

ACADEMIC PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE

01 (Sub-heading: Causes of Unemployment in Pakistan)

TOPIC
SENTENCE

The prevalence of unemployment in Pakistan is caused by the interplay of structural negligence and individual incompetence.

EXPLANATORY
SENTENCE

This generates a cycle of unemployment.

SUPPORTING
SENTENCE

On a structural level, consistent interest in educational development remains weak. And on the individual level, there is a lack of learning culture.

EVIDENCE

In FY23-24, the education budget of Pakistan stands at Rs. 97 million which is still below the regional average (Dawn, Budget 2023-24, June 2023). Moreover, a study by ILO maintains that since 1991, the percentage of employers remain 1% only (World Employment and Social Outlook, 2021). This indicates that the current education system is producing passive employees and it is not promoting individual's economic agency (Paulo Freire, Pedagogy of the Oppressed, 1968).

CONCLUDING
SENTENCE

Resultantly, due to systemic ignorance and individual negligence in ensuring ingenuity, unemployment in Pakistan is on the rise.

02 (Sub-heading: Effects of Unemployment in Pakistan)

TOPIC
SENTENCE

Owing to the misplaced priorities of both the system and the individual, the rise of unemployment effectuates social distress in Pakistan.

EXPLANATORY
SENTENCE

Unemployment exacerbates the existing social faultlines.

SUPPORTING
SENTENCE

The structural issue of unemployment translates into a social one. With high unemployment, household incomes fall giving rise to domestic violence and girl dropouts from educational institutions.

EVIDENCE

For instance, most families in Pakistan rely on a single earning member and their unemployment leads to the whole family falling down the social mobility ladder (Sajid A. Javed, Intergenerational Mobility in Educational Attainment, 2020). And in most cases this often leads to domestic violence (Sonja Bhalotra, The Shadow Pandemic of Domestic Violence, 2020), and girls dropouts (Rizwan A. Satti, Socio-economic Determinants of School Dropouts, 2021).

CONCLUDING
SENTENCE

This proves that unemployment weakens the social fabric by creating waves of social disenchantment.

03 (Sub-heading: Remedies to Solve the Problem of Unemployment in Pakistan)

TOPIC SENTENCE	The social distress due to unemployment in Pakistan can be remedied if only the educational system equips individuals with strong skillsets throughout their educational lifecycle.
EXPLANATORY SENTENCE	Only if the education system is revamped to meet market demands can the problem of unemployment be uprooted.
SUPPORTING SENTENCE	Such a system enables the development of ingenious minds. Such minds would be able to create a culture where people do not merely seek jobs rather create them through the 'start-up spirit'.
EVIDENCE	Bangalore and Singapore are the epitome of startup culture because they revolutionized the learning process. A study by Dara Bakry substantiates this point by finding a strong co-relation between entrepreneurship and reducing unemployment due the process of job creation (The Effectiveness of Entrepreneurship Programs to Reduce Unemployment in Developing Countries, 2019).
CONCLUDING SENTENCE	This shows that despite its rise, unemployment in Pakistan can come down if the education system excels in producing skilled and ingenious minds.

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