KINZA ANWAR- 29207-08-43 Q: The ascending polency of hybrid waysare being pointed on the state of Palistan is adding to the security wees of the country. Answer: HYBRID WARFARE It is a shalegy to ownieve positical, shalegie, or destablisation objectives using a blend of unconventional methods such as eyber allaeles, economic manipulation, proving war, and propaganda with conventional military lactics. This approach challenges the demonsation between warpene and non-military shategies. OBJECTIVES OF HYBRID IMARFARE Hybrid warpare can be used to shape the public opinion, changing the media nanalives, swaying domertie and international perceptions in parour of the agrenors interests, 6. Destablisation: It can also be used to incite internal chaos, social unrest, and political instability in the target state

to weaken its capabilities.

c. Economic disruption: This type of wongone can also be used to suprem country's ability to address its security concerns through economic pressures, sometions, and pinancial manipulations.

d. Undermining Sovereignly. It candloo be used to erocle flue legitimacy of the target government by creating mistrust That weakens institutions and public support por their own government.

METHODS OF HYBRID WARFARE

- a. Conventional tailies: Traditional military actions involving lie use of armed power, military equipments and Thategies towards specifie objectives.
- 6. Non-conventional tadies: Unconventional tadies nul as satistage, questilla evayare, and insurgency the decrates prim standard military practices.
- c. Kinetic and subvernive Eggorts: The gormen means involve physical actions such as armed allacks, while the later involves inciting creating mirturil, undermining institutions, and spreading obsingosmation.
- d. Regular and irregular tailies: Regular Caeliss invalue imagorimed and well degined military operations, whereas, irregular ones involve asymmetrical methods by mon-unit PAPERWORK ormed and or non-state actors.

E. Information and lyber Atlantis: homer involves spreading propagaments to manipulate public opinions while later largets destal networks or infrastructure to steal secret date or disrupt operations.

HYBRII) WARFARE AS A THREAT

Mybried wougane poses a significaent threat due les ils capacity te emploit societal vulnerabilities en llée modern world.

- a) Asymmetry: Hybrid wayare often relies on this as a smaller adversary can inglied substantial damage to a more powerful terret and making it challenging for the traditional military power to counter expertively. For example, insurgent groups with guerilla takes and often laword weaponry can dissupt larger and beller military of, as seen in Applian insurgency against Soviet power.
- b) Complexity: Due to bluned line between conventional and monconventional tactics, it gets difficult for tayet state to respond with clean end strategies and blame a particular group, Such as Russian use of both military forces and non-uniqued "little green men" in Ukraine, made it difficult to find out the origin of the forces and hindered a decisive sesponse.

Content at most and c) Under mining Confidence: Impormation wayque can Exader 15 public trust in governments and institutions, cours ing conjusion and compromised national willy, as can be seen from the spread of galse information in 2016 U.S. presidenteal election, along with houling of political organisations that resulted in doubt about the legitimary of the election process by weathering social wherion. HYBRID WARFARE AS A THREAT TO PAKISTAN'S SECURITY @ Internal House AND ITS IMPACTS a) Internal Unrest: Emploiting ellenie, religious, and sectarian deperences can quel internal conflicts, and undermine national unity and create distractions from external securely concerns. For Instance, the arrest of Imran Khan, the exprimeminister of Pakistan realier this year led to May 9 riobs, which incited civil current and thus, this internal most resulted in the distractions from entoural threats such as rise of militarry in Palistan. b) Cross-border Terrorism: Neighbouring countries, such as India supporting NSA to conduct allather in alystan can stain sewily yours and create rulnerabilities in internal security. box example, the involvement of enternal actors on supporting military in FATA led to prolonged constits and challenges in rest- PAPERWORK oring peace and stability

4) Information Manipulation: False information and manalures Can create public shephim about the government's abstity to manage security threats expectively. For example, during military operations un Northwarinistan gesteuting from 2014, under the name of Operation Zaibe-Azb, certain news outlets spread miningormation about civilias casualities creating doubt in public minds against terry and the government of Palus Tom leading to protests, Therefore the government had to allocate its resources inaddressing this concern too. d) twonomic Pressure: Current economic onstability can hinder Pakislan's ability to invest in security measures impacting its depence preparedness and limiting depence robusiness. c) Cyber Vulnerabilities. Cyber attackon critical engrashacture can disrupl essential services and compromise sensitive data. Such as, 2015 Eyber Allach on PBX disrupted fraking operations, highlighting rulnerabilities in digital security leading to seconomic security concerns. Aleran evidence

CONCLUSION

Pakistan must botster its eyberseurity capatostities, enhance intelligence and counterintelligence eyports, social unity, diversity its economy, and build shong international alliances to expedicitly counter the multipaceted challenges posed by hybrid warpare and spequant its national security.

The ascending potency of hybrid warfare being foisted on the state of Pakistan is adding to the security woes of the country. Explain

- 1- Introduction
- 2- Analysing the concept of hybrid warfare
- a- Discuss different tools and forms
- b- stress on cyber attacks
- 3- Security woes of Pakistan amid increasing potency of hybrid warfare
- a-Increasing cyber attack- breaching the digital security
- b- Data theft from FBR and other related institutions
- c-Stealing confidential information from Monetary institutions- NBP
- d-India's clandestine cross border activities in Pakistan- discuss with case study
- e-Misleading reports and allegations of associating Kashmir efforts with extremism
- f- Externally provoked identity conflicts in Balochistan and KPK
- g- US-India strategic partnership- diplomatic isolation of Pakistan and placement on Grey list

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h- Controversy of Israeli-made Pegasus spyware program

4- How Pakistan is tackling and dealing with this new wave of hybrid warfare Discuss with special reference to Pakistan China collaboration

- 5- Way forward:
- 3-4 points
- 6- Conclusion