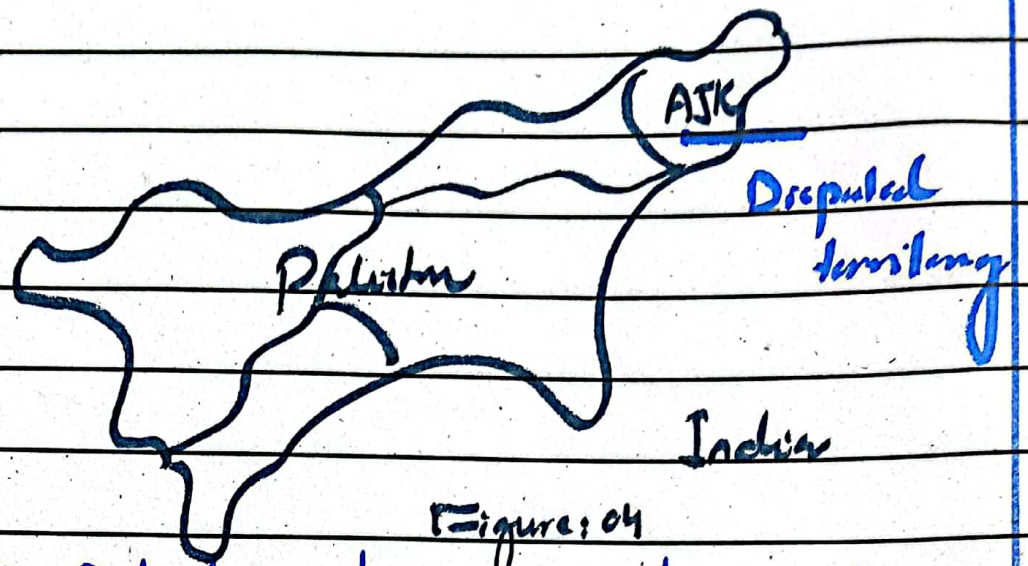


Hence Pakistan has concern about non-state actors.

e) Respect to International Law

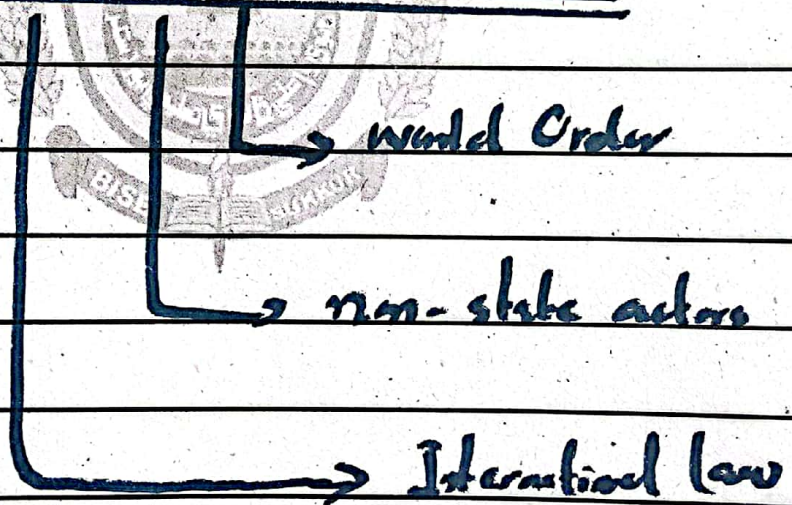
Moreover, Pakistan has always respect to the International law.

"Pakistan respects the International law regarding self-determination rights of Kashmiris."
(Farid Bari)



Thus, Pakistan has respect for the International law.

External Determinants



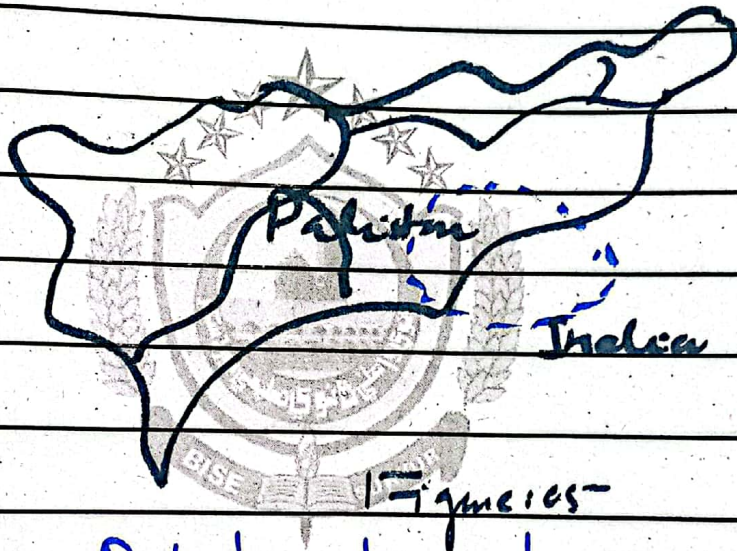
ii) Internal Determinants

Following are internal determinants:

a) History

Pakistan has always lessons from history.

↳ Pak-India relations are predicts of history of Indo-Pak relations..



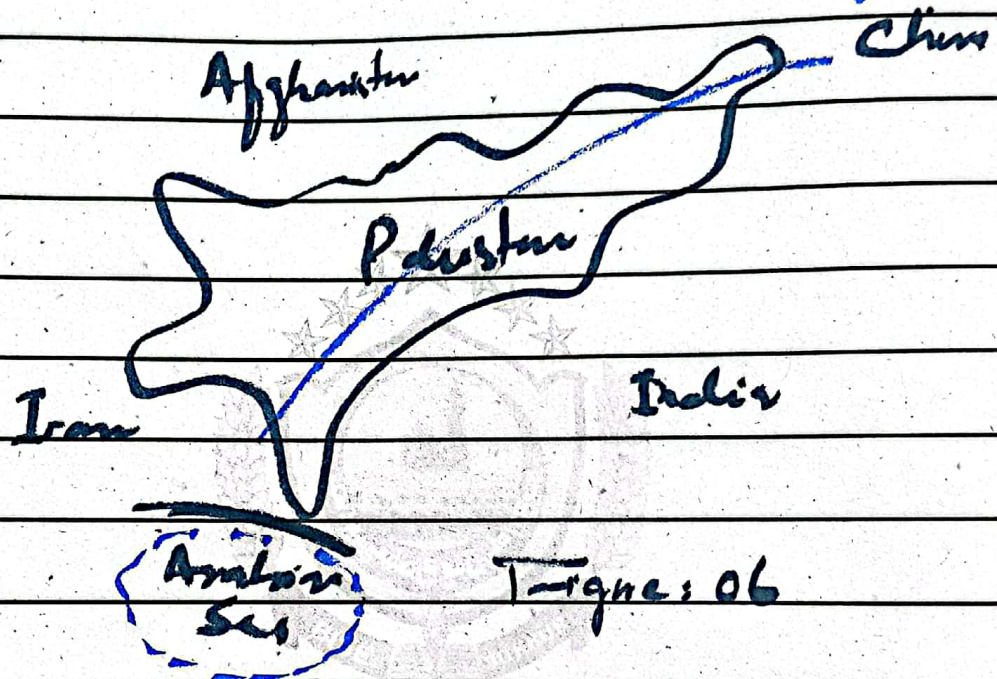
Hence, Pakistan has always focus on history.

b) Geography

Further, Pakistan can get its interests from geo-graphical location, too.

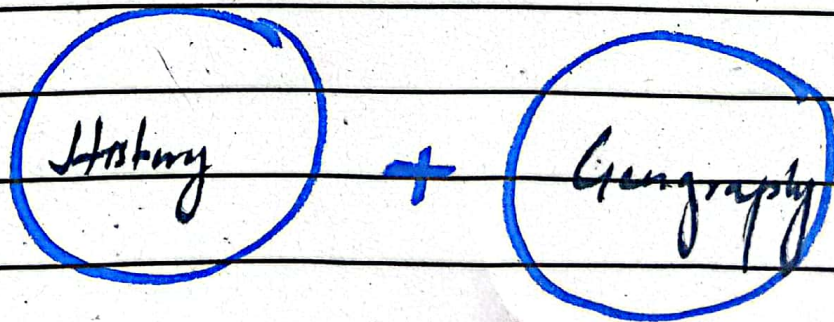
"Pakistan can earn billions of dollars by providing transit route."

(China Bureau of Statistics)



Hence, geography is Pakistan's internal determinant.

Internal Determinant



5-

Conclusion

' Pakistan needs a
balance foreign
policy, not an independent
(Foreign Policy)

Foreign policy is a
major national important document.
It is a set of policies to achieve
national interests. Pakistan also gets
its interests that are led by its ma-
jor determinants. Hence, foreign policy
is a set of policies for national
success.