

Pakistan in a ~~new~~ multipolar world

Outline:

1. Introduction:

Thesis statement: In this contemporary world, Pakistan plays a leadership role, combats terrorism, promotes economic diplomacy and ensures security through the formation of new alliance. In this context, Pakistan tries to reemerge as a global power.

2. Understanding multipolar world

3. Pakistan in a multipolar world:

3.1

Plays a leadership role in conflicts solution efforts

3.2

Participation in international organizations

3.3

Combats terrorism with the help of other nations

3.4

Achieves national interest through diplomacy

3.5

Strengthens alliances to deter ~~security~~ threats

3.6

Pushes economic diplomacy worldwide

3.7

Promotes friendly relations with global powerful nations

3.8

Remains neutral in wars among nations

3.9

Ensures its security through military means

3.10

Trying to improve governance

4. Challenges to Pakistan in a multi-polar world:

4.1

Maintaining a balance between China and the West is a challenge

4.2

Political instability hinders the progress of Pakistan

5. Recommendations to overcome the challenges of Pakistan:

5.1

Enhance political stability through the process of democracy

5.2

Improve governance at home

6. Conclusion

The Essay

An Oxford graduate, feudal lord and a charismatic leader, Zulfur Ali Bhutto, was a ~~few~~ hawk who flew at the seventh sky. Although he mobilized the masses over Roti, Kapra Aur Makan (Food, shelter and clothing), he knew about the vulnerability of Pakistan in the middle of Cold War. He was well aware of the nuclear threats of India in the future. ~~He~~ Despite resistance, he stood firm "We will go hungry and even eat grass but we will have own bomb" [Eating Grass - Feroz Khan]. This ~~so~~ historical step of foreign policy of Zulfur Ali Bhutto shows that it is the policy of any nation to decide its fate in the world. Similarly, Pakistan in this era of multipolarity, plays a leadership role in solving disputes. Pakistan also participates in international organizations to survive in this world. Moreover, it combats not only terrorism but also tries to achieve its national interests through diplomacy. Besides, Pakistan strengthens alliance and and pushes economic diplomacy across

the globe. Likewise, Pakistan not only tries to improve governance but also ensures its security through hard power. Therefore, in this contemporary world, Pakistan plays a leadership role, combats terrorism, promotes economic diplomacy and ensures security through the formation of new alliance. In this context, Pakistan tries to reemerge as a global ~~power~~ player in this multipolar world.

Multipolar world order refers to situation where many player exist. According to **John J. Mearshe-mear**, multipolar world is an era where major players compete one another in the context of military ~~suprem~~ supremacy, economic dominance and technological advancement. However, Pakistan also tries its best to balance relations with multi powerful nations, with the help of economic diplomacy, counter-terrorism and participation in international organizations. Therefore, Pakistan plays essential roles in this era of multipolarity.

In this era of wars, Pakistan plays essential role in conflicts solution efforts across the globe. Pakistan promotes International Law (IL) and UN character with the help of other nations. It participates persistently in peace-making and peace-building mission through the mobilization of its troops under the UN mandate. For instance, Pakistan assisted the United States and the Gulf Nations ~~(G.N.s)~~ (G.N.s) in the formation of **20 Points - Gaza Peace Plan**. Besides, Pakistan actively participated in the **13th Days War** between Israel, the U.S. and Iran through the United Nations. Thus, ~~and~~ ~~Pakistan~~ ~~also~~ ~~plays~~ plays a leadership role in this era of multipolarity.

Furthermore, Pakistan persistently participates in international organizations to maintain peace and ~~and~~ security. Pakistan not only plays a key role in the decision-making processes of the international organizations but also participates in the implementation of resolutions. Pakistan encourages international organizations to promote their objectives across the globe. This is how Pakistan contributes

to the United Nations, International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and International Court of Justice's (ICJ)

operations. In this regard, Pakistan persistently participates not only in international organizations but also in regional organizations. In short, Pakistan being a responsible nation enhances the operations of international organizations.

Likewise, Pakistan combats terrorism with the help of other nations in this multipolar world. Pakistan combats terrorism with the help of other nations' intelligence sharing and skills. Pakistan not only conducts exercises with other militaries but also adopts new strategies to counter the threats of terrorists. For instance, recently under the **Gambit Series 2026**, the United States tries to enhance the capabilities of Pakistani troops in countering terrorism. Similarly, Pakistan gets intelligence supports from Muslim nations in fight against terrorism.

To sum up, Pakistan currently combats the terror threats with the

help of major players.

In this era of power politics, Pakistan tries to achieve its national interests through diplomacy. Pakistan pushes diplomacy more than military might to resolve differences, achieve climate related issues and disputes. Pakistan not only tries through diplomacy to restore relations with nations but also shapes international narrative in its favour. This is how Pakistan uses diplomacy to achieve climate justice under the COP 30, 31. Besides, it shapes international narrative in its favour with the help of diplomatic activities. In a nutshell, Pakistan achieves its national objectives with the help of diplomacy.

Moreover, in this era of multipolarity, Pakistan strengthens alliance with the Muslim world to deter threats. Pakistan persistently forms alliances with global powerful nations to deter threats. Pakistan not only forms alliance with the global players but also establishes with the regional player. RGA - Pakistan Pact 2025 is a case in

point which fosters security of both the nations. In this context, Pakistan ensures its military, economic and diplomatic supremacy with the help of alliances. Therefore, Pakistan deters security threats through the formation of new alliances.

Additionally, Pakistan pushes economic diplomacy across the globe. Pakistan not only promotes CPEC but also attracts the investors. Pakistan also attracts foreign investments in other sectors of the country. For instance, Pakistan under **SIFC 2023-24** aims to attract investment in defense, agriculture and technology. Moreover, Pakistan with the help of economic diplomacy also attracts investment in critical mineral sector. Therefore, Pakistan pushes to achieve its interests in this contemporary world, with the help of economic diplomacy.

In this era of globalization, Pakistan promotes friendly relations with global players. Pakistan

tries its best to balance relations with all the nations of the world. Through economic, diplomatic and sports diplomacies, Pakistan fosters friendly ties with others. For instance, **Pakistan-U.S. relationship 2025-26** shows that Pakistan neither ignores the United States nor China. In this context, Pakistan not only promotes relations with global players but also enhances ties with regional states. In short, Pakistan tries to maintain friendly relations with all states.

Furthermore, in this era of wars, Pakistan remains neutral. Pakistan values the supremacy of international law (IL) and the UN Charter rather than the power and aggression of nations. Pakistan, in this multipolar world, rejects bloc politics and remains neutral. This is how **Pakistan in Ukraine-Russia war 2022-26** remains extremely ~~neutral~~ neutral. Similarly, Pakistan tries to resolve the ~~dispute~~ dispute through diplomacy rather than taking part in the conflict. Therefore, Pakistan

remains neutral in wars
among nations.

In this era of competition, Pakistan ensures its security through hard power. Pakistan not only protects its skies, land but also sea through military might. It does not tolerate foreign aggression against its sovereignty. For instance, Pakistan retaliated the Indian (Sindoor operation) 2025 and through enormous military might. Besides, Pakistan has also adopted hard power strategy against Afghanistan 2025-26, showing military strength rather than tolerance. Thus, Pakistan ensures its the respect of its sovereignty through military might.

Besides, in this era of democracy, Pakistan is trying to improve governance at home. Pakistan tries its best to prevent food insecurity, implement law and order at home. Pakistan tries to eliminate gender inequality, promote education and maintain the

norms of democracy in the country. For example, under the vision of **Uran Pakistan** — economic and educational objectives are the part of the project. In this context, Pakistan competes to improve governance at home. Thus, Pakistan is trying to improve governance at home.

However, Pakistan faces tough challenges such as maintaining balance between China and the west in this multipolar world. Pakistan neither ignores China nor the west. China is the largest economic and strategic partner. Besides, the United States is the largest export market of Pakistan. It faces tough challenges to ~~keep~~ balance persistently between China and the United States due to economic, political and regional interests. Thus, maintaining of relation between global players is a challenge to Pakistan.

Similarly, political instability at home hinders the progress

of Pakistan. It faces tough political resistance due to rigging in election, arrest of politicians and violation of human rights. All these chaos contribute to the political instability at home. Political instability hinders investment and prevents Pakistan to push its objectives with the help of diplomacy. Thus, political instability is a challenge to Pakistan.

However, all these challenges can be overcome through the process of democratic norms. Government should strictly enhance the real process of democracy. It should respect the opinion of opposition and promote the norms of democracy. This can create political tolerance and lead to free elections in the future. Thus, achieving political stability can enable Pakistan to survive in the era of multipolarity.

Besides, Pakistan should

Improve governance at home with the help of all stakeholders. Pakistan should foster services delivery and enhance the supremacy of law and order. This can lead to democracy, unity and prosperity in the country. Therefore, improving governance 'at home' is the need of the hour.

To conclude the entire discussion, it can be said that "In the middle of chaos, there is opportunity" (Sun Tzu). Pakistan, this contemporary era, has the opportunity and uses the multipolarity for its advantages. This is how it plays leadership role and promotes diplomacy to achieve its interests. The call for action is loud and clear. Pakistan should achieve political stability with the help of democratic norms and values. This can boost political tolerance and enable Pakistan to focus on its foreign policy. Besides, the government also improve governance at home. This can result in ~~the~~ national integration.

and the supremacy of law and order. Therefore, in this contemporary world, Pakistan plays leadership role, combats terrorism, promotes economic diplomacy and ensures security through formation of new alliance. In this context, Pakistan tries to reemerge as a global player in this era of multipolarity.

Wars of the 21st century will be fought over water.

Outline:

1. Introduction:

Thesis statement: Water has become lifeline of nations due to its importance in agriculture, energy and industry. All these lead nations to secure their waters and result in disputes. In this regard, wars of the 21st century will be fought over water.

2. Overview of the topic

3. Why wars will be fought over water:

3.1

Water plays a vital role in the generation of energy

3.2

In agriculture, water is lifeline of food production

3.3

Water is a fundamental source of life

3.4

Preserves biodiversity across the globe

3.5

Pure water determines the health of any nation

3.6

Spiritual importance of

3.7

pushes nations to fight
water plays a key role
in industrial operations

3.8

Water enhances re-forestation
worldwide

3.9

Connects ~~to~~ natural cycle
of life

3.10

Water is a ~~main~~ lifeline for
any nation's survival

4. Challenges that lead to water disputes:

4.1

massive population enhances
the demand of water

4.2

Politicalization of water
results in tensions

5. Recommendations to overcome the challenges:

5.1

Promotion of awareness
about the water conservation

5.2

Involvement of international
community to prevent
hydro-wars

6. Conclusion

After the independence of Pakistan in 1948, water from the Indus river soon became a point of contention between India and Pakistan. In those early years, President Iskander Mirza reportedly warned India "Water is a lifeline for Pakistan and we will protect it at all costs." This historical remark shows that water not only enhances economic growth, food production and energy generation but also shapes the relations of nations. Water decides the fate of nations. Countries cannot compete in economic growth who lack proper access to water. It plays a vital role in energy generation and food production. Moreover, nations compete to secure water routes because it is the fundamental source of life. Water preserves biodiversity and determines the health of nations. Besides, the spiritual importance of water across civilizations pushes nations to fight. Furthermore, water enhances re-forestation and connects natural cycle of life. Therefore, water has

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become lifeline of nations due to its importance in agriculture, energy and industry. All these lead nations to secure their waters and result in disputes. In this context, wars of the 21st century will be fought over water.

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