

The cold war never ended

Outline:

① Introduction:

Thesis Statement: The ~~vivacity~~ diverse between US and China on multiple fronts including US-China trade war, ~~different~~ approaches towards global governance along with others and the contemporary global politics reflect the patterns of ~~contending~~ <sup>plz break into short sentences</sup>, thus cold war never ended.

② The new cold war between US and China:

②a) Rise of China as global power and threat to US

Case in point: Thucydides Trap

②b) US and China Trade war

Case in point: Tariffs

②c) Technology as a new domain of war between the two global powers

Case in point: US's restriction on Chinese technology

②d) Different approaches of both

~~powers towards global governance~~

Case in point: China's call for inclusive global governance during SCO summit

② Diverse leadership styles of both powers

③ The patterns of contemporary global politics and the continuation of cold war:

③a) The rivalry between India and Pakistan

Case in point: 4 days Russia-Ukraine conflict and European union

③b) Conflict between Russia and Ukraine

Case in point: Russia's invasion of Ukraine in 2022

③c) Israel and Iran rivalry over nuclear weapons

Case in point: 12 days war in June.

③d) China and Taiwan issue

Case in point: One China Policy

④ Cold war has ended - A misconception

④a) Ideological rivalries still shape global politics

Case in point: US and China diverse ideologies

④b Rivalries between major powers

on multiple fronts

④c Alliances continue to shape global politics

⑤ Conclusion

After two great wars, human believe that there would be no major war. A common conception was that humanity suffered greatly in these wars, so ~~any~~ future war would be avoided. It was just a misconception and the world witnessed a major war again: the rivalry between US and Soviet Union which were <sup>the</sup> ~~of that time~~ great powers ~~of the time~~. In his book "Lessons from History", Will Durant stated that wars are one of the constants of history. The two major world wars, the Cold War and the contemporary

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global politics reflect this statement. Wars are fought throughout the history and they continue to shape the world today. In the similar way, the fall of Berlin in 1991 made an assumption that Cold war has ended. In reality Cold war has never ended and it is evident in the rivalry between two major powers of the world on multiple fronts. In addition to this, contemporary global politics reflect the patterns of Cold war like Pakistan and India's rivalry, Conflict between Russia and Ukraine along with others. The rivalry between US and China on multiple fronts including US-China trade war, different approaches towards global governance along with others and the contemporary global politics reflect the patterns of Cold war; thus Cold war never ended.

# Challenges to combat terrorism in Pakistan

## Outline:

### ① Introduction:

Terrorism as a challenge to progress

of country

try to make more comprehensive and meaningful thesis statement please

Historical overview

Thesis statement: Pakistan faces numerous

challenges to combat terrorism like

governance issues, poverty, lack

of educational opportunities along

with others

### ② Challenges to combat terrorism

#### in Pakistan:

②a) Governance issues as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Chandler Good Government

Index, 2025

②b) Poverty possess a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: World Bank Report

②c) Center-provinces divide as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Lack of consensus between center and provinces on policy matters

⑧ Lack of educational opportunities is challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: 0.8% of GDP for education

⑨ Cross border Terrorism as a major challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: TTP using Afghanistan to attack Pakistan

⑩ Insurgency in Balochistan as a challenge to Pakistan to combat terrorism

Case in point: Attacks on government and foreign officials in Balochistan

⑪ The enduring gap between policy and implementation as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Policies are evident in papers, not in practical actions

⑫ Economic instability in the country as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Economic Survey of Pakistan 2024-2025

(i) Human rights violation in counter-terrorism actions as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Displacement of population in FATA

(ii) Pakistan's geographical position as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Threat from both Eastern and Western borders

(iii) Lack of regional cooperation as a challenge to combat terrorism

(iv) Use of social media by terrorist organizations for recruitment is challenge to combat terrorism

(v) Religious extremism is a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Role of Madrasas

(vi) Grievances of the population as a challenge to combat terrorism

Case in point: Grievances of Balochistan and terrorism in the province

### ③ Conclusion

Pakistan has been facing many problems since its inception. These problems hinder progress of the country. Terrorism is one among them. The country suffered greatly due to terrorism. Innocent lives were lost, people were displaced, officials lost their lives while fighting against terrorism, and infrastructures were damaged. Terrorism is the calculated use of violence to achieve political objectives. It shaped the landscape of Pakistan for decades and even continues to shape it today. The country could not get rid of this evil despite efforts. Many challenges persist in combating terrorism in the country. Governance issues is the foremost challenge in the country to combat terrorism. In addition to this, poverty and lack of educational opportunities in the

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country face serious challenges to combat terrorism. Furthermore, cross-border terrorism along with other factors pose present significant challenges to combat terrorism in the country. Thus, Pakistan faces numerous challenges to combat terrorism like governance issues, poverty, lack of educational opportunities along with others.