

Introduction :

The Statement that China is ready to adapt the role of mediator in Saudi-Iran negotiations appears to be accurate. Recently, China has been showing a willingness to engage in mediation and conflict resolution efforts in various parts of the world, including the ongoing dispute between Saudi Arabia and Iran. There has been a recent development in middle east as China has adapted in as a mediator between Saudi Arabia and Iran. This move shows China's readiness to play a greater role in solving regional conflicts. The United States, on the other hand, has faced criticism for its mediation strategies with mixed results.

China's mediation efforts:

China's increasing interest in middle east:

China's recent effort to mediate between Saudi Arabia and Iran is a reflection of its increasing interest in the middle east. China is the world largest oil importer and one of its primary suppliers is the middle east. Thus, stability in the middle east region is crucial for China's energy security.

China's economic interest in middle east:

China's economic interest in this region are multi-faceted, and include several key areas. The balancing act that it has played includes strengthening ties simultaneously with both Iran and Saudi and its allied countries in the region.

To strike a balance and to avoid entanglement: as with Iran Q5 year long term China-Iran military and Trade Partnership Agreement that promised billions of dollars worth of

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investment in banking, port, coal
and other sector.

Security and counter terrorism

counter terrorism
is another area of interest for China
in connection of its Xinjiang
Uyghur muslim are brought
into Chinese security to
extremist and terrorist activities.

- Support of KSA:

in convincing KSA, the
holiest sites, to enter
China's led anti-terrorism
policies.

- Role in media

like Yemen,
as well as the Israel
it has actively
The JCPOA (Iran Nuclear Deal)

moot negotiations for its revival as well

China's willingness to mediate

China's willingness to mediate in the middle east is a major shift in its foreign policy. China has traditionally maintained a policy of non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries.

China's neutrality

One reason why China could be a better mediator than the United States is its neutrality. Unlike the United States, China does not have any historic or political ties to the middle east. This lack of bias allows China to approach negotiations with impartiality, which is crucial for successful mediation.

China's economic leverage

as the world 2nd largest economy, China has a significant stake in the stability of middle east.

US's mediation efforts

Middle east for many decades now, ~~bookkeeping~~ oil-rich region that is a vital to world energy security. ~~is~~ generally speaking, the five principal interests the U.S has in the middle east.

(1). Maintenance a free flow of energy and trade to the world market.

(2). Countering the spread of weapons of mass destructions

(3). Eliminating or preempting terrorist organization;

(4). Standing with partners and allies; and

oil producing countries like Saudi Arabia and UAE, intervened frequently to bring stability in the region and encouraged investment in oil infrastructure including oil field, oil pipelines, refineries and transportation infrastructure to ensure efficient and reliable delivery of oil to the global market.

Lossing influence on OPEC + countries

Washington also makes sure that OPEC countries don't manipulate the market. For instance, the wave of Russian invasion of Ukraine and consequent sanction on Russia. The Biden administration vociferously opposed the Saudi decision to cut oil production.

- Using word of war: The White House publically accused KSA of manipulating the international oil market by cutting production for enhancing revenue for Russia. The word of war indicate the deep U.S involvement in maintaining

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Stability in global crude oil prices.

Counter terrorism in middle east and U.S foreign policy: counter

terrorism has also been the major plank of U.S foreign policy in the middle east. There is no deny in throughout history of middle east that this region is prone to terrorism, mainly due to U.S interference.

example:

This region has fully or partially failed states (Yemen, Libya, Syria and Afghanistan). Several fragile states (Iraq, Lebanon and Sudan), dozens of armed non-state actors, and several recognized terrorist outfits.

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Critical analysis

USA is aggressively started a policy of countering the influence of rival countries, most notably China, in response to growing Chinese influence in order to pacify concern among traditional U.S. allies in the Asia Pacific. Unlike the USA and colonial power of Europe, China is reinventing interest over how great power operates in the region. It has prioritize interests over values and signed trade deals and export agreement with regional countries. The U.S. in past maintained its diplomatic and military dominance in the middle east, so much so China providing this perception wrong. It is providing security alternatives to regional countries.

Conclusion:

In conclusion, the secret Saudi-Iran negotiations brokered by China suggest that Beijing is ready to adopt the role of mediator in

global conflicts. China's unique perspective, and economic leverage make it a better mediator than the United States. The increasing willingness of China to play a more active role in mediating conflicts is a positive development for the world peace and stability. However, the US-China relationship has been increasingly or conceivably. Important in prospects of peace in the world.

