

Climate Diplomacy is the need of the hour

Outline

1) Introduction:

Thesis statement: Climate change is a global phenomena that need serious actions and global climate diplomacy. The major stakeholders of climate diplomacy are the developed countries and the rising economies. Many international agreements are so far done to mitigate its effects, but some serious obstacles are still here that need concrete action.

2, Meaning of the Term Climate Diplomacy:

3, Need for climate action:

3.1, Rising sea level on its peak

- Takarata the fastest sinking city.

3.2, Global rise of temperature

- 2024 is the warmest year by world meteorological organization.

3.3, Sea bed disturbance on CO₂ absorption.

4, Major Stakeholders of climate diplomacy:

4.1, Developed Countries actions.

4.2, Developing countries are the most vulnerable to climate change

4.3, The rising economies of the world

• China, India, S. Africa.

5, International agreements on climate:

5.1, Kyoto Protocol and UNFCCC

5.2, Paris agreement.

5.3, COP 29 on climate finance and support.

6, Pakistan role in Climate diplomacy:

• floods of 2022 and 2025.

7, Obstacles for climate diplomacy:

7.1, Developed countries violation of international agreements

• USA withdrawal from Paris Agreement.

7.2, Fossil fuel owning lobbies

• UAE held COP 28.

7.3, Lack of Accountability.

7.4, No concrete commitments.

8, Way forwards for climate diplomacy:

8.1, Regional level Cooperation of climate vulnerable countries.

8.2, Concrete agreements and commitments.

8.3, Strict rules and regulation and strong global governance.

8.4, Promotion of renewable energy sources.

9, Conclusion:
