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Batch # → 83

Title: People and Divine Guidance

Precis:

Indent the paragraph.

<sup>Humans' fear</sup>  
Human fears of mysteries of  
life compelled them to communicate  
with the divine <sup>and</sup> seek guidance. In  
ancient Greece, to seek guidance, people  
<sup>communicated with</sup>  
communicated to soothsayers, who were  
expert <sup>in interpreting</sup> in interpreting omens, dreams  
palmistry <sup>message was</sup> & animal entrails. Sometimes  
the God's message directly conveyed  
through prophets, Apollo was the  
<sup>chief</sup> chief soothsayer while Delphi &  
Dodona were famous Oracles.

Do not include examples in precis. Just write their essence. Mistakes identified.



**Q. 2. Write a précis of the following and suggest a suitable title:**

**(20)**

The fear of human beings when faced with the mysteries of life and their weakness by comparison with the vastness of nature created in them a need to communicate with the divine, with the superior powers which they believed regulated the universe and determined their own fates. Knowledge of wishes of the gods was always a sure guide for human behavior. In ancient Greece, the precise nature of these wishes was 'decoded' by the art of giving oracles, practiced by soothsayers who had the gift of understanding the signs or signals sent by the gods.

The soothsayers uttered their oracles by interpreting flashes of lightening, rolls of thunder or the flights of certain birds of prey (omens); alternatively, they might observe the direction in which the fire burned when a sacrifice was made, examine the entrails of animals which had just been sacrificed, or base judgments on the sacrificial beast's willingness to approach the altar. The interpretation of dreams was popular too, and so was palmistry. The most notable soothsayers of ancient Greece were Tiresias, Calchas, Helenus, Amphiaraus and Cassandra.

However, there were abundant instances in which the gods did not manifest themselves to the faithful in the forms of signs but spoke directly to an intermediate who for a short time was overcome by a 'divine mania' and transcended his own human essence. Here the prophet- or more usually the prophetess- entered a state of ecstasy in which he or she delivered the message from the gods to the suppliants.

These practices for foreseeing the future were the basis on which the ancient Greek oracles operated. Each oracle was located within a properly-organized sanctuary and was directly associated with one or other of the gods. Apollo was the archetypal soothsayer for the Greeks, the god who was responsible for conveying to mortals the decisions pronounced by Zeus. The most important of all the oracles, that at the Delphi, delivered the messages with the intervention of Apollo, while the oldest that of Dodona, functioned with the assistance of Zeus.

**Q. 3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end.**

**(20)**