

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2024 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

GOVERNANCE & PUBLIC POLICIES

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTE	(PART-I MCQs)	MAXIMUM MARKS: 20
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on s	CS (PART-II)	MAXIMUM MARKS: 80
after 30 minutes.	cparate OMK Answer Si	shall be taken back
(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options	answers will not be give	n credit
(iii) There is no negative marking. All M	ICQs must be attempted.	a oreum.
	Os)(COMPULSORY)	
.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the		G1 - + (20-1-20)
(ii) Answers given anywhere else, other than O	MR Answer Sheet, will no	t be considered.
Woodrow Wilson argued that the work of govern	nment agencies would be ac	complished more effectively by:
(A) Adopting the business principles of the private	sector (B) Combining adm	inistration and politics
(C) Rejecting the business model	(D) Decentralizing	administrative authority
Three key pillars of the state are:		
(A) Judiciary, legislature, executive		, media, legislature
(C) Judiciary, media, executive	(D) All of the	ese
The ambiguity of public administration refers to:		
(A) The need for more precise job descriptions.	(B) The difficulty of speci	fying specific objectives.
(C) A lack of hierarchical structure (D) The pro	blem of separating political	decisions from administrative one
Public policies are:	(0) 1	1.1. 11. 1.1.
(A) The laws. (B) Made only in cabinet.	(C) Never ma	ade by public administrators.
(D) Authoritative statements by legitimate government	iental actors about public pro	oblems.
5. Public agencies:		
(A) Play an important role in shaping public policy		
(B) Do not provide testimony in support of policy p	17. 17. 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 1	
(C) Have no role in formulating public policy	(D) Are not in	avolved in the policy process
"Agenda setting" in the policy process refers to:		
(A) Identifying problems that will be acted on by do		
(C) Putting policies into action		lementing programs
Determining whether a particular policy has had		
(A) Policy legitimation. (B) Policy formulation.	(C) Policy evaluation.	(D) Policy implementation.
The transfer of resources and power to lower level higher level of governments are termed as:	el authorities which are lar	gely or wholly independent of
(A) Devolution (B) Decentralization	(C) Co-production	(D) Integration
A central theme of the "reinvention" is the need f		(b) integration
(A) An increase in the size of the bureaucracy.		nods of problem solving.
(C) Higher taxes.		rial forms of government.
0. Which one of the following statements is NOT con		
(A) It has market orientation.	(B) It upholds the nee	
(C) It advocates managerial autonomy.	(D) It focuses on perfo	
1. If a public servant imposes duties and obligation	s upon the citizens, which	are not required by the law, it
can lead to: (A) Abuse of law (B) Abuse of power	(C) Error of authority	(D) Error of fact finding
		ers and users work together to
reach a collective outcome.	king where service provide	is and users work together to
(A) Co-management (B) Partnership	(C) Co-production	(D) Co-operation
3. Which among of the following is not considered a		
	ous groups (C) Legislat	ure (D) Think tanks
4. The role of the judiciary in serving as a check on	agencies is through:	
(A) Holding trials for administrators who break the		
(B) Reviewing the legality of each policy proposed		
(C) Writing the rules used by agencies to implement		
(D) Interpreting mandates to agencies and reviewing	g agency actions.	
5. One of the most dramatic developments in recent	years in the relationship b	etween agencies and the courts
(A) The courts' refusal to rule on administrative dec		

The direct involvement of the courts in agency administration.

(D) The decrease in administrative equity cases heard by the courts.

(C) The courts' avoidance of involvement in cases concerning prison management.

Rule of Law Equity and Equality Consersus oxiented

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16.	The	term privatization refers to: The placement of private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners into public positions of authorized the private business owners are private business of the pri	fraccountabi	lity		
	(R)	Efforts to give the government more control over certain types of indust	IN CO. S. CO.			
	(C)	Efforts to give the government more control over certain types of indust The use of nongovernmental/private organizations to provide public god	ds and services.			
		Removing private involvement in any government program.	Participator.			
17.	Incr	eased use of private firms for the delivery of public services comes i	n part from:			
		Ideological conviction by some that services should be provided by non	governmental/private	e organization	15	
		enever possible.	Effectiveneu	& Ethici	ercy	
	(B)	Increased governmental ability to pay private organizations for services.	_			
	(C)	The effort to involve government in service delivery. Efforts to increase the governmental role in policy development.	(rareparer	cy		
18	In th	he study of Public Ethics, consequentialism refers to:	(ransparen Stategic	Viccion		
10.	(A)	Evaluating right and wrong by studying the actions themselves.	Stategic	01331-11		
	(B)	Evaluating things by following the principles of virtuousness.				
	(C)	Evaluating right and wrong by studying possible outcomes of actions to	be taken.			
		Evaluating things by following the principles of bureaucracy.				
19.	In w	which year, was the 18th Constitutional Amendment passed by the n	ational assembly of	Pakistan?		
20		2009 (B) 2010 (C) 2011		(D) 2012		
20.	The	is a summary composite measure of a country's average uman development: health, knowledge and standard of living.	e achievements in th	iree basic as	pects	
			an development inde	x		
		마다는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은	an developing indica			
		PART-II				
	TE:	(i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.				
		 (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the be crossed. (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question with the page of the	blank pages of An		must	
+		(vi) Extra attempt of any question of any parties				
Q.	2.	Identify and explain three dominant governance paradigms also re in the study and practice of public administration and management.	ferred to as waves	of reforms	(20)	
Q.	3.	In the realm of public management and governance, a notable trend involves growing collaboration between the public and private sectors. Evaluate the necessity of such collaborations within the context of Pakistan, while also exploring the potential advantages and hurdles associated with these partnerships.				
Q.	4. 'While wicked and unruly problems like social inequalities in health and education create an urgent need for policy innovation, policy makers in Pakistan are badly positioned to initiate, drive and lead this innovation'. Discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the statement and explain your reasoning for the position you take.					
Q.	5.	What are the key considerations in determining whether community participation is an effective policy-making tool in the context of Pakistan?				
6 .	6. Since, by definition, corruption undermines good governance, one way to fight corruption is by advancing the government's responsiveness, accountability, and transparency. Discuss.					
Q.	7.	Critically examine the ways in which reliance on donor funding has improved or impaired the quality of governance in Pakistan.				
Q.	8.	Evaluate the challenges and obstacles hindering the widespread Pakistan. Identify and discuss three major hurdles and propose structure overcome these barriers for effective e-governance implementation	itegies or recommen	ernance in adations to	(20)	