

Evaluate the Essay

Are my points valid and mature? what should I cover more in this topic? ↓

Points are okay but work on your articulation

Be clear connect your points with the globalization directly

mark my grammar, Punctuation and writing expression mistakes ↓

Grammatical mistakes

Improve structure of sentence

Adopt formal writing style

What about my essay structure?

Structure is fine but work on string evidences to substantiate your argument

Improve your hook

Globalization : Pros and Cons

①

Introduction

~~Ques~~

Globalization in real world

Background

Thesis Statement

Pros of Globalization

1. Economic growth and trade expansion
 - a) Boosts International trade and investment
Example: Rise of China and India
 - b) Pakistan: foreign investment and trade Collaboration
Example: CPEC and GSP+ with EU
2. Technological advancement
 - a) Rapid spread of innovations and ideas globally
Example: IT revolution and global Connectivity
 - b) Growth of Telecom, Fin-tech and E-commerce Pakistan
Example: Internet banking, crypto and blockchain
3. Cultural exchange
 - a) Increased exposure to different cultures, traditions
Example: Global music, movies, cuisines
 - b) Pakistan's youth exposure to ancient muslim culture
Example: Turkish and Arab culture adaptation

4. Travel and tourism boom

a) Easier international travel and cross-border tourism
Example: visa-free agreement and global destination

b) Travel and tourism boom in Pakistan

Example: Promoting northern areas and collaboration with tourism promoters

5. Educational and career opportunities

a) Students and professionals can study abroad and work abroad

Example: International Scholarship, global Collaboration and remote jobs

b) Educational advancement and global job hunting by Pakistani youth

Example: O and A level schooling model grows and getting job abroad.

Cons of Globalization

1. Economic inequality and dependency of developing countries

a) Benefits are unevenly distributed, widening rich and poor gaps

Example: economic disparity and between developed and developing countries

b) Countries are dependent and becomes victim of global uncertainty

Clearly mention how globalization leads to economic volatility.

Example: 2008 recession and post-Ukraine-Russia war uncertainty

2. Loss of Identity

a) Traditional norms and Cultural Identity damages
Example; Third world countries inferiority complex to first world

b) People prefer to called upon modern in Pakistan
Example; local languages and norms rapidly vanishing

3. Brain drain

a) Enforced migration to developed countries owing to unemployment

Example; Third world countries' youth rushing to developed countries

b) Brain drain in Pakistan

Example; over 400,000 leaves Pakistan in 6 months of 2025 and including professionals and specialists

4. Erosion of domestic industries

a) Industrial hegemony by global powers

Example; Domestic industries are unable to compete and more on this tariff was

b) Pakistan's domestic industries closing

Example; 1600+ textile industries closed since 2022

Conclusion

Once the world waited for ^{over} days and months to reach out others, now it all connected with one click. In modern age the world becomes a global village where everything is accessible at milliseconds. It all rapidly grew after the launch of Internet, where things were getting closer fastly. Recent two decades have created huge impacts on connectivity, easy access worldwide, exposure to different innovations. The growing innovations and modernization of the world becomes only become possible with the easiest communication and knowledge sharing due to globalization. Not just these, globalization results in economic growth and expansion of trade, technological advancement and innovations, cultural exchange among different societies. Globalization also provide opportunities for educational advancement and career growth worldwide, it promotes travel and tourism which results in interfaith and harmony. where globalization brings such opportunities, it also resulted in some negative outcomes; it created economic inequality between developed and developing countries and countries become dependant on developed ones, people loss their identity while adopting western culture and adaptation of their languages, and

5) norms, and values, it results in brain drain from third world countries which enforced people to migrate in the search of good career opportunities, globalization also results in erosion of domestic industries because of their inability to compete with global markets. Globalization results in many social, economic, and technological opportunities, whereas it also raised some concerns over ~~economic inequality~~ several factors which will be discussed in the essay.

First and most importantly, globalization results in trade expansionism and growth of economy not just for global powers but also for the developing countries. Owing to easy connectivity and exposure of international markets, it provides opportunities for different countries to compete world wide. In 1980 and 1990, China and India was not global competitors, in fact India in 1991 was on the verge of default and severe crisis was there, but now both countries are leading the world with trade and investment. China is currently at the second biggest economy because it avails opportunities provided by globalization, on the other hand, Pakistan also get benefits from it, it brought investment in the country

in form of China-Pakistan economic Corridor and also increase its collaborations with European countries and avail global markets opportunities in GSP+ agreement to boost its exports. In short, globalization has stimulated economic growth and expands trade and connectivity worldwide. ⑥

Secondly, globalization results in technological advancement in various sectors. Due to this opportunity a series of innovations and revolutions started because of easy access to knowledge and communication. It shares ideas globally and revolutionize the IT growth. Rapid spread of information technology results in advancement in many sectors like internet banking, e-commerce, knowledge sharing and upcoming innovations. It left the traditional and conventional techniques and technology and revolutionize the world with new innovations. In Pakistan, it revolutionize multiple sectors like Telecom sector, fin-tech sectors like easy Paisa and Jazzcash easy wallets, and introduced e-commerce business that provide new opportunities to upcoming generation. more on this upcoming blockchain and crypto technology would be life changing. To sum up, globalization results in innovations in every sector.

Thirdly, globalization provide opportunities for cultural exchange and exposure to different traditions as well. Peoples living in east can have access to western world and same goes for them. It exchanges local traditions, cultures, music, movies and food as well. For example, one living in europe can have access to culture of South asia and Africa. People from different ~~enjoys~~ regions enjoys different music, movies and cuisine. Korean pop music, hollywood and hollywood and growing foreign cuisine startups are greatest example of these. In related to Pakistan, Peoples explores the ancient muslim culture of Arabs and Turkish nations. Arab culture was adopted because of recurring visits of people to two holy mosques and shared religious traditions. whereas Turkish culture is merely because of globalization and specially recent launch of dramas by Turkey. In these ways, globalization helps to share culture and traditions globally.

Next to this, globalization promotes travel and tourism across the world. It helps to explore new beautiful destinations to visit and eases the travel internationally and cross-border tourism. Due to easy connectivity and

visa free agreements among countries, it promotes tourism industry like Switzerland, Australia and many European countries. Due to this tourism industry has seen rapidly growth worldwide and results in career opportunities and boosting fragile economies as well. many countries are majorly rely on tourism industry and their economy stands upon this sector. Pakistan also seen surge in foreign travellers in northern areas specifically after 2019 promotion and presenting beautiful destination to international communities. Northern areas was once dependent on traditional economic activities is now shifting towards tourism based economy. This also happens with the collaborations with international tourism promoters and targeting international communities, Hence, travel and tourism also grows because of globalization.

lastly, globalization also provides educational and career opportunities. students from anywhere the world are getting scholarships and opportunities to study in top and high ranked universities. not only educational opportunities but also good careers and work opportunities, even remote jobs are also possible owing to globalization. It enhance

Collaboration and ideas sharing globally which also becoming reason for new innovations. Silicon valley and American universities are greatest example of this where people gathered from world wide and study collectively and afterwards they get good career opportunities to contribute in global growth. Same goes for Pakistan, modern education like O and A level schooling see rapid growth because of the changing trend in youth and this only happen when masses get exposure of global demand and opportunities. More on this Pakistani youth also getting reputable and multinational jobs. Remote jobs also provided great opportunities for masses. To conclude, educational and career advancement is one of the most greatest opportunities provided by the globalization.

where globalization provides such a great opportunities in social, technological and economy; it also highlighted concerns over economic inequality and developing countries dependency, identity loss of masses, result in brain drain and devastating domestic industries and economy.

First amongst the Cons of globalization is the economic inequality between developed and developing countries. It is widening the rich and poor country gap because the developed ones are more flourishing while the developing are unable to compete with them. In global market only those survive which have less cost of producing and able to sell the products in cheaper price, having said this, developing countries' cost of producing is almost too high because of their internal economic challenges. Hence, they are unable to compete globally and gradually becoming more worst. More on this, countries are dependent and interconnected in this global village and even a minor uncertainty costs too much to already economically shranked countries. In 2008 global recession and in current dynamics this happens post-Russia Ukraine war when the global oil prices, rapidly increased and Pakistan's challenges also increased. To sum up, globalization has huge impacts on global economies are resulting in economic inequality for poor states.

For secondly, because of globalization, nations are losing their cultural identity because of inferiority complex among masses. First world countries, mostly

West countries have proved themselves as a more ^(v) modern and superior civilization and as a result third world countries' masses went into inferiority complex and started adopting their culture, languages, dresses and educational standards. This approach has worsened the third world countries' own heritage and traditions and slowly and gradually losing their identity. Like as example of Turkey, once have its own culture and identity of ottoman empire which ruled half of the world, people are diverted towards europe and adopting their norms which enforced government to reproduce their identity and its started production of multiple dramas. Same goes with Pakistan, most of people prefer to called upon modern in Pakistan on the basis of how much they have been adopting modern culture, dresses, and their education. Hence, globalization also created negative impacts on people's identity.

Thirdly, globalization also affected to enforced migration of people from less developed countries to developed ones. This term is called brain drain, when people living in one country unable to fulfill their basic necessities due to inflation, price hikes, uncertainty and low consumer price index. In broader perspective, these all challenges basically started from formerly explained economic disparity among nations, when

Poor and developing countries are unable to compete ⁽¹²⁾ with developed ones and eventually it results in their economic losses. From recent 3 years almost 29 billion Pakistani youth have left Pakistan in search of better employment and ^{good} lifestyle for their families. This migration includes most of the professionals like doctors, engineers, and IT professionals. This approach not only affecting individual's lifestyle but also challenge for country's future in longer run. In result, the globalization also causing brain drain globally.

Last but not the least, globalization also affecting domestic industries of developing countries. Developed countries are trying to maintain their status-quo in the global markets and in return, developing countries own industry is goes towards closure or limited production. Most of the under-growth states are remain poor because of their cost of production is more compare to global selling price of the product. Upon already depleting industries, global powers exert more pressure by putting tariff and levies. As in the recent scenario, Mr. Trump has started tariff war to targetting countries which are their adversaries to maintain their global hegemony. Pakistan domestic industry as well was once the global exporter and now is on the

mercy of others in terms of imports. Here also the cost of production playing an important role because in the result, these industries are unable to sell their products. A report said that since 2022 almost 1600+ textile industries shut down their business or moved to another country because of uncertainty and higher production costs. By discussing these factors, it is crystal clear that globalization also have worst impacts on domestic industries of already shrinked countries.

To Summarize all the discussion, there is no doubt that globalization have raised some severe concerns of economic inequality, result in loss of identity of nations, causing brain drain and become reason of closure of domestic industries; but its pros leads over the cons which are trade expansion, technological advancement, cultural exchange promote travel and tourism and educational and career opportunities. These opportunities will ultimately results in global peace and prosperity and bilateral cooperation among nations. The increase in innovation and steady growth of technology is only possible because of globalization and mutual cooperation and technology research. Recent two

have changed the trends towards globalization (14)
after the launch of Internet where everything
is becomes possible on just one click. once the
the world waited for over the days and months to
reach out others, now it all connected with just
milliseconds. A famous saying well suits here that
"In the age of globalization, no nation can live
in isolation".