Pak Affairs: The CPEC has been underway for a decade -Critically evaluate its ambitions and realities 1) Introduction to CPEC and its ambibions. 2) Persisting Challenges 3) Lingering Controveries around CPEC 4) Fucling unrest in Balochiston 5) Long Road to Actual development 6). Conclusion 1) Introductions Formally launched in 2013, the China Pakistan economic corridor (CPEC) marked the flagshop project of China's belt and Road Initiative. China has promised investments through CPEC totalling \$ 62 billion with an ambition to improve infrastructure and energy certor within papistan for better trade with China to further integrate the countries of South Asia It is part of large. Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) to improve connectivity, bade, communication and cooperation between the countries of Eurasia While Loth EPEChina Pakiston call CPEC a win, with mibiative providing much needed infrastructure to Pakiston and dortening trade rades for China with direct access to the Indian Clean through Gwade Port, developments around the part decade tells a different story. Now, a de cacle after

CPEC was first launched, the initiations has landed in uncharted territory, delivering Very little and attractive myraid controversies.

Not only have Pakiston's development projects stalked over the past decade that CPEC has also exacerbated longstanding tensions in Pakistan's Balochistan province.

first discuss the ambitions in detail bu giving subheadings.

2) Perfisting Challenges 1. Since it's launch, CPEC has forced multiple Challenger - The initiative is divided into three phases the short term phase (2015-211), the medium term phase (2021-2025) and the long term phase (2026 - 30). The first phase of CPEC focused on infrastructure, energy and port development projects. However, corruption in Pakistan hampered smooth progress [Ayjaz wani, Pakistan: Govt report ancovers corruption in CPIEC projects, 2020). The second phase of CPEC aims to establish 33 special economic zones with nine zones to begin with. The projects in this phase have also seen delays. Pakistan's political instability financial crisis and terporising have all limited the implementation of CPEC projects over the past ten years. These Challenges persist to this day, worsened by current political and economic instability and the resurgence of terrorism following the US troops withdrawal from afghanistan. While the

third phase has yet to commence formally unlikely to reach the country. The slow progression of CPFC Projects has also irked ambascador to Pakistan U Complained that Pakistan has destroyed CPEC (Khaleeg Kiani, Slow pace of work on CPEC inks companies, 2021). Even some in Pakistan have empressed concerns over the clone on CPEC. Many slow pace of work projects have stalled including the Main Line railway project. This is the castliest component of CPEC, costing USD 6.8 billion. For this chinese were got out USD 6 billion. However, mis understandings between the two sides have led to delays in the project? Start date give main heading first. Lingering Controversies around CPECC Controversies have englifed Since it began - from the start, many in corried that CPEC was a neo-colonical project that would give China control over Pakistan; the British East Textia Company through which Co British colonized the Indian Subcontinen (Syed before Razer, CPEC could become another East India Company, 2018). Others have

conjectured that China would leverage its debt to turn Pakiston Into a client state (ANI) Pakistan following Srilanka's path to land in Chinese debt trap, 2022) - In June 2013, Chinese: Loans to Pakistan were about usp 4 billion. This figured surged to more than USP 7 billion in 2017 and has been increasing ever since At present, China holds USD 30 billion of Pakiston's USD 126 billion enternal foreign debt to (Times of India, Why debt-hit rountries like Pakiston, Srilanka shouldn't borrowfrom a Moreover, the IMF has also cautioned that in creased Chinese involvement in Pakistan's economy could pring both benefits and risks (Reuters, IMF woms Pakistan against encessive loans from China, 2018) Pakistanis have priticized CPEC for benefiting China more than Pakistan for instance, Gwador Mag, Do Tehreek profested the differential treatment of the people of Gwader depite being at the center of CPEC and asked the provincial government to provide the residents of Gwadar access to electricity and education, remove the check post, and take action against the Chinese trawler maria-(Marigan Suleman Ances, They own the ocean's Grad ar's Struggle with Megal Lishing, 2022 The protestors threatened to block CP, it their alemands were no too lengthy description. keep it brief and increase the number of arguments instead.

morth long sit in ended when the provincial government promised to meet the provincial line, Do Tehreek? demands, the de Hay Do Tehreek? demands, the Gundar unt yet been mot. D. II have not yet been met Recently, the demounder of the movement threatened that he would ence again Counch protest if the provincial government did not implement the agreement of the Agreement of the Agreement (Salecon Shahid, Hag Do Tehreek chief throten threatens to launch protest movement, again, Besides this, Pakistani political figures have used CPEC for political purposes and continue to do so. For instance, the outgoing Prime Minister Shehbay Sharif recently occused the former PM Imran Khan of halting China f Vindian Ingress, Pak PM Sharif accuses Imran Khan of halting progress on CPEC, damaging ties with China, 2023) With Pakiston elections approaching further politicization of CPEC is all but guaranteed. Fueling Unrest in Balochistan:While CPEC promised to develop Engendered unrest in the province (ANI) Pakictans CPEC instigates insurgency in Balochith show The Baloch has demanded a greater shore from the federal government in

CPEC projects implemented in the province. Many times, Beijing and Islamahad signed agreement. for CPEC projects in Balochistan without due consideration of provincial government. As a result, the people of Balochistan would snatch away their freedoms- For instance when Pakistan tried to fence Gwader, lawyers from the pravince came out in protect against the fencing project calling it conspiracy against people and the province (INP, Balochistan lawyers to protest against Gruadar fencing project, 2020 CPEC has also exacerbated existing fault lines in society leading to an increase in violence. Insecurity in Balochistan has grown to such a level that Chinese and their installments have become the largest of frequent attacks by Baloch expanatist outfits - For example, in 2018 terrorists from the Baloch Liberation Horny attacked a Chipese consulate in Karachi, which was luckily foiled by the police-likewise four terronits from the Imbig Ali & Asim Khan, Terror attack on Chinese consulate in Karachi foiled & 3 to terrorists Killed, 2018). Likewise, four terrorists from the banned Rabock liberation

army stormed the Pakistan Stock Exchange in 2020 where the Chinese have major investments. Horeover, in 2021 a suicide bomb. blast (BBC, Pakistan affack: Deadly raid on stock exchange in Karachin 2020). Moreover, in 2022 a suicide bumb blast by a female bomber, Shari Baloch alias Bramsh, outside Karach i university, was almed at Chinese Nationals In this suicide blast, three chinese nationals were killed (BBC) Pakistan attack: Chinese tutors killed in Karachi University bombing, 2022)- In yet another acident incident this year, the Baloch liberation army set 6 Chinese: mobile towers on fire (Athens Bureau, Balochiston liberation Army set fire to 6 Chinese mobile forcers on CPF (,2023)-These incidents and their frequency show the entent to which CPEC how formented insurgency in Balochistan. 5) Long Road to actual development: While CPEC promised create 2.3 million jobs in Pakistan by managed to create 236,000 jobs out of which only 155, on went to Pakistani workers. Out of 9 approved SZEs, four one still under construction and By

are yet to be launched (Yasir Habis Khan, CPEC: A corridor of employment 2021) The Pak-China Friendship hospital which was meant to grate a state of the set to be completed by Perember 2022. However, it has not been completed yet is projected to be completed October, 2023- & Moreover in the energy sector, the 889 MW Saki Kinari hydropaien project was to be made operational bu 2022. Unfortunately, the project is still 8 84 MW Suki Kinani. Hydropower project, KP , n · d · ) There are sin other energy related projects under construction, with no certain dates of completion. Of the transport infrastructure project, only six are completed, five are under construction and dhisteen and yet to start. While these are some of the major projects that are long overdue, CPEC has faced numerous other disappointments (Mashad It slam, CPEC is no more the ray of hope, 2023) While CPEC god benefitted Pakiston in infrastructure and the energy sector of Chinese involvement in Parkistan will be

or Pakistan

short and incomplete answer. a 20 marks answer should have around 15 subheadings.

first part of the answer is missing and second contains only 4 arguments.

