

ACADEMIC PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE

(Sub-heading: Causes of unemployment in Pakistan)

Topic Sentence	The primary cause of unemployment in Pakistan is due to the wide gap between the supply and demand of skilled labour.
Explanatory or Reasoning sentence	The supply of skilled labour has increased over time overtime; however, many are struggling to find jobs. The job labour market is not absorbing this supply.
Supporting Point (1)	The number of universities, colleges diploma colleges and colleges have increased overtime. The enrolment and graduate levels have also increased. This has resulted in a higher level of unemployed graduates.
Example (1)	Employment data from 2001-02 to 2020-21 shows that overall unemployment is 6.3%, while that of graduates is 16.1% (Henna Ahsan, Graduate Unemployment in Pakistan, 2023).
SP 2 (optional)	
Ex 2 (to be written if SP2 is given)	
Concluding Sentence	Thus, the gap between the demand and supply of skilled labour is a major cause of unemployment.

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(Sub-heading: Effects of unemployment in Pakistan)

Topic Sentence	The effect of unemployed skilled labour, due to market forces, is that the skilled unemployed labour can be easily radicalized.
Explanatory or Reasoning sentence	To become skilled labour, the individuals have gone through years of education and training. When hard work produces no benefit, emotions build up which can be exploited.
Supporting Point (1)	It can be observed that since the rise of right wing parties to power and corresponds with unemployment and economic hardships. Terrorist and criminal organizations also recruit this labour to enhance their activities.
Example (1)	▲ Evidence from 8 Arab countries by Kartika Bhatia was analyzed by Kartika Bhatia to show that lack of adequate employment opportunities for educated
SP2 (Optional)	individuals is see results in support for violent extremism (Kartika Bhatia, How do Education and unemployment affect violent extremism, March 2017)
Ex 2 (to be written if SP2 is given)	
Concluding Sentence	Hence, the effect of unemployed skilled labour is that this labour can be radicalized. By

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(Sub-heading: Remedies to solve the problem of unemployment)

Topic Sentence	The remedy to solve the problem of unemployment and prevent prevent radicalization of skilled labour, is to enact laws labour reforms.
Explanatory or Reasoning sentence	Economists do not view this supply and demand gap as an over-supply of skilled labour. Skilled labour do not have the skills required by the market.
Supporting Point (1)	This phenomena is true not only for Pakistan but across Asia. Labour market reforms must aim to provide market relevant skills to the skilled labour during their years of education and training.
Example (1)	In Singapore, the government capped enrolment and encouraged degrees and skills scope which had a higher demands (Yojana Sharma, Rising Unemployment, 2016).
SP 2 (optional)	
Ex 2 (to be written if SP2 is given)	
Concluding Sentence	Hence, labour market reforms (with emphasis on labour skills) is key remedy to solve the problem of unemployment.

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