

This is my first question solved on environment.

I am facing increased difficulty in attempting environmental question because of two separation question under one question. Please guide regarding paper attempting and presentation a little.

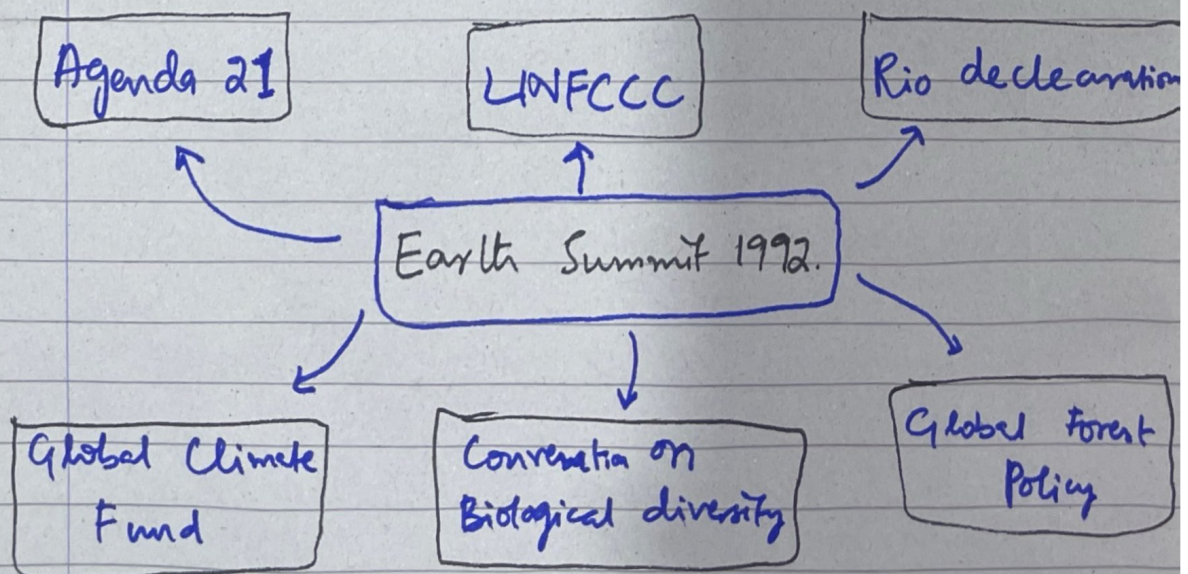
also, Should I write introduction and conclusion in both (A) and (B) separately, Or only one combined, or none?

(A) Explain the Products of Earth summit of 1992?

1. Introduction:

The Earth summit 1992 took place in Rio de Janeiro and was a pivotal conference in the management of global climate. Because of its key steps such as Agenda 21, Rio declaration, and UNFCCC, the Earth Summit has an place in mitigating the climate impacts. Moreover, this conference was attended by 192 global leaders ~~to~~ highlighting its significance.

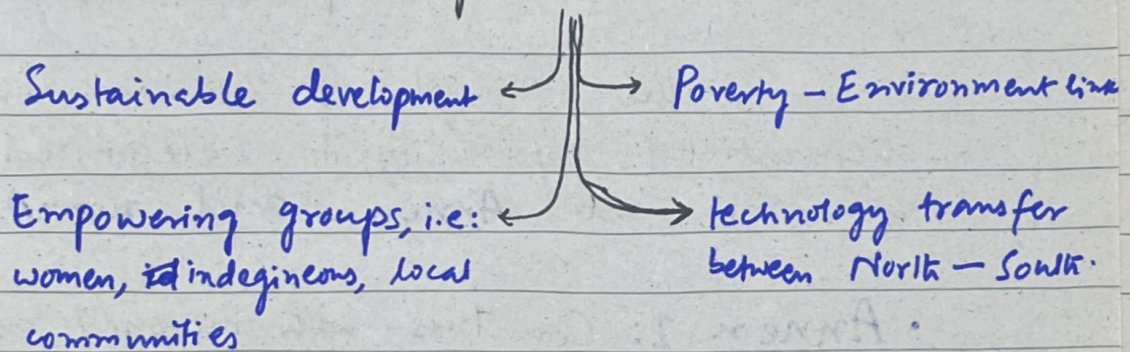
2. Products of Earth Summit 1992:



2.1: Agenda 21:

Agenda 21 is a non-binding global action plan to mitigate the impacts of climate change through action plans that are tailored to local, regional, and global needs.

Its provisions:



6400 local action plans have been implemented to this day.

2.2: United Nation Framework convention on Climate Change:

UNFCCC is a landmark multilateral agreement between countries.

Its primary aim was to reduce greenhouse gas concentration and stabilise them. For this, it gave several principles:

Principles:

→ P2: stabilise GHG.

Principles:

→ P3: CBDR and sustainable development.

→ P4: Obligations; mitigation, adaptation.

→ P7: COP as a supreme body.

On the principle of common but differentiated responsibility, it categorised countries into **Annex** and **non-Annex**:

- **Annex 1**: Countries with increased responsibility.

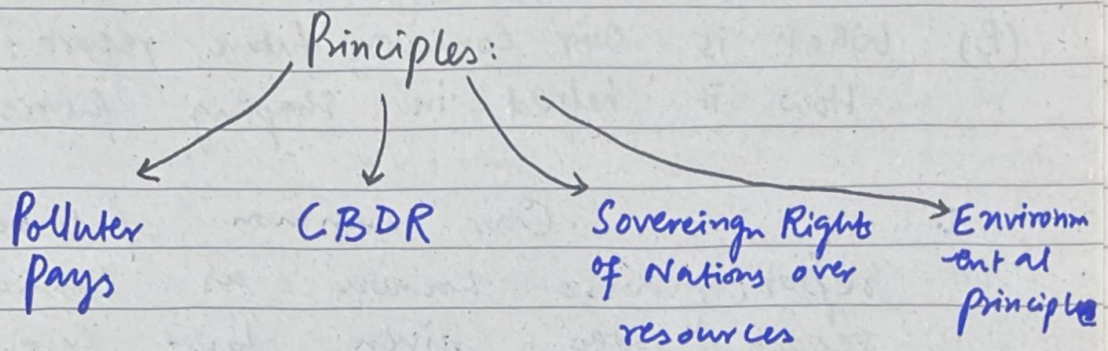


Subset of Annex 1: Countries that will develop countries through technological transfer and funding.

- **non-Annex**: Non-developed countries with less responsibility.

2.3: Rio declaration:

The Rio conference passed a declaration with 27 principles to combat climate change.



2.4: Global Climate Fund:

Rio declaration also established a global climate fund to help transition developing countries. It was later formalised under the UNFCCC.

2.5: Global Forest Policy:

The Earth Summit 1992 was the first conference to give a policy on forest resources of the world.

2.6: Convention on Biological diversity:

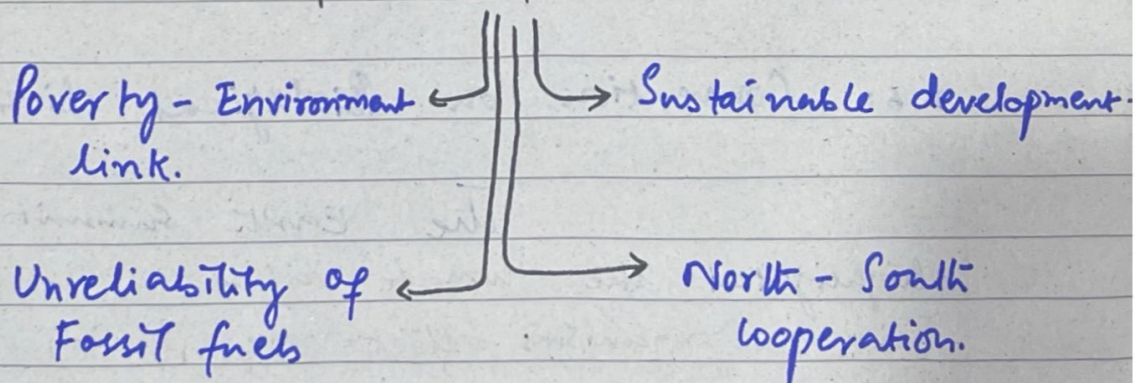
The Earth Summit 1992 highlighted the innate value of Earth's living organisms that are living on it before humans. It established mechanism for their protection.

(B) What is Our common future report?
How it helped in shaping future?

1. Our common future report, also known as Brundtland report, was given by Gro Harlem Brundtland (Norwegian PM), on the recommendation of World Commission on Environmental Development, UNGA.

The aim of Brundtland Commission was to track global environmental development since 1972 Stockholm conference and evaluate the challenges of in environmental management.

The provisions of "Our common Future"



1.1: Poverty - Environmental linkage:

Our common future report

linked poverty with environmental damage. According to the report, poverty leads to excessive exploitation of resources.

1.2: Defined sustainable development for the first time:

The Brundtland report gave the definition of sustainable development which is growth without harming future generations or intergenerational equity of resources.

1.3: Unreliability of fossil fuels and conversion to renewables:

Our common future report emphasized the conversion to renewable energy resources because of the 1970 oil crisis.

1.4: Enhancement of global cooperation:

The Brundtland report emphasized global cooperation for effective climate change mitigation and adaptation.

2. How it helped in shaping future?

Our common future shaped
future through:

Sustainable development
concept

Global action
plan through SDGs.

Linking poverty with
environment

Clear direction for
climate mitigation.

Shaped future conference
Rio, Johannesburg, Rio+

Global cooperation
in adaptation.

2.1: Sustainable development concept and
future climate conferences:

The Brundtland report
institutionalised sustainable development
in all the future global climate
summits and conventions.

2.2: Linking poverty with environment
gave a clear direction of action:

By Linking poverty
to environment, Our common future

report gave a clear direction of global action.

2.3: Shaped all future conferences and their mottoes:

Our common future shaped all the future global climate events through its provisions.

coordinated

2.4: ↓ Global action plan through sustainable development goals:

Our common future lead to the rise of MDGs first and then SDGs, combined global plan for economic, social, and environmental growth.

2.5: Global cooperation necessary for adaptation:

Because of its emphasis on global cooperation, all the following conventions, summits, and conferences witnessed enhanced and active global cooperation.