

Q# 2

### 1 Introduction:-

Specially in the eastern region, the major aim of china is to establish peace. This china desires for its own BRI project. Therefore, china has come to the limelight to end conflicts to clear the barriers on his way of development. Thus, adopted the role of mediator in this region. However, comparing to US, china is practically better mediator than US between Saudi-Iran because, china is completely neutral, genuinely need peace and positive mediator as compared to destruction & interference experienced by US in the past in the middle-eastern region.

### 2 Beijing is ready to adopt the role of Mediator:-

#### a) Rise of China in Global Conflicts:-

Although historically, china has always adopted the policy of "non-interference", recently, china has shifted to positive interference in its actions.

i.e., Helping South Africa,  
Negotiating with Afghanistan,

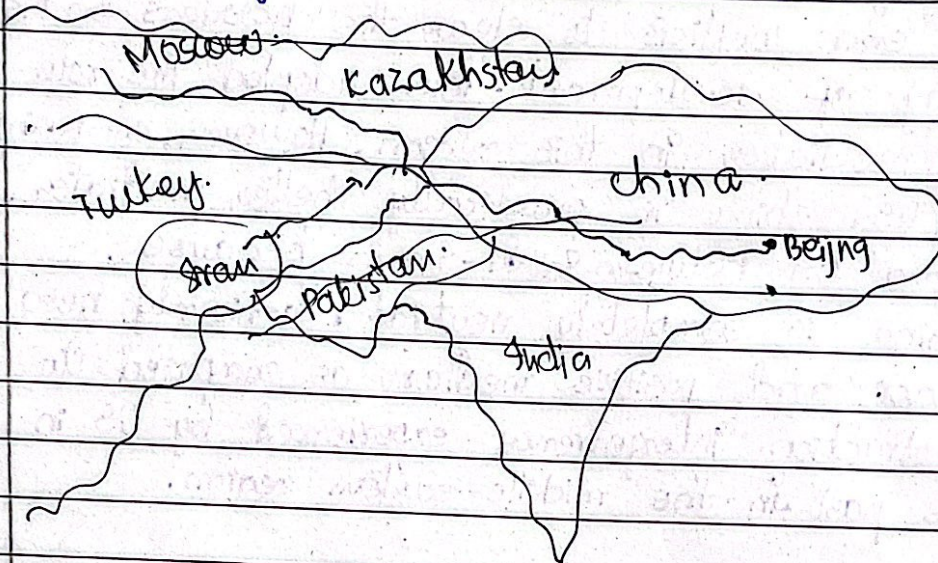
Now, Iran-Saudi Conflict resolution.

shows china is rising the white horse on peace-keeping campaign.



## ii) China's Economic Interest in Middle-East :- (BRI)

Specially in middle-east China want its BRI goes without barrier. Thus, any conflict will have huge setback in terms of economy to the China. Therefore, China adopted the role of mediator to end conflicts in the middle-east.



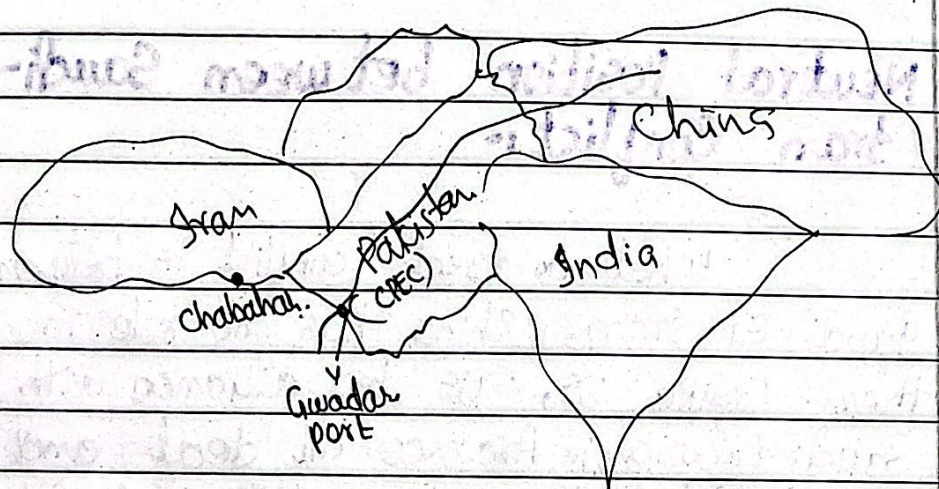
BRI map of the middle east region

## iii) Safeguard CPEC between Iran & China-India rivalry :-

China has bad-smells links with India. India has also historical rivalry with Pakistan. The CPEC is in Pakistan. Thus, as China seeing an alert with Iran on Gwadar and Chabahar. So clearing air with Iran atleast to not be part of any India-



led strategies against China and harm CPEC.



#### iv) 'End-Terrorism' in the Region :-

China policy of mediator is to end the terrorism in the region. Sudi-Iran conflict is rising various small regional conflicts on the bases of sect divisions. Thus, China through mediation between <sup>one of the major</sup> sources of ~~conflict~~ Terrorism, resolve this ~~also~~ from the region.

#### v) Xijnping Strategy to Clear 'Usher Accusation on China'

US has "accused" China as "minority Muslims violation of rights on Usher region" though peace between two Muslim states, China wants to portray that it has no issue with 'Muslims'. Thus the accusation of China converting forcefully Muslims into its culture is invalid.



### 3) Why China Could be a better Mediator than USA :-

#### i) Neutral Position between Saudi-Iran Conflict :-

Whatever sect conflict is between Saudi & Iran, China has no role in them. Unlike US, US has alliance with Saudi Arabia; i.e. Aramco oil deal and conflict with Iran; i.e. US-Iran Nuclear conflict.

#### ii) Non-interference Policy :-

China has also adopted the policy of non-interferences. Thus, China has become just mediator, not involved in any policy between them. Neither, between conflicts resolution term, nor any strategy how to resolve.

Unlike US, who always comes with Plan and "interferences" and exaggerate the conflict; i.e. Israel resolution and endless war on Palestine.

#### iii) Economic leverage :-

China is major trade partner of both Saudi & Iran. whereas, US has only with Saudi-Arabia.



#### iv) Regional Involvement :-

China is part of eastern region of the world and with BRI, its role in the middle-eastern region also increased. Therefore, the direct stakeholder, and regional status makes China better mediator of this region than US.

#### v) Soft Power :-

China is not using military capabilities to resolve the conflict, like US did on Syria and Iraq. Thus, China peaceful mediator is better.

#### 4 Conclusion :-

Although Saudi-Iran has de-escalated their conflicts but to make them come to one-page need global efforts to not put fire-cracker between them. USA being China enemy could play any proxy strategy to maintain his sphere of influence in the region. Thus, this Saudi-Iran peace could be a trigger point between US and China conflict.



Q # 3

## 1 Introduction:-

Currently on the global area, China and US are both working for peace-keeping campaigns. Individually, speaking, both have conflicts, ~~or~~ socially, economically, politically, and technologically between themselves. Thus, there is a grey lining on collaborations, either vested interests or status quo dilemma. Therefore, alternative ways must be find-out like Cultural sharing, Track II diplomacy, media use. Rather than solely economic aids.

## 2 The greatest dangers to the international peace are the two leading nations US and China:-

### a) Peace led by War-Flaggers:-

US and China never comes to one-page when it comes to conflict resolution against their own interests. Due to their rivalry, their collaborations towards peace is more, incline towards their own rivalry.



i.e. In Ukraine - Russia Invasion, US has mobilized NATO, whereas China has either remained neutral or condemned USA due to its own South-China and Taiwan interests.

## b) Peace leading for De-meaning Each Other :-

According to Al-Jazeera reports; China has 'criticized harshly on Rohingya crisis' and supported 'Minority rights'. But US has pointed Chinese claims as baseless because of its own 'Usher' assassinations.

## c) Security Dilemma between them-

China introduced 'BRI' as economic development project of the world and also ask USA to join. However, USA not only rejects the proposals but also has introduced 'B3W' against BRI. Although, both of the projects are for growth and prosperity. But the intentions are the security dilemma.



## d) Military Bases and Military Alliances:-

China has offered military-alliance to ~~USA~~ Iran to support the country's need. However, USA has introduced AUKUS and incorporated India as ally against China. Both - China and USA has huge bases on South-China Sea as well. USA claims as per BBC. "Safety measures for Taiwan in South China Sea". This safety covert measures are dangerous if any mis-handling occurs.

## e) Protection of Nuclear-Proliferation Covered with Trade and Technology war:-

According to UN-Security Measures, The use of Silicon-chips can be harmful due to its use in nuclear weapons. Hence, it was banned and restricted development is been allowed under strict laws."

Thus, US banned "Huawei" and many Chinese companies in this accusation. It not only started trade-war, but also the technological war.



### 3 Diplomatic Settlements of Bilateral and Regional Conflicts

#### a) Multilateral Approach:-

Neither US, nor China, but multilateral approach should be used to deuse the undue dependency on any one of these countries.

#### b) Track II Diplomacy:-

Engage non-governmental actors to facilitate discussions. ie scholars, experts and former officials in conflicts resolution.

#### c) Cultural Exchanges:-

Between China and US too more people-to-people contact should be engaged to introduce confidence building measures.

#### d) Military Transparency:-

Both China and US should be transparent about their military intentions to reduce security dilemma.



## e) Special Hotline Communication

like US-Soviet did in cold war, China and US should create one emergency communication to resolve any mis-understanding.

## f) Media Cooperation :-

The hashtags and campaigns like 'New Cold War' or 'World War III' should be avoided. This create tension among countries. Thus Media should be used as to engage peace measures and promote positive images.

## 4 Conclusion:-

The world needs efforts of both powers in global crisis. like global warming, terrorism, security, human rights. Therefore, communications should be strong enough not to endate any war-situation. Moreover, the role of other states is to remain neutral between power games.



Q#5

## 1 Introduction:-

The support of US/NATO to Ukraine has both angles escalation to war, as well as resolution or some deterrent to Russian Invasion. However, NATO should use this support just as to safeguard international law not to revive old cold war. Similarly for Russia, it can seek help from China and by its mediation ask NATO not to interfere. Moreover, resolve conflict with Ukraine in peace.

## 2 The US/NATO Support to Ukraine would result in Escalation of war?

Negative Impacts:

### a) Similar situation like Syria:-

The US/NATO entrance as military aid did escalated that war, so high possibility that here it will too.

### b) Russia Dilemma of Soviet Times:-

Russia would consider it NATO attack. As it had on Soviet Times. Thus, Russia would play offensive role then.



### c) Vague intentions of US/NATO; either peace or Arms Market:-

The intentions of US/NATO are also not clear, ~~any~~ arm partitions usually do escalate warfare.

### d) Russia could lead new Warsaw to combat NATO, then again revival of Cold war:-

In defensive mode, Russia can also seek help from China and other partners and covert Warsaw can be re-introduced.

### Possible Positive Impacts:-

#### a) Deterrent to Russia:-

As US said in UN-conference  
"There is no revival of Cold-war, but  
deterrence to Russian invasion on Ukraine"



## b) Balancing Ukraine to Safeguard its own people:-

According to BBC, more than 70,000 civil people and massive damages to the property has been seen in Russian attacks on Ukraine. Since Ukraine lacks military might, UBA/NATO provision helps Ukraine to atleast safeguard its own people.

## c) International Support against any Violent Act:-

As per international law, if humanitarian crisis are involved, UN can interfere for peace-keeping. Thus, may be this provision can be seen as International support for conflict resolution. Russia should be aware that Ukraine is not handi-capped.



### 3 Options to Diffuse the Situation:-

#### a) Diplomatic Dialogues:-

Between Ukraine, Russia and NATO/US engage open channels to talk and resolve conflict peacefully.

#### b) Arms Control Agreements:-

Adapt conventional policies to not use arm in the conflicts that can escalate war.

#### c) Neutral Buffer Zone:-

Di-militarized between Ukraine and Russia and create buffer zone to control the worst situations.

#### d) Confidence-Building Measure:-

Support transparency and Negotiations. Adopt neutrality and response mechanism between Russia and Ukraine. Make them come to resolution not arm supply market.



## e) International Support on Humanitarian Aids:-

Support Ukraine but on Humanitarian grounds do not be part of war. Either other states, US, UN or NATO.

## 4 Conclusions:-

The role of China is very crucial in this situation. Although China has no-interference policy. But it has good terms with Russia. Unlike USA who has bitter relationships with Russia. Similarly Saudi-Iran, China has part to play positively as role of mediator between Ukraine and USA as well.



Q#6

## 1 Introduction:-

Saudi-Iran diplomatic relations is cent on Israel and US. long been followed divide-and-rule policy. Israel has been pouring conflicts among Muslims so that it can dilute its own religious aims. Since now, things are converging, it is threat to their long power in the region.

## 2 How Saudi-Iran Growing Diplomatic Relations are Cent on Israel and US policy in Middle East:-

### a) Decline in US Diplomacy and Rise of Chinese influence in Middle East:-

Before Iran-Saudi peace negotiations, US was the supreme leader in the middle east. In Iraq war, Syria war, Israel issues. But now there is another candidate on leadership in the middle east.



## b) Israel wanted Conflicts to fed its hold on Palestine:-

Since, the major Muslim powers had their own conflicts, They never came on one-page on Muslim problems. Now there is a peace, possibility is revival of OIC or small as united on Palestine for religious brotherhood.

## c) US Arms Market and Israel Weaponization Policies in Middle East:-

Israel and US are the biggest supplier of arms in the middle-east. Major issues are from Saudi-backed like Syria, Lebanon Kurds population. If both countries backed-off, the chances are high to remain civil revolt. Thus, this will stop their arm market in the middle east.

## d) Oil Divisions:-

USA deal with ARAMCO and Shell is also threaten if Saudi will be inclined



towards its Muslim countries. This will hurt the economic supremacy of USA.

### c) Rise of Muslim Block:-

This collaboration may unite Muslim countries. That is not good for Israel as well as USA - The USA's dilemma of 'Clash of Civilization'.

### 3 Conclusion:-

The western world is already powerful in terms of their hegemony on global forums i.e. G7, G20, AUKUS, NATO and Israel, and USA both are their integral parts. The Saudi-Iran has new opportunity to revive as Muslim block in the world. The western countries has already felt the heat, that is why 'Islamophobia' is on rise. Thus, Muslim countries need to be shaken up, to benefit the situation under help of China. However, Muslim bloc should not be created as rival to west but to work on their internal solidarity.