

Karl Marx

Work on making ur sentences more formal

was a great philosopher.

He introduced the concept Socialism and
communism.

Purportated that

he told, that history shaped through
different stages. Changes and revolutions
which come in history that on
base of religions & Ideas but on
base of resources and economy.There are few stages which are
Primitive communism, Monarchy, Slavery,
Feudalism, Capitalism, Socialism and
Communism. According to the Karl
Marx, there are two types ofclasses in the community, first is
Bourgeoisie, is the class which hold
status of ownership of lands, factories
and industries and second class
is proletariat which work under
command of bourgeoisie. BourgeoisieTry to avoid such vague sentence
work in factories and industriesHe had to meet their needs. In other
words, Karl Marx is ~~introducing~~~~about this new form of government~~

The class of "Have not". The Proletariat class works under less wages and profit which comes from their work that is not given to them. Karl Marx ask to Proletariat class to revolt against bourgeoisie class. Get the control of state from bourgeoisie and abolish rights of ownership. Make transition state teach to all people equally divided resources among all people and then bring ideal ideology. In ideal communism there is no concept of government, no concept of state mean state less and government less community. Further Karl Marx said then divide resources among people upon the principle of "from each according to his ability, to each according his need".

Criticism

According to this ~~principle~~ is about economic centric and resources but he missed elements like culture,

Day:-

Date:-

Ideology and naturalism.

State less and government less Ideo
is true, It has no ground acceptability.
Karl Marx discussed only two classes
bourgeois and proletariat but there
are also other classes exist in
community as like middle class.

7

~~Russia revolution 1917 and China
revolution 1949 were based on~~

There was Karl Marx idea behind
Russia and China revolution in
1917 and 1949 respectively.