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Gender Studies

Name:- ASTHA Akram
 Batch:- 337
 IMS Id:- 29035
 (Q#07)

Gender Based violence:-

It can be defined as violence against women, domestic violence violence against women-men or children living in the same domestic unit.

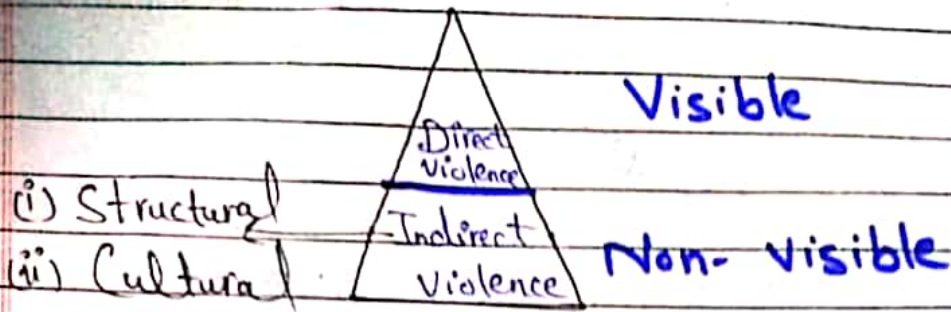
According to UN:-

Violence against women is defined as any act of gender based violence that results in physical, sexual or mental harm or suffering to women including threats of such acts coercion or deprivation of liberty whether occurring in the public or private life.

(Forms or types of Gender based violence)

Concept of Triangle:-

The concept of triangle was given by John Galtung.



Direct violence:— All act of gender-based violence that result in, or likely to result in physical, sexual or psychological harm. It also include threats of such acts, deprivation of liberty, whether occurring in public or private life.

In direct violence:—

Attitudes, stereotypes and cultural norms that underpin gendered practices and may cause gender-based form of direct violence.

(Direct form of violence)

- A. War
- B. Murder
- C. Rape
- D. Verbal attacks
- E. Acid attacks
- F. Domestic Violence

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- G. Psychological violence
- H. mental violence

Structural form of violence

- A. Poverty
- B. Denial of human rights
- C. Hunger
- D. Racism
- E. Sexism
- F. Prejudice
- G. Harassment
- H. Online Harassment
- I. Cyber Crime
- J. Forced marriage
- K. Forced Pregnancy
- L. Forced abortion
- M. Virginity test
- N. Human Trafficking

In my opinion, Direct violence is more prevalent in Pakistani society.

Murders — (Physical violence)

Domestic violence

Domestic violence is a type of physical violence. Mostly women face domestic violence. Mainly among them are females (house wives). In Pakistani society, mostly

males which are unemployed or going through sick mental health do domestic violence. They beat the females badly.

Psychological violence

One of the bad violence is psychological violence. Mostly women are facing such type of violence. Men torcher them mentally and damage their psychological health. In Pakistan about 60% of females are suffering from trauma.

When a woman face harassment she become upset and cannot normalise herself. So she become a psychological patient.

Acid Attacks

With about 300 acid attacks are reported annually, Pakistan has a reputation for being one of the deadliest countries for acid attacks. Most of

the victims are women.

Rape

The data showed that in 2017, some 3,327 cases of rape was reported. In 2018 4,573 cases, in 2019 4,478 case, in 2020 5,169 cases. In 2022 the media reported 305 rape cases across the country.

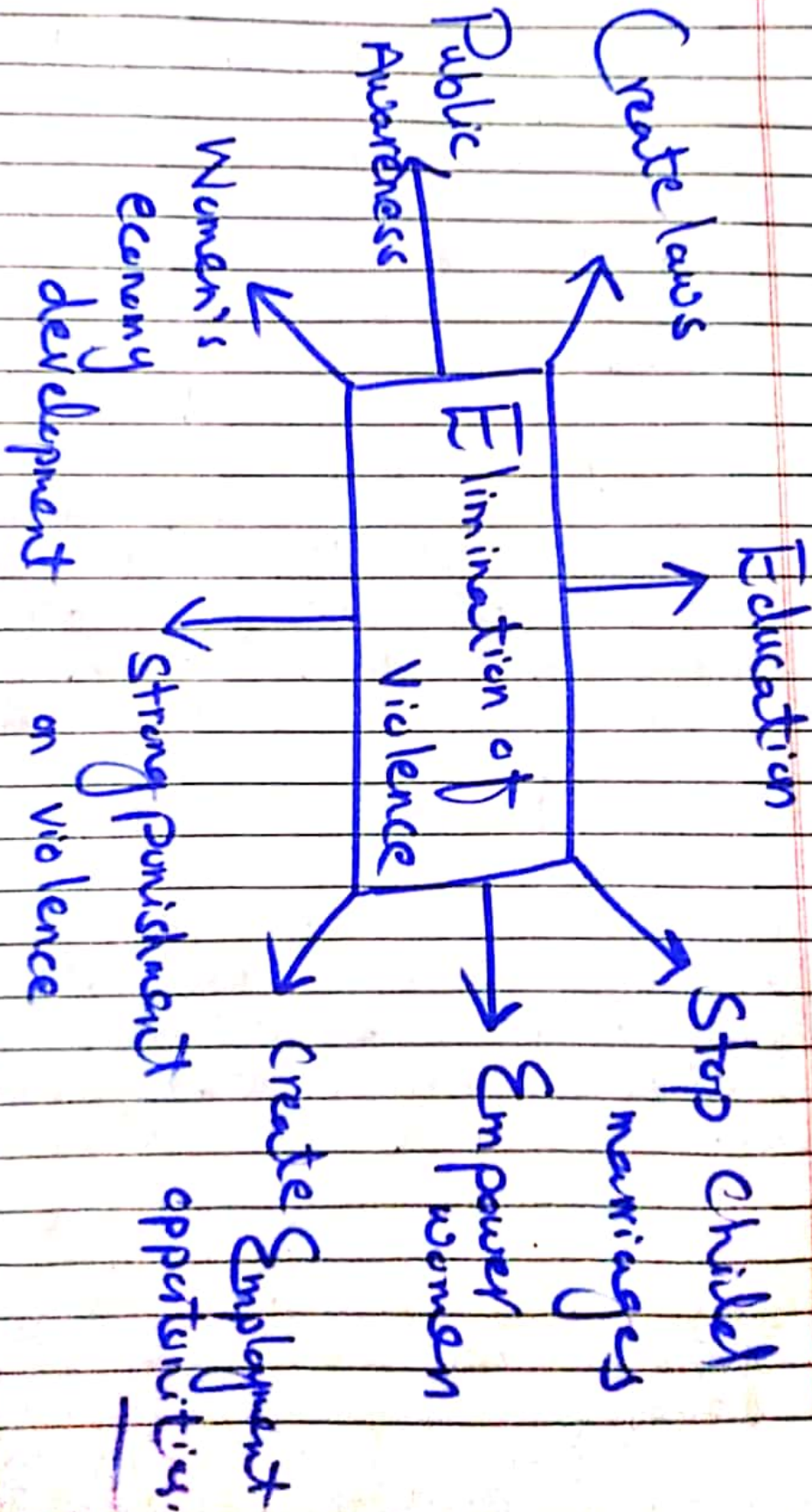
The most alarming rape case in Pakistan is Zainab case. On ~~11 Feb~~ Feb. 2018, an ~~anti~~ seven year old girl was raped and killed in near Lahore, Punjab Pakistan.

(Verbal attacks)

Verbal abuse, also known as emotional abuse, is a range of words or behavior used to manipulate, intimidate, over someone. Mostly women are affected by verbal attacks.

If a person labels any women utters any disrespectful word or is offensive by their gesture have imprisonment of three years.

(Ways to eliminate violence)



Create Strong laws:-

In Pakistani society there must be strong implementation of laws so that no one try to do violence of any type.

Public Awareness:-

Raise public awareness of the poor conditions especially in rural areas where people are unaware.

Empower women:-

It is a big step to stop violence. When women are empowered no one try to harm them.

Create Employment opportunities:-

Mostly males beat their wives due to unemployment. So if proper opportunities are given for women it may be reduced. Women's economic development

women must be developed economically. If she is stable she is not become victim of violence.

Strong Punishment on violence:-

There should be a strong punishment on violence so it create deterrence.

(Q #05)

Discuss three waves of Feminism. Also, highlight the impacts of these movements on Pakistan.

Introduction:-

Feminism is a movement to end sexism, sexist exploitation, and oppression. It is divided into three waves: First wave dealing with property rights and the right to vote, Second wave focus on equality and anti-discrimination and third wave is emerge as a backlash to the second wave perceived privileging of white, straight women.

(First wave of Feminism)
("Angel in the house")
(Historical background)

Start:- First wave of feminism started from 19 century to 20 century.

Birth places -

Seneca falls
Convention (1848)

Intellectual bases -

Liberal feminism

1840:- World anti-slavery
Convention held in London.
Elizabeth Stanton and Lucretia
Mott were not allowed
to enter because of being
a woman.

1848:-

Organized Seneca falls
Convention in New York in which
300 men and women rallied
for the cause of women equality.

1869:-

American Women Suffrage
Association (AWSA) formed to
demand voting rights.

1870:-

The leader of AWSA - Lucky Stone
publish The Women's Journal in 1870.

1870:-

15th Amendment to US
Constitution.

1890:- AWSA rival merged
to (NAWSA) National
American Women Suffrage Association

Objectives :-

A. Right to vote :- Suffrage was the main motive.

B. Employment :- Equal expansion of employment opportunities.

C. Education :- There should be a equal education.

D. legal rights :- legal and birth control rights.

E. Right for own lands :-

(Major achievements)

Higher education opened for women.

Women are allowed to participate in national examination.

1870, UK :-

Act to carry property. This is for married women.

1893 :-

First of all Suffrage rights in New Zealand.

1900 :-

Suffrage rights in Australia.

1920 :-

19th Amendment in

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(Impact on Pakistan)

The wave of women's empowerment that occurred during Ayub Khan government can be considered Pakistan's first wave of feminism.

As a result of this wave the Family Law Ordinance was the law enacted by Ayub Khan government.

(Second wave of feminism)

"The personal is political"

Background:-

Civil rights movement during and at the end of world.

In 1980s, protest against the brutally killed coloured women.

Martha Luther's protest against American presence of Vietnam.

Objectives:-

Sexual Freedom:-

The women must facilitate with reproductive rights and right to abortion.

Intersexualisation:-

Focus on the rights of LLBTQ. Legalised the rights of all genders.

Equality:-

There should be no gender discrimination.

Integration of women at work places:-

Women's harassment in work places must be prohibited. Women are badly harassed at work places.

Fundings:- There should be equal fundings for women.

Impacts

Civil Right Act 1964 prohibits employers from discrimination

1st Women Studies Course was introduced in 1969.

Educational Amendment of 1972 prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in any federally funded education.

Third wave of feminism

(Start in mid 1990s)

Background:-

Anita Hill case 1991:- served as factor influencing feminism.

Often accredited to Rebecca Walker's article.

Objectives:-

Reproduction rights:-

The women must given reproductive rights.

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To address the issues like rape, sexual harassment, patriarchy etc.

Resistance to women objectification

Achievements:-

1992:- Year of women was announced and celebrated.

1992:-

Four women entered in the US Senate.

1993:-

Family and medical leave act was passed.

1994:-

Act against women violence in US.

(Effects on Pakistan)

Increase educational opportunities for women.

The right of women to make individual decision regarding pregnancy.

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Political participation-

Challenging cultural norms.

Right to get equal pay.

2010:- Protection against harassment at work places.

2010:- Acid crim prevention act.

2019:- Domestic violence protection Act.

2016:- Prevention on electronic crim act.

