

Child Labour causes and consequences

Outline

1) Introduction

- Hook.
- Background.
- Thesis Statement.

Background:- "Childrens should be in classrooms, not in work-places" yet millions of children across the world are deprived of their childhood and education because they are forced to work. According to the International Labour organization and the UNICEF, more than 138 million children worldwide are engaged in child labour. In developing countries like Pakistan, poverty, lack of educational opportunities, and weak law enforcement compel families to send their children to work instead of school. This alarming phenomenon not only violates basic human rights

Date: _____

but also hampers social and economic developments

Thesis Statement

Child

Thesis Statement:- Child Labour remains a serious and global challenge primarily driven by poverty, illiteracy, and ineffective implementation of Labour Laws, and it results in severe consequences such as violation of basic human rights, physical and psychological exploitation of children and the perpetuation of cycle of poverty in societies.

Date: _____

2) Causes of Child Labour

2.1 Poverty.

2.2 Lack of educational opportunities.

2.3 Weak Law enforcement.

3) Consequences of Child Labour

3.1 violation of Basic human rights.

3.2 Hampers Social and Economic development.

3.3 Increase in Child abuse cases.

To begin with, "Poverty is the worst form of violence" (Mahatma Gandhi).

Poverty is the major issue in the developing countries which leads the parents, and the children to work in early age. According to the International Labour Organization 138 million children are engaged to child labour worldwide. Despite poverty lack of educational opportunities also leads to child labour.

If a child doesn't have better educational opportunities, it leads the child to work from his early age to meet his daily needs.

Lack of Law enforcement also causes the child labour in develop

Date: _____

Countries. According to UNICEF around 12.5 million children in Pakistan are engaged in child labour, which is 16% of the total child population in the country.

However, understanding these causes alone is insufficient unless we also examine the devastating consequences like violation of basic human rights, child labour violates the basic rights of a children like early education.

child labour also hampers the social and economic development.

If a child does not get early education he would not be able to work for the betterment of society.

child labour is also a major source of child abuse. many young age childrens are being victims of sexual abuse in different workshops and factories.

4) Conclusion