

PART - II (Section - A)

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Introduction

The phenomenon of populism is very effective to earn a large mandate from public. It has emerged as an agenda while mostly used in the election campaigns.

"populism is nothing but the manipulation of getting votes from the people"

— Zandvoort

— German political analyst

Initially, the idea was perceived as a part of democratic movement. Now, "it has become a threat to the democratic system"

— Anna Afitkhar,
Polity and the Systematic order, 2023

Populist are only public well-wishers ← (Populism manifesto) → Against eliticism

Factors that shape phenomenon of "Populism"

• Economic Instability

These are multiple factors that together shapes the phenomenon of populism. Different economic factors together complicated the people life which urged people to offset their consumption.

Factors includes.

→ Inflation

→ Hike in fuel prices

→ Unemployment

• Poverty a root cause

Poverty is the root cause of every economic & social evil. When people are deprived they are looking for the means for their

Survival → **ilhan Omer**

where the political person a used this factor in agenda being sympathized with the people.

• unavailability of funda- mental rights

In Pakistan, different political entities during their election campaigns highlights the manifestos in favor of the common people.

forexample:

Expm - **Bhutto's manifesto -**

Roti, food, shelter and cloth

Imran Khan: Corruption free Pakistan etc

Nelson Mandela:

has raised voice against apartheid.

• Hatred against or among states

Indian **RSS** party **BJP** strongly raised their mandate through spreading hatred against muslims.

Indian-PM: Narendra Modi encouraged the extremist by using sentiments of their voters through out his election campaign.

Forms of populism

- Right wing populism
- Left wing populism

* Right wing populism

In this form of "populism" the political men uses the tool of **extremism**. Right wing populists are in favour of extremism. Their decisions are based on the extremist ideology.

Example

→ In USA, the capital Hill incident is the true example of right wing party, during the ouster of ex. premier of USA **Donald Trump**.

* Left wing populism

Left wing populism or the left wing populists are the **liberal ideologists**.

Example

Tayyab Erdogan

* Autocratic Populism

In this form of Populism the people favor or like their autocratic leader

Example

Kim Jong Un
(North Korea)

* Communist or Capitalistic

In Communist / Capitalism people are satisfied with their governments.

Example

Xi-jin (China)
Putin (Russia)

Conclusion

populism whether its right wing or left wing, in its any of form, it is against elite (political system).

Populist claimed to be the well-wisher of the common people. populism is

against corruption, lawlessness, poverty and represents the

micro agenda of the

people. Although it is not considered

as good for an democratic system.

Because it is against the idea of globalization

(Section - B)

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Introduction

Foreign policy of Pakistan is the reflection of its position on various agendas. Pakistan's foreign policy has totally changed after the incident of 9/11. As the major factor of terrorism had badly affects the country image on international level. However, with strong determination, effort and spirit, Pakistan has successfully combat with the evil of "terrorism". Although its footprints are still

there on the foreign policy of Pakistan. Despite the fact, Pakistan is struggling and has achieved a better position in this regard. "Pakistan's national foreign policy is economic oriented" (Shah Mehmood Qureshi)

Former minister of foreign Affairs

→ National interests and determinants of FP of Pakistan

◦ Good image of Pakistan at international level

Maintaining good image of a country is a primary component of Pakistan's foreign policy. However, different aspects like:

terrorism, insurgencies, political chaos, economic miseries and religious extremism hinder this factors position as a good country.

Propaganda against Pakistan is also among them where the outsiders play faults to destroy the country's image

“Last month, Balochistan's interim **Chief Minister** has given a statement on media that India is behind the rising terrorism and insurgency in Pakistan”

o Good relationships with the neighbouring countries

Pakistan is very much motivated to maintain good relationship with the neighbouring countries

"Pakistan has forwarded freind ship step towards afghanistan and has given shelter to the afghan refugees for more than 2 decades"

- Aziz Chudry
former pak. amb-
sador to US

However, the pay back is not equal as "TTP has provided a shelter in afghanist and is involved in re-surresncy of terrorism attacks in pakistan"

- ISPR - Pakistan

o Freinally relations with the world

Pakistan - US relationships are decades long. However

It tried to rebuilt relations with **Russia**.

As Pakistan has purchased oil from Russia the cargos has arrived in the middle months of 2023

"deeper than Sea & higher than Himalayas" is the slogan of Pakistan's China friendship.

CPEC is the flagship Chinese project and both countries are engaged.

However, "Pakistan is constantly threatens by the **US** to stop CPEC and interrupted internal affairs"

Maleeha Lodhi

Political & foreign affairs analyst

o Internal Political affairs

Stable political affairs are very important for the representation of

Pakistan's Foreign Policy.
However, Pakistan is in
political chaos and the
situation is getting worse.

-- MICKIE HOCK

US political analyst.

conclusion

Pakistan's foreign policy
stance is very optimistic
and definable. It is
economic oriented. However,
Pakistan is maintaining
good terms with the
world, and even tried
to hold thawrot with its
arch rival India. Pakistan's
foreign policy is very
much in favour of peace.
and used to solve the
problems according to the
international law. Though,
there are many loopholes
in Pakistan's foreign policy,
still analysts believed that
Pakistan would soon recover
from all miseries faced by
the system and pressure.

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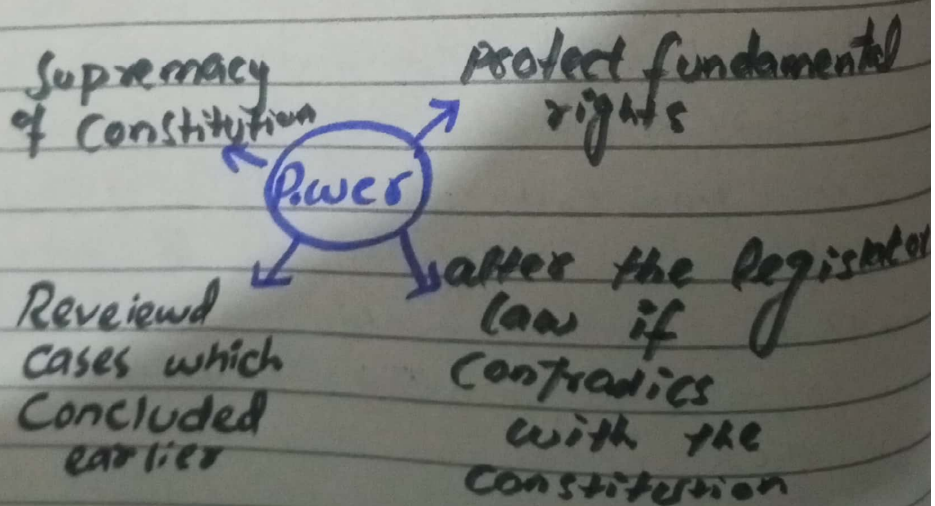
→ Introduction

Judicial review came into limelight when the Chief Justice of American Supreme Court "John Marshall" reviewed Marbury v. Madison (1803) case.

"John Marshall had provided basis for the judicial review to the US Supreme Court"

— Jokat lit Analyst

— Powers of judicial review



Supremacy of the Constitution

In United States of America, Constitutional Supremacy is above all. And the decisions are given respect.

“In US, Supremacy of Constitution cannot be undermined”

Finer

* Protect fundamental human rights

Judicial review of ten took for the protection of fundamental rights.

Although there is a separation of powers

which independent the Judiciary.

In extreme cases the Supreme court can exercise this power.

* Reviewed cases; the controversial one

Murphy vs Madison case is the example where the dissections was given but Marshall reviewed and altered the law declaring it vague

* Null and void

In US judicial system, any thing which is un constitutional declared as null and void

"the un constitution act declared as null and void by the judicial system in US"

Fines

Political analysis

Conclusion

Judicial review is very limited in the US judicial system. Through out the history the power

has not exercised excessively