

Q:-01

1) Female harassment at workplaces exposes deeper social fault lines.

The topic is expository. The topic portrays a fixed meaning of how harassment at workplaces bring about deeply embedded gender discrimination against women.

2) Is Pakistan facing challenge of hybrid warfare?
The topic is argumentative as it clearly asks for taking a stance and then provide argumentation in comparison to opposite side.

3) Choose your friends wisely but choose your friends more carefully.

The topic is abstract as the statement is open ended and can be interpreted differently than the literal meaning.

4) Mankind faces the challenge of using AI responsibly.
The topic is Expository as the statement portrays a fixed meaning on how handling AI responsibly serve as a challenge for mankind!

5. Online has education has given more opportunities than challenges.

The topic is argumentative as it clearly depicts two sides requiring one to take a stance and provides arguments to defend it.

6) Overdependence on nuclear balance of power is misleading

The topic is argumentative as it depicts two sides of the topic. It states whether or not over-dependence on nuclear power is misleading, clearly asking for a stance.

7) A friend walks in when every one walks out.

The topic is abstract as it is a famous saying and its literal meaning is not to be taken rather interpreted differently.

8) Is loyalty to the nation and loyalty to the state the same?

The topic is argumentative, clearly giving two opinions and requiring to take up one side and provide arguments to prove it.

9) Commercialization of education in Pakistan as a challenge to intellectual development.

The topic is expository as it has a fixed meaning and asks to further explain and provide argumentations for a single side.

10) Turning a blind eye to military adventurism as a threat to the environment.

The topic is expository as it is close ended with a fixed meaning and asking to interpret how ignoring military adventurism serves as a threat.

Topic: Agricultural decline in Pakistan and how to counter it. ^{Date} 20/

01. Introduction

Thesis statement.

02. Crunch Paragraph

03. Contributing factors to agricultural decline in Pakistan.

- a. Continuance of outdated farming techniques
- b. Water scarcity due to inefficient management
- c. Inadequate infrastructure and transportation system.
- d. Limited availability of modern agricultural machinery and equipment.
- e. Unpredictable weather patterns including prolonged droughts and erratic rainfall.

04. Impacts of agricultural decline.

- a. Reduced crop yields well below the optimal potential
- b. Food insecurity compromising population's nutrition and overall well-being.
- c. Increased dependency on imports for fulfilling the food requirements.
- d. Loss of livelihoods resulting in increased urbanization
- e. Environmental deterioration owing to land degradation, poor water management and overuse of fertilizers.

05. How to counter agricultural decline in Pakistan?

- a. Adoption of modern and sustainable farming techniques
- b. Implementing efficient irrigation systems, rainwater harvesting and water conservation practices
- c. Enhancing rural infrastructure including transportation, storage facilities and market access.

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- d. Establishing coherent and supportive agricultural policies.
- e. Empowering farmers by providing relevant trainings and education.
- f. Encouraging youth engagement through dedicated programs.
- g. Creating a climate-resistant strategies including adoption of robust crops and advancement of agroforestry.

06. Conclusion.

Topic: Is commercialization the biggest ill of ^{Date} ~~of~~ media? ²⁰

01. Introduction

Thesis Statement

02. Commercialization is the biggest ill of media. (Thesis)

- a. Pursuit of profit leads to compromise on the quality of content.
- b. Resorting to clickbait headlines and content undermines meaningful journalism.
- c. Commodification of culture overshadows traditional values and diverse perspectives.
- d. Media monopolies limit diversity of voices and perspectives.
- e. Media disregards social responsibility as evidenced by neglect its role in informing and educating public.

03. Commercialization is not the biggest ill of media. (Anti-thesis)

- a. Commercial success drives media outlets to produce high quality content.
- b. Clickbait headlines serve as an entry point for audiences into important news stories.
- c. Media plays a vital role in preserving and protecting traditional values and practices.
- d. Consolidation leads to increased resources for producing high quality journalism and content creation.
- e. Media fulfills its social responsibility as its diverse landscape often demonstrates commitment to informing and educating public.

05. Owing to the detrimental impacts, commercialization is an ill rather than a blessing. (Synthesis).

a. The relentless pursuit of profits as evident in the media today leads to compromises on content integrity and depth.

b. Over ~~re~~reliance on tactics such as clickbait headlines perpetuates a culture of superficial engagement, leading to decline in overall quality and credibility of journalism.

c. Commercializing cultures prioritizes marketable aspects, potentially diluting the traditional values and diverse perspectives.

d. Media monopolies stifle alternative voices, narrowing viewpoints and eroding media diversity.

e. Prevalence of sensationalism, biased reporting and focus on profit driven content highlights consistent neglect of media's broader social responsibility.

06. Conclusion.