

## Section-A

ANSWER NO: 2

### Social Contract:

Social Contract is defined by various political philosophers in their own words. In which Thomas Hobbes, John Locke and Rousseau are included. According to these political philosophers:

#### Thomas Hobbes and Social Contract:

Thomas defined Social Contract, that Human behavior is greedy, and desire for pleasures so for this purpose they were fighting with one another. So they decide to contract among them and they choose one head which is state now state is sovereign body. & state will solve the issue of the people and no one can challenge the state.



state is supreme power and no one can challenge the state. Thomas period was the civil war period so he says that "Fear and I was born twin"

John Locke view on social contracts

John Locke is a political philosopher. His view on social contract that the state of nature (i.e. the state before the modern state system) was present, but there was no written law, no impartial judge and no proper implementation of law. So the people decide that to choose a sovereign body among them, it will be state. The state will be for the welfare of the people. And the state will solve the issues of the people. If the state fail to solve the issues. The people have right to revolution against the state and change



it.

## Rousseau on Social Contract:

**State of Nature:** Rousseau says that state of nature was correct. there was no difference all were equal, All were spending happy and healthy life.

He says private property is the root cause of all evils:

He says that when private came it's created the class there is poor and rich became and the private property divided the society in different classes.

## Social Contract: → General Will

Rousseau says that the people have a "general will" they want to choose one among them. So they choose govt with own general will now this govt govt became a force and this ~~be~~ make



the people slave. So this was the view of Rousseau on social contract and general will.

## Social Contract and the Current era of Populism

According to these philosophers the social contract is the contract b/w the people, to choose the sovereign body. The Populism is the slogan which gave the right to women

- i) the right to vote
- ii) the right to become the representative etc.

Like the social contract the state is sovereign body but it will be solve the issues of the people.

Lock says that the people choose the state to solve their issue. He says that if the state fail to solve the issues of the people



The people have the right to revolution. And change the ruling body.

Now the populism is also a slogan of women's rights. Right to vote. Right to become a representative and ruling class.

If some one is violating their rights they have the right to revolution against them. We see recently in Iran.

Recent Case Study of Populism:

We see various case study.

Iran Protests:

In Iran the women protest for their rights they revolution against the ruling class.

Afghanistan Protests for women Rights:

In Afghanistan also the women protest for their rights which example that ruling class violating the rights of women and they revolution and demands



Protests for their rights.

So John Locke which called the father of liberal democracy also says that the people have the right to revolution against the ruling class if they violating their rights.

**Conclusion:** From the above explanation of social contract which defined by different political philosophers in their words. We can conclude that the social contract is the contract b/w the people. Through which the people choose a sovereign body i.e (state) for own rights. if the state fail to provide fundamental rights of the people. They have right to revolution against the state John Locke says.





## ANSWER NO: 3

### The contribution Political Thinkers in the muslim Rationalistic Renaissance:

These are various muslim Political Thinkers who contributed in the muslim rationalistic Renaissance. In these muslim Political thinkers which contributed in the muslim rationalistic Renaissance are Shiekh Ahmed Sirhindi, Shah Wali-ullah, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Allama Iqbal and Qauid-i-Azam are the most famous.

### Shiekh Ahmed Sirhindi and His Political Contribution:

The muslim were facing decline the unislamic activities were in its Zenith.

1) Force full voice against the unislamic activity

He came and use force full voice against unislamic activities.



Reject Akbar Deen-ilahi  
Reject Akbar Deen-ilahi in which  
Akbar allowed every thing. He explain  
True value of islam.

Wrote book and magazine  
Shiekh' wrote many book  
and magazines through which  
he aware the people.

Play role in making muslim  
Nationalism

He played very important  
role in making the muslim  
nationalism.

## Shah waliullah:

Shah waliullah also  
played important role in the  
making muslim nationalism

Ijtihad and Abolished sectarianism  
The muslim were divided in different  
sects. He unit through ijtihad.

wrote letter to rulers

He wrote many books  
and magazines through which  
he aware the muslim and  
nation start becoming.



Use forcefull voice against the unislamic activities of the rulers: He use forcefull voice against the unislamic activities of the weak mugal rulers.

Wrote book and magazines:

He wrote many books and mangzen through which he away the people

### Srs Syed:

Srs Syed the leader of muslim Education: He emphasised on education. He says that muslim issue will solve through education

### English Language

He says that that the english language is the only way to meet the british

Reduce enmity b/w muslim and british:

He reduce the enmity between the muslim and the british.

### Two Nation Theory:

He fight for the muslims fight and specially he fight for Urdu language.



When he felt that the Hindus are ignoring the rights of muslim. He says that the muslim and Hindu are two separate nation and they can not live together.

### Allama Iqbal:

Allama Iqbal was a Political thinker of the muslim. He studied both the system the western and muslim. His contribution

His poetry: His poetry is the main source and motivation for the muslim. which motivated the muslim youth.

### Allabad Address

His allabad address he said "The western states of of Subcontinent will together it will make <sup>any state</sup>

### Supporting Urdu Language

Allama support the urdu language and maximum poetry are in urdu language.



## Qaud-i-Azam:

Qaud-i-Azam M. Ali Jinnah who are the main leader of muslim. He support the muslim. He join the muslim league.

Join muslim league  
M.A Jinnah joined muslim league in 1960. which strengthens the muslim ideas.

### 1916 Lucknow pact

1916 He and Gandhi a join session against the british. In which he received the title of Hindu-muslim unity ambassador. he demanded for separate electorate.

### 1928 14 points

In 1928 he presented the 14 points for the rights of muslims.

### Pakistan Resolution

In 1940 he speached during the Pakistan resolution presented.

Pakistan became under leader of Jinnah. Pakistan became under leadership of M. Ali Jinnah



and he was the first Governor General of Pakistan.

## Impacts of These Contributions of Muslim Thinkers on Modern State System:

The impact are given below.

### 1) Muslim Nationalism:

Through these contributions the muslim nationalism became and they unite.

### 2) Revive the Islamic ideology

the islamic ideology which was hidden due to mixed culture once again polished.

### 3- Educated muslims

The muslim were awared and educated through these contributions.

### 4- Motivated muslim

The muslim motivated through these contributions.

### 5- Separate state received for muslims

At last but not the least the Independence



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State for the muslim second  
which is called Pakistan.

## Conclusion:

From the above the explanation of the muslim political thinkers and their contribution in the muslim Rationalistic Renaissance we can conclude that there are many muslim political thinkers that played important role in the Renaissance of muslim. These contribution polished muslim nationalism, educated them, motivated them, and at last an independence state Pakistan given them.

