

Raheela Chand IR-II (Mock-5)

Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun

31/08/2023

Date: _____

Q#3

1 Introduction:-

The collapse of Soviet Union in 1991 can be theoretically justified through the lenses of multiple international relations theories. While no single theory provides a comprehensive explanation, various factors were involved in the collapse.

2 Theoretical Justification of Soviet Collapse:-

a) Realism :-

i) Balance of Power and Imperial Overextension:-

To balance USA, USSR engaged in the arms race resulting in economic strain. The pursuit of military parity and global influence led to an over-extension of resources. Thus it became hard for USSR to tackle internal economic crisis.

ii) National Interest and Security Concerns:-

The Soviet Union flew to end USA, ignoring domestic needs. National security concerns were exacerbated by the inability to suppress rising nationalist movements within Soviet republics.

Q) Liberalism:-

a) Economic

Inefficiency and Market Liberalization:-

The Soviet economy's centralized planning and lack of market mechanism led to inefficiencies and scarcity. Gorbachev's attempt at economic restructuring (perestroika) aimed to introduce market reforms but faced resistance.

b) Democratic Transition and Nationalism:-

Gorbachev's political reforms (glasnost) encouraged political openness, but the release of suppressed nationalist sentiments in Soviet republics further weakened cohesion.

Thus, the demand for increased autonomy and self-determination raised in USSR.

3) Constructivism:-

a) Ideational Shift and Identity Crisis:-

Gorbachev's glasnost allowed for a redefinition of Soviet history and identity. The questioning of the 'Soviet project' and the acknowledgement of past atrocities undermined the legitimacy of the regime.

b) Norms and International Pressure:-

The spread of democratic norms globally influenced USSR's citizens. Thus USSR collapsed in several independent states.

3 Conclusion:-

Thus, the collapse of USSR was not just supremacy of USA, but was multifaceted failure. Socially, economically and politically USSR was weakened to stand not even for himself. Therefore, internal collapse of USSR was the main reason for his failure against USA in cold war.

Q# 2

1 Introduction:-

Fascism is a far-right political ideology characterized by authoritarianism, extreme nationalism and strong emphasis on centralized power and control. Similar traits are seen in current Modi's national and foreign policies.

2 The Concept of Fascism:-

a) Authoritarianism:-

Fascist leaders, often overly fall into self-pride. Thus, create their ruling party

racial supremacy. i.e. Hitler's own deep rooted Aryan racial superiority. leading to Holocaust and systematic persecution of minority groups.

b) Extreme Nationalism:-

Mussolini restored imperial power and pursued expansionised policies in east Africa. Similarly Hitler went for military dominance in Europe to earn pride for Germany.

c) Central Role:-

Fascist usually control everything. They like thing go under their thumbs. Hence, both Italian Mussolini and German Hitler banned media freedom, any revolt against them and they being Chief-of-army staff, president, foreign policy makers and all state mission planners.

3 Comparison of Modi's Regime with German and Italian Fascism:-

a) Superiority of Hinduism over Aryan Superiority

The controversial Citizenship Amendment Act (CAA) and National Register of Citizens (NRC) are as per Constructivism new idea of hegemony based on religion and identity.

b) Moditivization of India :-

As Hitler spread Nazism, Modi is spreading 'Hindutva'. More precisely 'Moditva' its own new system in India. Radical and unsecular.

c) Media Control and Propoganda:-

In international forums, Modi has been showing promoting anti-Islamic comments. Even he promoted 'The Kerala Story' highly radical and anti-Islamic movie with no justified claims. Both fascit followed that.

d) Suppression of Religious Minorities:-

'Badrin Mosque Event', persecution of Muslim minorities, 'Burqa-girl' event. All these religious intolerance are happening in Modi's regime. Similar to Hitler persecution of Jews.

e) limitation of Civil liberties:-

Provocation of Article 370-A, is against the liberties on Kashmir. Thus increasing expansionist policy on Kashmir.

f) Self Pride over humanitarian Violence in Kashmir

Blackout in whole Kashmir, use of human shields in wars, women raped.

all cases of been witnessed by whole world.. But as realist says 'Human nature is war-monger' goes well with India.

4 Conclusion:-

The power lust and fascist influenced Modi's regime in India is misleading the democratic country into radicalization. In international forums Delhi is openly condemning Pakistan and isolating it. It can be seen in BRICS 2022 conference and Olympic Cricket match 2023. Moreover, unlike liberalism no economic tie is between India and Pakistan, so any miscommunication can lead war between both nuclear states.

Q # 4

1 Introduction :-

Although , originally Clash of Civilization by Samuel P. Huntington was to give new aim to USA after end of cold war. However, since it openly target religious warfare and specially due to Islamic bloc. The fear of Islamophobia spread in the world.

2 Misuse and Misinterpretation of Theory :-

After 9/11 and the subsequent "war on Terror" western world and misuse this theory to justify their policies i.e. War on Iraq, Afghanistan invasion and fending Israel crisis.

3 How this theory is been Systematically Molded to demean Islam:-

a) Conflicts driven by Civilizations:-

Although, there are various other civilizations as well like Confucian and Hinduism. However, Western countries only targeted Muslims and Islamic Civilization. As realist scholars says security dilemma but self-perceived.

b) Historical roots will shape world order:-

Keeping this point in mind, western countries has invaded into Muslim countries deliberately to exaggerate their sectarian crisis and get divide Muslim bloc. i.e. In Israel vs Palestine favour to Israel. In Saudi-Iran influencing Saudi against Iran. As per Constructivism "divide-and-rule" policy.

c) Incompatibility between different Civilizations:-

This has led extremism and suppression of minorities. Highlighted as Muslim minorities world wide mostly. i.e. Myanmar minority crisis, Indian Muslim rights violations, Kashmiri Muslims suffering, western countries blocking Muslim immigrants.

d) Clashes not by power but by Emotional factors:-

The rise of Islamophobia in the world. Online activism against Holy Prophet, Swedan buring of Quran, demeaning hashtags on media against Islam. The people have used like constructivism beliefs media as tool to emotionally weaken Muslim world.

e) Different Worldview can lead to Tensions and Clashes:-

Although there are various other norms in Society those are unethical and immoral like Sati in Hinduism, Nuns in Christianity and genital mutilation in various civilization. However most highlighted and criticized is Islamic civilization.

i.e. Veil / Burqa Criticism, Polygamy, inheritance rights in Islam.

Overall west has tagged Muslims as 'Barbaric', 'Terrorist' and 'Extremist' (Aljazeera)

4 Conclusion:-

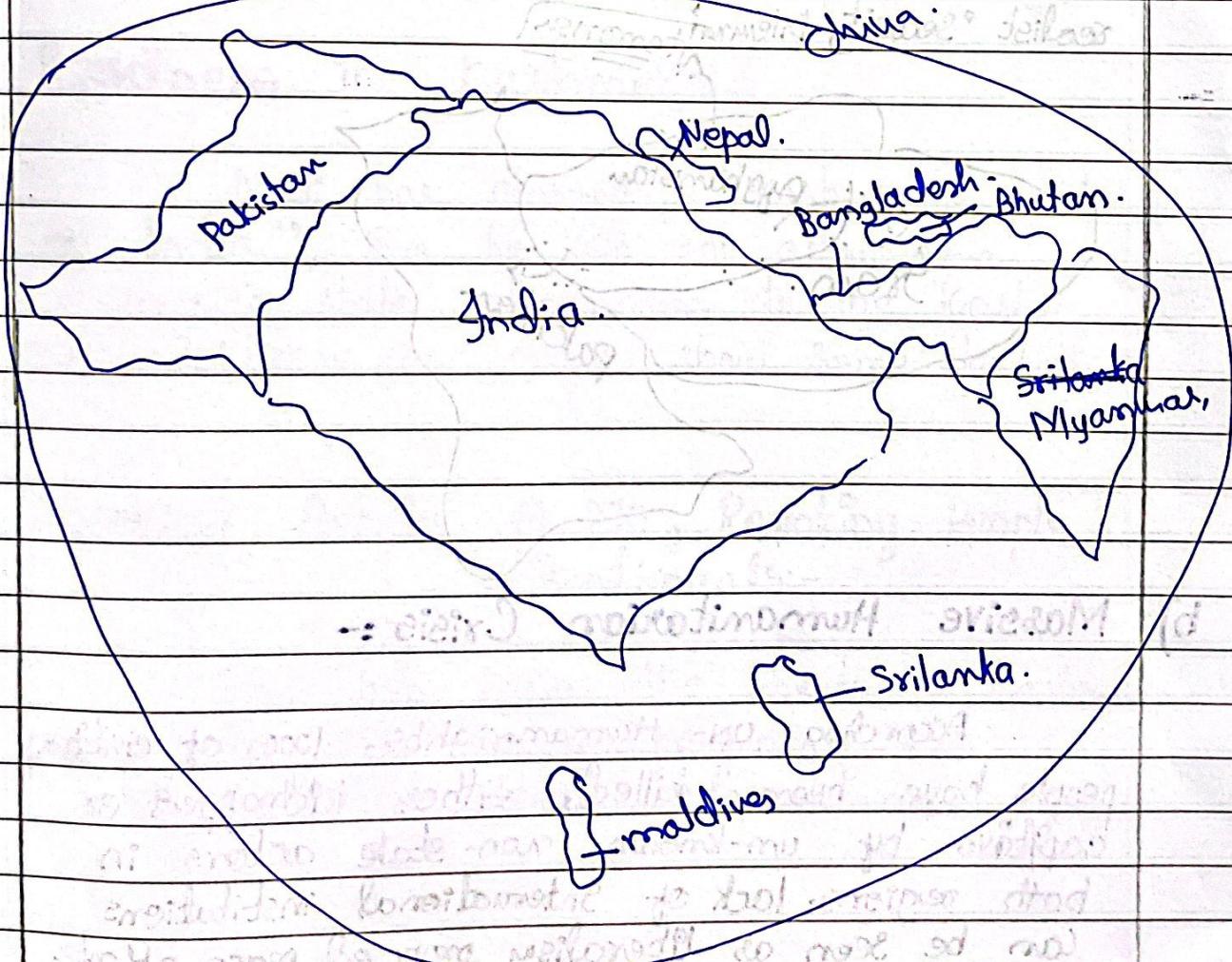
Thus, west has systematically misinterpreted and manipulated theory to justify cultural biases and their hatred towards Muslim world. Therefore, it is imperative for Muslim bloc to become united, revive OIC and spread True Islamic teachings.

Q#6

1 Introduction :-

The main clashes in the South Asia region are of Kashmir and Afghanistan crisis. However, India is the great power among all 8 countries in South Asia and it is not in favor of resolving them due to its vested interests. Thus, peace in South Asia has great hindrance in way of Indian irresponsible behavior.

2 Understanding the South Asian Region Issues:-



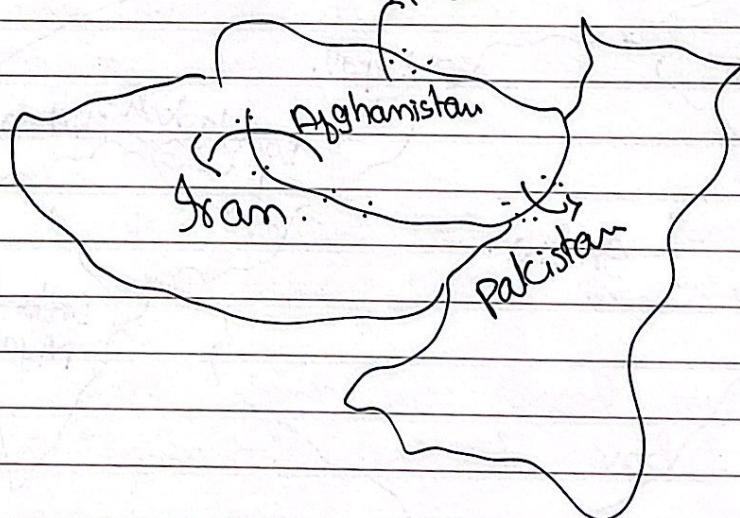
Map of South Asia-

If we see to the South Asia region problems, the major problem is of Kashmir and Afghanistan. That has Spill over effect in all region.

3 Unstable Afghanistan and Kashmir and the Spill - Overs in Regions:-

a) Terrorism:-

Specially in Afghanistan, Terrorism is the main source of conflict. Through it, it spread to all of the region. Region is under realistic 'Security Dilemma' ^{Terrorism}



b) Massive Humanitarian Crisis :-

According UN- Human rights, 1000s of civilian people have been killed, either Kidnapped or captive by un-known non-state actors in both regions. Lack of International institutions can be seen as Liberalism proposed peace effort.

both countries.

c) Huge Military Campaign:-

Militancy in both states have disturbed social, economic and political life of the people. The national Sovereignty, the basic international relations and law right is missing in both state.

4 Major Hindrance: Indian Irresponsible Behaviour:-

a) Rigidity in Kashmir:-

Modi has claimed, "Kashmir is part of India". Thus, he will not allow even sovereign state recognition to the Kashmir by Pakistan for peace show some flexibility.

b) Revoking Article A-370; Revoking People Sentiments:-

Modi has taken the liberty of Kashmir; people to just live in people if not allowing them their independence.

c) No communication and Diplomatic terms with Pakistan:-

Pakistan and India are not even diplomatically cordial with each other. Major issue is India. Delhi has not allowed Pakistan on BRICS 2023 meeting even Ethiopia was invited.

d) Media Outrage against Muslim World:-

Modi's BJP government often been seen openly harassing Muslim population like promoting Islamophobia, Kerala story, using Muslims as terrorist in their movies. The track-II hatred against Muslim bloc. Thus, no role in Kashmir or Afghanistan peace efforts.

e) Oppression of Muslims in India

as well :-

Even Shah-Rukh Khan, Indian individual and social figure was seen publicly questioned due to favouring Pakistan and Islam.

5 Conclusion:-

Thus, the main role of Delhi foreign policy and national interest lies in Chinese containing and controlling Pakistan. The effect are visible in AUKUS and Quad alliance but not in any way in South Asia.