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Candidate Sign

Invigilator Sign

Part I

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|-----|---|-----|---|
| 1) | B | 11) | C |
| 2) | A | 12) | A |
| 3) | C | 13) | B |
| 4) | B | 14) | C |
| 5) | C | 15) | B |
| 6) | C | 16) | C |
| 7) | B | 17) | D |
| 8) | C | 18) | B |
| 9) | D | 19) | B |
| 10) | C | 20) | A |

Part II

(Q No-5)

A) Introduction

Pakistan and Afghanistan are shares border of around 230 km. Afghanistan

is present in north west of Pakistan. Currently, the relations between both states are tensed due to the many persistent challenges to the relations. For example, the resurgence of TTP in Pakistan from the territory of Afghanistan, increasing border tensions the stalled process of Afghan refugee repatriation. And there is also ~~bilateral~~ external involvement between the bilateral relations of both states. And this foreign involvement also affecting the regional peace initiatives.

B) Challenges in Pakistan-Afghanistan's Relations

a) Resurgence of the TTP

This is group which is responsible for multiple militant attacks in Pakistan. And this group has given sanctuary by Afghan Taliban's government in Afghanistan. As per UN report, around 6 thousand TTP members are present in Afghanistan. And as and former caretaker prime minister of Pakistan said after the

of Kabul but militancy increased in Pakistan.

b) Increasing of border tension

There are many issues related to Afghanistan Pakistan borderline. ~~Due~~ Due to many security Pakistan is fencing the border with Afghanistan which was not accepted by Taliban. This further deteriorated situation.

c) Deportation of Afghan

Refugee from Pakistan

Pakistan is already struggling from economic problems and these Afghan refugees has become burdened on Pakistan's economy. And Pakistan was also having security threat from Afghan refugee. So, due to these reasons Pakistan deported the ^{illegal} Afghan refugees from Pakistan. And this act of Pakistan was seen by Taliban as an act of against Afghanistan. This brings more challenges for states to maintain their bilateral relations.

Constructivism Theory

Implication in Modern World

Pakistan's approach with Afghanistan, specially with Taliban government is same, as it was in its first ruling. During the first ruling the Taliban approach with Pakistan was cooperative but in today's current world, the today's Afghan Taliban's construct is conflicting. Means, there has become a change in the constructivism of Afghanistan for Pakistan. Before Taliban construct was cooperative and now it is conflicting as for Pakistan.

C) External Involvement in Afghanistan and its impacts on bilateral issues and regional Peace Initiatives.

As ~~per~~ Taliban now came in its ruling in 2020, it has positive construct about Pakistan. Even Zabi-ullah Mujahid~~id~~, foreign minister of Taliban said that Afghanistan's soil ^{should} ~~will~~ not be used as a security challenges for ~~a~~ against for any states specially for Pakistan. However, after the involvement of India, Afghan Taliban has started having negative construct about Pakistan and this affect the bilateral issues and regional peace.

a) Denying of Taliban's government of table talks

Many times Pakistan's government has send delegation to do table talks with Taliban and to solve ~~a~~ the all problems which were ~~to~~ creating challenges in the bilateral relations. However, most of the offers ~~by~~ of dialogue ~~by~~ were rejected by Afghan Taliban.

b) Granting heaven to militant groups

Inspite of Pakistan's many struggles and talks with Afghan Taliban, not to grant heaven militant groups against Pakistan.

But ~~there is~~ despite Afghan Taliban is still providing sanctuary to militant groups. Due to which insurgency is in its rising stage in ~~the~~ Pakistan. And this deteriorated the bilateral issues and regional peace initiatives.

c) Making Relations with India against Pakistan

→ Application of Balance of Power theory

Currently, due to the high involvement of India in Afghanistan, ~~the~~ Afghan Taliban is tilted more towards India. And currently it is making alliances with India to do power balancing against Pakistan. For example, the attending of Indian National day ceremony by Zabihullah Mujahid in India.

d) Rejecting the incentives

granted by Pakistan and

China.

Afghan Taliban has rejected every incentives given by China and Pakistan in the recent peace among them. China invited

Afghanistan to join One Belt and Road Initiatives Through China Pakistan Economic Corridor And there is no such a positive response from the side of Afghan Taliban. And this is affecting the bilateral issues and regional peace initiatives.

D) Conclusion

In short, there are many persistent challenges due to which relations between Pakistan and Afghanistan are becoming intensified. For example those persistent challenges are rising of militancy in Pakistan, separation of Afghan refugees and many more. This is not only due to which relations has become deteriorated, there is also the external involvement, specially India, to exploit the bilateral relation. Due to external involvements Afghanistan has denied to join table talks or not accepting incentives given by the regional states.

(Q No-1)

A) Introduction

Historically, it has always

power shifting among the states as like during the cold war world was operating on Bipolarity. As like that, today it can be seen that the world's ^{states} are shifting from Unipolarity to multipolarity in global politics. There are many factors which are driving this shift, for example, more power rising of China at economic level, Militarisation of Russia, decline of world trust on USA as a democracy supporting state, Nationalism policies of USA, deterioration of ~~the~~ Relations of USA with India and intervention of USA in the sovereignty of every state and many more. And there many theories which explain emerging power dynamics among US, China, Russia and other major actors.

B) From Unipolar System to multipolarity

After the world war II, global politics had become ~~unipolar~~ bipolar. And after defeat of Soviet Union in cold war global politics was shifted to unipolar system. And today to do rising of potential

of other states, world is shifting from unipolar system to multipolar system. Like, Japan is emerging in technology, China in economy, Russia in military and India in industry.

C) Factors are driving the shift from Unipolar System to multipolarity

There are many factors which are making this shift.

a) Rising of China at economic level

Currently, China is rising as most developed economy. Its penetration in the market is high as compare to USA. Like it has 950 b\$ trade with Asean and USA has 450 b\$ trade with Asean and the products of China are more cheaper than the USA products.

b) Militarization policies of Russia

Russia is militarizing itself through trading and making

its own state against USA and west. Due to which the west is vulnerable in front of Russia. Even Russia is using its weapon in Ukraine but west and USA is vulnerable to do so go against Russia.

c) Decline of world

trust on USA

After the alignment of USA with Israel and doing bombardment in Palestine in America decline the trust of other states. As the result, Pakistan and KSA signed defense pact as to make developed deterrence against powerful state specially USA.

d) Steps of USA against

its own Capitalist based

Organisation

In 1990s, WTO gave statement that there should not be high tariff imposed on developing countries products. However, today USA is imposing high tariffs on the other states products specially China.

e) Intervention of ~~to~~ USA
in Violating of Sovereignty
of Vulnerable states — Decline
its Slogan for democracy

→ USA has always have
the Slogan of democracy and
Sovereignty but today she
herself is penetrating other
states and violating
their Sovereignty. USA is completely
going the against the Nation
State System treaty by
attacking arresting Venezuela
president from his own country.

D) International theory

On emerging power
dynamics among the
USA, China, Russia and
Other major States

→ Theory of Realism
in the Contemporary

world.

These all states are using the realism approach and emerging as multipolar in global politics. For example Russia and increasing their power and following the realist expansionist policy. Furthermore, recently Pak and Saudi did ~~def~~ signed defense Pact to do power balancing against their rival states.

Theory of Mercantilism in contemporary world

USA has shifted its economic policies from Capitalism to mercantilism. It has applied high tariffs on States exports products. For example 250% tariff on Chinese and 50% tariff on Indian products in USA.

Q No 7

A powerful state has always been dominated and conducted wars attacks on vulnerable states, as USA did in Afghanistan, Iraq and

Venezuela. Same, they had done with Palestine. Israel had attacked and do bombardment in Palestine for around ^{more} one complete than a year. It has completely destroyed the Gaza. Furthermore, it has created many impacts on Middle East, for example, Security threat, rising of in number of immigrants in other states of militaries and decline the middle east dependent on west. And, this conflict has brought a new global geopolitical order: and causes ~~new~~ challenges and opportunities for Palestine like having strong relations with middle east and on the hand it causes the USA-Indian defense + military pact.

B) Israel and Palestine

on October 2024, Hamas ~~delivered~~ many drone attacks on Israel. As the result, instead of targeting Hamas, Israel started targeting the Palestinians. It has killed many bombardment in Palestine. As per UN Report, it has killed around 70k people in Gaza. In spite of ~~mean~~

of international organisation war-
ning to Israel, but Israel did
not stop its brutality
in Palestine.

C) Israel-Palestine Conflict impact on middle east

Many impacts has been created
by this war in middle east.
For example, it creates security
threat in middle east. Israel
also attacked the Hamas leader-
ship in Qatar. And this act of
Israel had reduced the trust of
middle eastern countries on
USA. Because, the Hamas leadership
was given permission to open
their offices in Hamas (Qatar,
Doha, under the supremacy
of Israel and USA, both. But
still they Israel did attack.
Furthermore, this lead the
Middle East Due to the conflict, middle
east states have faced the
brunt of immigrants specially
neighbouring states of Palestine
like Egypt and Lebanon. And
this security

D) The Geopolitical global order, and the resulting challenges and opportunities for Pakistan

~~a) established~~ Opportunities

a) established strong relations among Pakistan and middle east states

After the attack of Israel on Qatar, Doha, create security threat in middle east. Due to which, all most Middle east states have tilted towards Pakistan. For example, SA Pakistan-KSA defense pact. As per Realism, Pakistan and Saudi Arabi, did power balancing against its rivals.

b) Established Deterrence against India

~~The threat~~ After signing the pact, they ~~has~~ have created deterrence against their enemies. For example, Pakistan against India and ~~the~~ KSA against Israel and USA.

Challenges

a) USA - India military

Pact - a threat for

Pakistan's Security

Israel and Palestine conflict
has caused middle crisis