

CSS Competitive Examination (Pure Mathematics 2022)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2022 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

PURE MATHEMATICS

TIME	ALL	OWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MA	AXIMUM MARKS = 100		
NOT	E: (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi)	Attempt FIVE questions in all by selecting TWO Questions each from SECTION ONE Question from SECTION-C. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of places. Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer be crossed. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be const Use of Calculator is allowed.	N-A& at dif Book	B and Terent must	
		SECTION-A			
Q. 1.	(a)	Let G be a group and H be a subgroup of index 2 in G. Show that H is normal in G .	(10)		
	(b)	Let G be any group, g a fixed element in G. Define $\phi: G \to G$ by $\phi(x) = gxg^{-1}, \forall x \in G$. Prove that ϕ is an automorphism of G onto G.	(10)	(20)	
Q. 2.	(a)	Prove that a finite integral domain is a field.	(10)		
	(b)	Let W be the subspace of \mathbb{R}^5 spanned by $u_1 = (1,2,-1,3,4), u_2 = (2,4,-2,6,8), u_3 = (1,3,2,2,6), u_4 = (1,4,5,1,8), u_5 = (2,7,3,3,9)$. Find a subset of the vectors that form a basis of W. Also extend the basis of W to a basis of \mathbb{R}^5 .	(10)	(20)	
Q. 3.	(a)	Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be defined by			

- (10)T(x, y, z, t) = (x - y + z + t, 2x - 2y + 3z + 4t, 3x - 3y + 4z + 5t)Find the rank and nullity of T.
 - Find all possible solutions of the following homogeneous system of equations. (b) (10) (20) $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 0$ $x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 + x_4 = 0$ $2x_1 + 4x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 = 0$ $4x_1 + 7x_2 - 4x_3 + x_4 = 0$

SECTION-B

Find $\lim_{x\to\infty} (1+2x)^{1/(2\ln x)}$ O. 4. (a)

(10)

(b) Evaluate the integral $\int e^{3x} \cos 2x \, dx$. (10) (20)

Q.5. (a) If
$$u = f(x, y)$$
 and $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, then show that
 $\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}\right)^2$
(10)

(b) Evaluate
$$\iint_{\mathbf{R}} x \, dx \, dy$$
 over the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = x^3$. (10) (20)

- Find the area of the region bounded above by y = x + 6, bounded below by (10)Q. 6. (a) $y = x^2$, and bounded on the sides by the lines x = 0 and x = 2.
 - (10) (20) Find the foci, vertices and center of the ellipse: (b) $9x^2 + 16y^2 - 72x - 96y + 144 = 0$





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SECTION-C

- **Q. 7.** (a) Prove that the function $u(x, y) = e^{-x}(x \sin y y \cos y)$ is harmonic. Also find (10) a function v(x, y) such that f(z) = u(x, y) + i v(x, y) is analytic.
 - (b) Evaluate $\oint_C \bar{z}^2 dz$ around the circle |z| = 1. (10) (20)
- Q. 8. (a) Use residues to prove that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{x^4 + 1} = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}}$$
(10)

(b) Find the Fourier series of the following function f(x) which is assumed to have (10) (20) the period 2π . $f(x) = |x|, -\pi < x < \pi$
