

Economic inequality is the greatest threat to democracy
 (Outline)

I- Introduction

Thesis Statement: Indeed, economic inequality poses the greatest threat to democracy. Economic imbalance corrupts democracy through concentration of political power, weakness of political participation and erosion of trust in institutions. Nevertheless, with the adoption of economic reforms, inclusive political policies and empowering marginalized sections of society we can ensure a crude democratic culture.

II- Understanding the underlying relation between economic inequality and democracy

A- Democracy and Socialism have nothing in common but one word: equality

1- Alexis de Tocqueville's relation of equality and democracy

2- Constitution 1973. Article 37(e)

B- Economic inequality refers to unequal distribution of income, wealth, opportunity and resources.

1- Joseph Stiglitz remarks on inequality of wealth

C- Economic inequality leads to corrupt democracy.

1- Barack Obama, former U.S president

III- How Economic Imbalance leads to defective democracy?

A- Concentration of wealth determines centralization of power.

1. Feudalism and Dynastic political system in Pakistan.

2. "Concentration of wealth" - Noam Chomsky.

B- Economic inequality reinforces elite capture of institutions.

C- Economic imbalance leads to political disempowerment of the poor.

1. Voter unawareness of social entitlements, Bihar India

2. "Poverty is not only lack of income" - Amartya Sen

D- Economic disparity breeds in rise of populism and Authoritarianism

1. Pakistani middle class erosion and authoritarian rules

2. Venezuela's middle class erosion led to democratic backsliding

E- Economic difference results in social unrest and polarization.

1. Separation of East Pakistan - 1971

F- Economic injustice yields in weak rule of law & corruption.

1. Panama Papers, Pakistan

2. Swiss account case - Pakistan

G- Fair economic system assentuates unequal access to education and information.

1. Urban - Rural educational literacy rate in Pakistan

F- Unequal economic division leads to unequal political participation

1. Indian 70% of MPs in Lok Sabha elections were millionaires

2. 90% of Ministers in Pakistan are landlords

DATE: 1/1

IV. Reforms needed to ensure crude democracy:

- A- Establishing a progressive Taxation system for accountability of all classes.
- B- Redistribution of land from feudal landlords to landless farmers.
- C- Ensuring equal accountability and strengthening rule of law
- D- Provision of free and quality education along with vocational trainings for marginalized class

V. Conclusion

Your outline is fine

Avoid 1st person pronoun in essay paper

If mentioning example in one point mention them in all

Avoid ing form in recommendations