

Short Note on

Pakistan's role in United Nations

Introduction

"The United Nations was not created to take mankind to heaven, but to save humanity from hell"

The United Nations (UN) founded in 1945 is the foremost international organization dedicated to maintaining global peace, security and cooperation. Pakistan, as a newly independent state in 1974, recognized the importance of multilateral diplomacy in safeguarding sovereignty, resolving conflicts peacefully, and promoting its international interests. Over the decade Pakistan has played a significant and active role in UN, ranging from peacekeeping missions to raising crucial international issues especially concerning

regional security and Kashmir dispute

Historical Background

Pakistan emerged as a new state aimed at partition related violence, refugee crisis and territorial disputes with India.

It required international recognition and support to secure its sovereignty and territorial integrity.

The UN provided a platform for diplomatic engagement to address these concerns peacefully.

Pakistan Joined the United Nations

Pakistan applied for membership shortly after independence and became full member on 30 September 1947. Its early participation in the United Nations was largely motivated by Kashmir conflict as Pakistan sought international mediation and recognition of its position.

First major involvement

Pakistan raised the Kashmir issue at the UN, leading to the UN commission for India and Pakistan (UNCIP) in 1948.



This marked the first diplomatic engagement at the global level.

Pakistan's role in the United Nations

Pakistan has contributed actively to UN Peacekeeping missions

Since joining the UN in 1947 Pakistan has regularly sent troops, police and experts to UN peacekeeping missions around the world. Its forces have served in countries such as Congo, Somalia, East Timor, Sierra Leone, Liberia and Sudan, earning recognition for their professionalism and discipline. These contributions have helped maintain international peace and strengthened Pakistan's reputation and shown that it is a responsible member of UN.

Pakistan participates in the General Assembly and other UN bodies

Pakistan has actively participating in the UN General Assembly, the

Security council, the Economic and Social council and other committees.

Through these platform, it engages in discussions on international issues, presents Pakistan's position, and takes part in decisions on peace, security, development and human rights. This ensure that Pakistan's voice is heard in both regional and global matters.

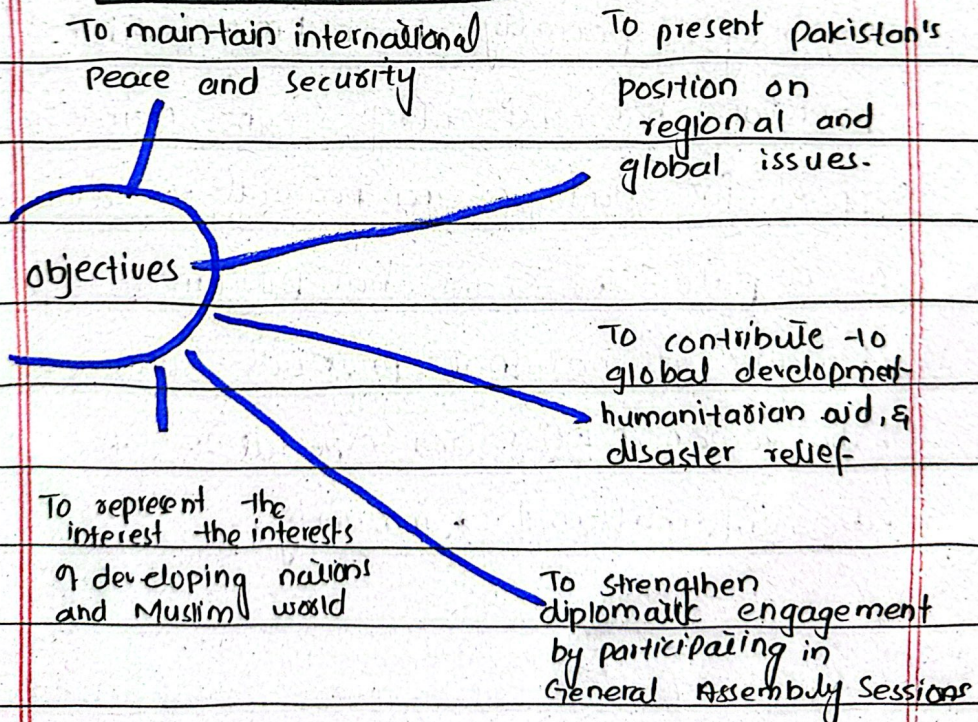
Pakistan uses the UN to protect its national interests

The UN provides Pakistan a forum to raise issue important to its national security, especially the Kashmir conflict. Pakistan has consistently sought international support for dialogue and peaceful resolution of dispute. This shows how Pakistan balances its national priorities with the responsibilities and expectations of the international community.

Pakistan Supports UN humanitarian and development work

Pakistan also contributes to UN programs in humanitarian aid, ^{as} disaster relief, education, health and refugee assistance. By participating in these efforts, Pakistan promotes international cooperation and shows its commitment to improving human welfare and supporting sustainable development worldwide.

Objectives of Pakistan in the UN



Significance of ^{the} UN for Pakistan

The United Nations is important for Pakistan because it provides a platform to raise its national concerns especially regarding security and Kashmir dispute in an international forum. It allows Pakistan to participate in peacekeeping missions, strengthening its global reputation and credibility. The UN also enable Pakistan to engage in multilateral diplomacy, influence decisions on regional and global issues, and support humanitarian and development initiatives. It gives Pakistan a chance to represent the interests of developing countries and the Muslim world, promoting justice, cooperation and sustainable development.

Conclusion

Pakistan's role in the United Nations has been active, constructive

and consistent since its independence.

Through peacekeeping missions, diplomatic engagement humanitarian contributions and advocacy for peaceful conflict resolution. Thus Pakistan's engagement with the United Nations reflects a balanced approach that strengthens both its international standing and collective goals of the international community.