

ASSIGNMENT OF ENGLISH ESSAY

Pathways to Pakistan's Prosperity

Outline

1) Promotion of Education

- a. Removal of illiteracy
- b. Building of schools and colleges at rural areas.
- c. Recruiting of qualified staff
- d. Introduction of same curriculum/curriculum of same standard both at private and public sector
- e. Increasing the wages of Academics/Educationists
- f. Increase the amount of/percentage of National Budget for on education sector

2) Development of Health Sector

- a) Construction of hospitals, dispensaries and accessibility of ambulance system at rural areas.
- b) Hiring of qualified staff of doctors and nurses
- c) Use of recent medical technologies, machineries and equipments.
- d) Renew/Renovate the Infrastructure of hospitals and recruiting of qualified faculty in urban areas.
- e) Less Expenditure at private sector
- f. Reduction in the prices of medicines and make free accessibility of them
- g. Public awareness of health issues
- h. Increase the percentage of National Budget on health sector.

3) Development of Infrastructure

- a. Making of roads, railways, highways and proper sanitation system in rural areas
- b. Construction/Renovation of roads, railways and drainage system in big cities
- c. Construction of walk tracks, footpaths, parks and gyms ⁱⁿ urban areas
- d. Renovation and maintenance of public spots and toilets
- e. Building of factories and industries away from the cities and towns.

4) Economic Development

- a. Promotion of Industrialization
- b. Making of finished goods and increase the exports of raw materials
- c. Increasing foreign Investments
- d. Decreasing unemployment
- e. Elimination of inflation
- f. Eradication of corruption

5. Maintaining Law and Order Situation

- a. Equality before law
- b. Accountability of Executives / Higher authorities by Judiciary
- c. Immediate verdict / decision implementation
- d. Introduction of better security management system.

6. Political Stability

- a. Conduction of free and fair election
- b. Promotion of Democracy
- c. Elimination of political crises / conflict among parties
- d. Promotion of completion of ^{tenure of} democratic government.
- e. Decline the imposition of Marshal Law
- f. Continuity of ongoing / previous development projects by newly elected government.
- g. Public accountability of authorities / Politicians

7. Promotion of Sports and Tourism

- a. Conduction of events of sports at national level
- b. Building of more stadiums, sports ventures and grounds at urban areas.
- c. Promotion of International sports events
- d. Building / Ensuring security / Ensuring secure environment for Foreign players
- e. Giving secure environment / protected environment to Tourists

- f. Discovering, renovating and promotion of national heritage led to
g. ~~Increasing~~ of increasing of country's GDP.

8) Development of Friendly Relations with Neighboring Countries

- a. Stabilizing political relations with Afghanistan
- b. Resolve border issues and develop diplomatic relations with India
- c. Show solidarity and support towards Iran against Israel.

9. Development of Good Relations with Muslim World.

- a. Support the Muslim countries in their war against terrorism
- b. Development of good diplomatic and economic relations with Saudi Arabia
- c. Provision of finances and military deployment in Palestine
- d. Working on the development and functionality/efficiency of Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC)

"Prosperity depends more on wanting what you have than having what you want", Geoffrey F. Abert. This statement of Geoffrey clearly depicted or stated that nation's progress was more depending on realizing and analyzing the significance of their own resources and potentials, processing and utilizing of them rather measured on desiring and depending on other's resources. In the contemporary world of multipolarity the rising nations such as China, historically ruled by British Empire among other Empires, after gaining the independence started evaluating/calculating the importance of their own raw materials and began to work upon them by manufacturing their own finished goods and selling them and gained autonomous position in international commercial arena like all other fields of political and social in nature. Pakistan in the same way can attain prosperity by started/begin to realize their own potential such as promoting Education, Development of health sector, developing its infrastructure which led towards its economic development, maintaining law and order situation, ensuring political stability domestically and developing good rela

with neighboring countries and Muslim world at international level and
more importantly development of its sports and Tourism. The emphasis/
emphasis and working upon these causes will ultimately lead Pakistan
towards prosperity and progress like other developed and rising nations
of the world.