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Democracy: Hopes and Hurdles

1. Introduction

Thesis Statement: Although the

democracy in Pakistan has been a weak point due to military interventions, political instability and weak institutions

However, there is a hope that democracy will flourish as the rise of civil society, improved literacy rate and role of independent media can be seen.

write with proper subject

work on your sentence structure please

plz avoid writing in passive please

② Human Political Evolution and Appraisal of 77 Years of Democracy in Pakistan

③ Factors Which Hindered the Democracy in Pakistan

i) Leadership Vacuum

ii) Military Interventions

made Democracy weaker

iii) Political Instability cause

~~Damage to Democracy~~

iv) ~~Weak Institutions~~

~~Weakened Democracy~~

v) ~~Corruption : One of the Major Democratic Hurdle~~

vi) ~~Illiteracy being Root Cause of Weak Democracy~~

vii) ~~Weak Economy Makes Democracy Weak~~

viii) ~~Feudalism : A hurdle in Strong Democracy~~

④ ~~Bright Future of Democracy in Pakistan - Hopes~~

i) ~~The Rise of Middle Class into Politics~~

ii) ~~Improved Literacy rate means Stronger Democracy~~

iii) ~~Independent Media plays vital Role in Strengthening Democracy~~

iv) ~~Universal Support to~~

for Democratic System

v) Rising Trust between civil and Military leaders

vi) Economic Stability causes means strong Democracy

vii) Relatively Fair Elections

viii) Role of International Community

5. Conclusion

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"A democracy has ~~got~~ to be progressive, or soon it will cease to be either great or democracy." - Theodore Roosevelt. The concept of this quotation shows ~~reflects and indicate that~~ the hurdles, democracy has ~~got to be~~ progressive because it ~~is~~ essential. Therefore, the hope for better and flourishing democracy is most. To understand it better, according to Merriam Webster Dictionary, democracy is "a government in which the supreme power is vested in the people and exercised by them directly or indirectly through a system of representation usually involving periodically held free elections." All the political

thinkers, despite their disagreement on different concepts, agree that democratic system is best form of government.

However, the democratic system in countries like Pakistan has not been stable.

But, there is potential of strong democracy. Although, the democracy has been a weak point in Pakistan due to military interventions, political instability, and weak institutions.

However, there is a hope that democracy will flourish as the rise of civil society, improved literacy rate, and the role of independent media can be seen.

In the start of human's life, only food, shelter and clothes were necessary.

for survival but with the increasing population, a governance system was also needed in society. The world has gone through many political systems but eventually, human wisdom called the democratic government system best among all of them. The most important elements of democracy are, provision of basic human rights, equality before law, participation of citizens in governance, accountability and transparency and decentralization of power. In Pakistan, the democracy has not been stable and strong. The country has constantly struggled to balance the power between elected governments and the powerful military-bureaucratic

establishment. Whenever a democracy
dates to ^{the} such, conflicts and
various institutions pulled it
back. But with growing
literacy and public trust
in governments, its bright
future can be seen.

The primary hurdle which
made democracy in Pakistan
miserable was early demise
of its founding leaders
— Qaid-e-Azam and Liaqat
Ali Khan. After their death
the political elites failed
to make constitution for
near about a decade. This
made the country more
vulnerable as it already
was. For example, India
which got independence
along with Pakistan but
the democracy in India

is stronger as compared to Pakistan. This is because, its founding leader, Mahatma Gandhi lived longer than Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah. This created a major leadership vacuum which made Pakistan democratically weak. Since, for great democracy, great leaders are necessary who ensure rule of law.

One of the hurdles in better democracy in Pakistan is military interventions in politics. Unless there would be no balance between civil and military leaders, it is impossible to make a country democratic. In 1977, General Zia-ul-Haq overthrew Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali

Buttutto in Coup "Operation Fair Play". He ruled for 11 years and introduced Islamization policies which deeply changed laws and society. This period halted democratic progress. Also, it strengthened military control over politics. Thus, the military interventions weakened the structure of democracy. Meanwhile, in India and other democratic countries where there was no military interventions are relatively stable in democracy.

Another major reason of unstable democracy in Pakistan is political instability. The frequent government changes results in chaos and it weakens public trust in

governments. In 1990, the governments of two political parties were collapsed before their tenure. This decade was politically unstable which automatically makes democracy unstable. Also, in 2022, again the government was collapsed before its tenure. The constant struggles of political instability makes country more vulnerable to weak democracy. The countries where there is political stability like Norway, Sweden and Finland etc are good example of democratic system. Thus, unless there is no consensus of political parties it will be a hurdle in progress of strengthened democracy.

Among many reasons,
Weak institutions are the
reason of weak and
unstable democracy. If the
institutions will be fragile,
democratic norms can not be
survived. The Lawyers
Movements in 2007, when
President Musharraf suspended
Chief Justice Iftikhar Muhammad
Chaudhry, lawyers and
independent civil society
launched protests and forced
his restoration. This shows
how judicial independence
can resist executive abuse
and injustice. Thus, strong
institutions play vital role
in countries' democracy.

plz write more substantiative passages please

plz do not write in passive

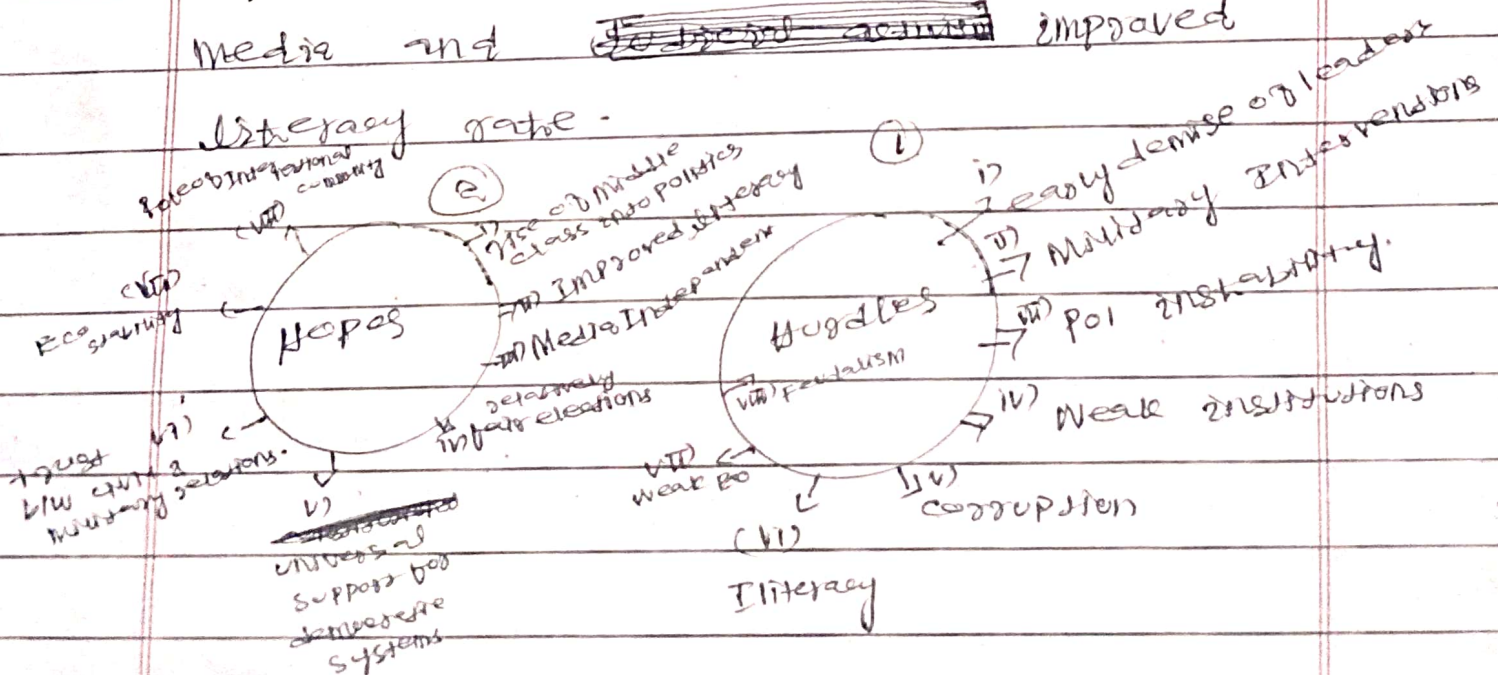
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Democracy: Hopes and hurdles.

Intro

Although Pakistan

has been progressing a weak point due to ~~and~~ military interventions, weak institutions, and political instability ~~but~~ ~~still it has a bright future~~ but there is ^{still} hope of progressive democracy because of rise of civil society, independent media and ~~economic growth~~ improved literacy rate.



① Introduction

Thesis statement

② Human pol evolution and appraisal of 77 years of democracy in Pakistan.

③ Why democracy not flourished in Pakistan.

④ Hopeful future of ~~the~~ democracy in Pakistan.

⑤ Conclusion.