
PART-II

- Q.2.** Briefly narrate the Difference between Deen and Religion. Explain the need of Religion in Scientific age.
- Q.3.** Explain the philosophy of Zakat. What are the social, moral and individual impacts of Zakat? Explain.
- Q.4.** Explain the Sirah of the Holy Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) as a Role Model for Diplomat and an Educator.
- Q.5.** Islam places great emphasizes on Minority Rights. Discuss.
- Q.6.** What are Vital Elements of Political System of Islam? How it played the role in development of modern state craft. Explain
- Q.7.** Explain the Quranic Guidance on Good Governance. How this can be adopted?
- Q.8.** Write short notes on the following:
- i. Benevolence in Islam
 - ii. Secondary Sources of Shariah

QUESTION: 4

ANSWER

INTRODUCTION:

The Sirah of the Holy Prophet is the best example for all people including diplomats and educators. Holy Prophet (PBUH) is a role model for diplomats as he established peace with his enemies. Moreover, he is a role model for educators as he was sent by Allah as a teacher.

HOLY PROPHET (PBUH):

A ROLE MODEL FOR
DIPLOMAT:

Holy Prophet (PBUH) is the best example for a diplomat. As Hamidullah said in his book:

"The Foreign policy of the Holy Prophet was the peace for all and peace with all."

① Diplomatic Effort of Holy Prophet (CPBUH) at Makkah:

① Journey to Taif

Holy Prophet (CPBUH) visited Taif to preach Islam. However, people of Taif badly injured him. Hazrat Jibril asked his permission to destroy those people between two mountains. However, Holy Prophet was so hopeful.

"Holy refused the proposal of Hazrat Jibril and asked a prayer of guidance for those people."

relate these arguments to the qs statement.

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⑥ Migration to Abassinya:

When the Muslims could not endure the hardships of Quraish, Holy Prophet asked them to migrate to Abassinya rather than fighting with Quraish.

⑦ Victory of Makkah (3A'H):

After conquering Makkah, Holy Prophet (PBUH) established peace by pardoning his worst enemies. Thus, a real diplomat prefer peace over vengeance.

⑧ Diplomatic Efforts of Holy Prophet (PBUH) at Madina:

① Pact of Madina:

The pact of madina

was signed in 1 A.H. He established peace between Aws and Khazraj tribes through this pact.

(b) Treaty of Hudaibiya:

It was signed in 6 A.H. Holy Prophet accepted the bitter condition of Quraysh for 10 years peace.

(c) Followed treaty in good faith:

In the treaty of Hudaibiya, the Holy Prophet (PBUH) was asked to return any person who approach Holy Prophet from Makkah. That's why Holy Prophet returned Khazraj who sought refuge with Holy Prophet due to bad treatment of Quraysh. Thus, Holy Prophet sought refuge fulfilled the terms of treaty.

(d) Sending letter to rulers

Holy Prophet (PBUH) sent letters to the king of Persia, Egypt and Rome to invite them towards Islam.

(e) Religious freedom to diplomats

Foreign diplomats were given freedom to perform their religious practices. A delegation from Najran was given permission to offer their religious prayer in the mosque of Nabvi.

(f) Protection of the life of diplomat

A messenger from Musallima Qazak was not killed who brought the message from Musallima claiming to be Prophet.

HOLY PROPHET : A ROLE Model for AN EDUCATOR:

Holy Prophet was sent by God as a teacher. Ameer Muwainya said about Holy Prophet:

"I have never seen a teacher better than the Holy Prophet in my life"

① Teaching with eloquence and fluency in Arabic:

Holy Prophet was eloquent and fluent in Arabic language. As a result, he would easily his message.

② Teaching through ease:

Holy Prophet would

try to explain difficult
concept in easy way.
Hazrat Ayesha said:

"Holy Prophet would
always choose the
easy way except
the one forbidden
in Islam."

③ Explaining concept through Examples:

first add description of atleast 5 lines and then add references/

He (PBUH) would
use different examples
to explain the lesson.

"Muslims are like
the tree of Date
that grows straight
without harming other
plants".

④ Encourage Pondering:

Holy Prophet (PBUH)
would encourage pondering

"A moment of pondering

is better than a
worship of whole
night" (Hadith).

⑤ Encourage learning modern subjects.

He would always
encourage learning modern
education. For instance,
Hazrat Umar was adept
in Astronomy.

CONCLUSION:

The Seerah of
Holy Prophet (PBUH) is
the best example for
all people including a
diplomat and educator.
As Holy Prophet (PBUH) preferred
peace over war. Moreover,
he gave different ways
to instill knowledge in people.