

Q NO # 01

ANSWER.

I. INTRODUCTION.

The history of the existing society is the history of class struggle.
(Karl Marx.)

Karl Marx argues in his book "The Manifesto of Communism" that state, class, and Religion are tools of exploitation. Bourgeoisie exploit Proletariat and state maintain this exploitation through laws. Moreover, clergy scarce common people

from revolt. In this way, society is being exploited.

II KARL MARX VIEWS

ABOUT CLASS:

Karl Marx argues that division of classes is the result of upper classes. ~~They~~ They constantly exploit ~~lower~~ class.

As a result, class division remains unhampered.

a). Economic determinism.

According to Karl Marx, all political, economic, ~~social~~ religious systems ~~are~~ are defined by economic factors.

Super structure

State,
Religion,
Society
etc.

Economic
foundations

① Means of Production

↳ Labor

↳ Technology

↳ Raw material

② Class division.

↳ Bourgeoisie

↳ Proletariat

b) ~~Types~~ Surplus Value Theory.

Karl Marx argues that Bourgeoisies for their maximum profits and wealth exploit laborers. They give them minimum possible wages to increase their shares.

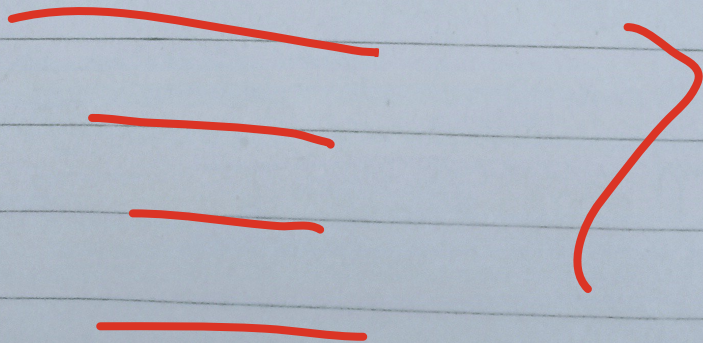
Day: _____

Date: _____

The surplus value is the
embodiment of
labor exploitation
(Karl Marx)

e). Class struggle Phenomenon.

According to Marx,
after years of exploitation,
labor class starts revolution
against upper class.
This creates conflict
among them which
pulverize the existing
system of the society.



Day: _____

state.

Date: _____

a). Provides Justification
of exploitation

Karl Marx proposes
that the class differences
and exploitation is
done in the society
are justified by state.

State is the inst-
itution of Burgeoi-
sies to exploit
proletate in a
legal way.
(Karl Marx)

b). State maintains the
exploitation of poor
people through laws.

According to Karl
Marx, laws are means
to exploit lower

classes and benefit
bourgeoisies.

state laws are the
biggest impediment
in the way of
proletarian revolution.
(Karl Marx)

IV

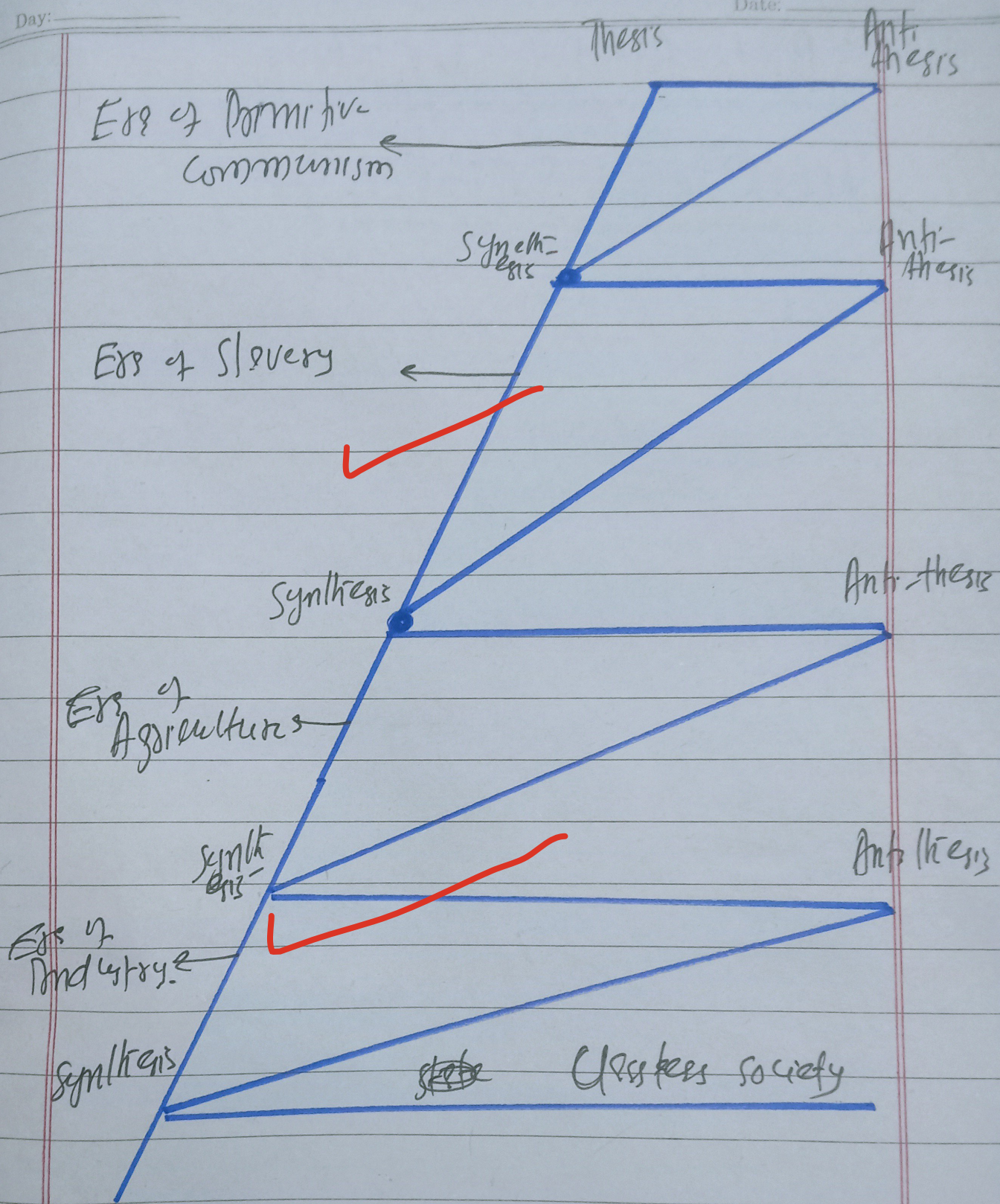
KARL MARX VIEWS ABOUT RELIGION.

{ Religion is the opium }
{ for the people. }
(Karl Marx)

Marx argues that
Religion is the tool
clergy class to facilitate

Day: _____

Date: _____

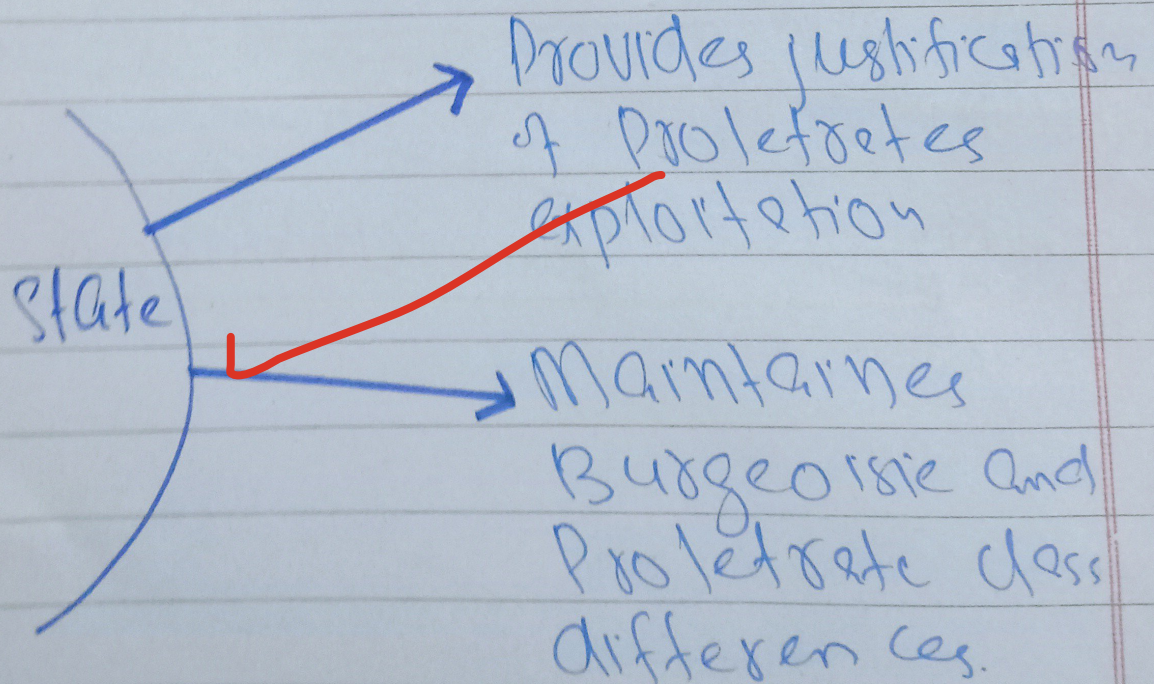


Day: _____
Date: _____
III

KARL MARX VIEWS

ABOUT STATE:

Karl Marx argues that state is the cornerstone of super structure of the society. Marx says there are two functions of state in exploitative system.



Burgeonses to exploit proletariates. They deliberately frighten people from ~~start~~ revolution. This way, ~~poor~~ people remain exploited for longer time.

V CRITICISM OF KARL MARX THEORY.

Following are some ~~criticism~~ points which criticize Karl Marx ~~theory~~ of communism.

a). Too much emphasize on economic factors.

Karl Marx argued that all evils in the

society are caused by economic factors which is not true. There are many other factors as well which define the fabric of a society.

~ To Karl Marx, everything happens due to economic factors; which is ~~unreasonable~~ to think ~

b). No stressless society is achieved yet.

Marx's argument was that in the coming time capitalism will be defeated and stressless society ~~will~~ be achieved which proved wrong.

c). No place for morality.

Marx presented bourgeoisie class as a inhumane and vicious whose ultimate goal is to exploit proletariats. However, this is not reality in this modern times.

For example, many companies provide incentives and bonuses and paid leaves to employees. This proves that their ultimate goal is not the exploitation of employees.

add more arguments in this part.

VI CONCLUSION.

Karl Marx theories about state, class and religion are unique in the literature of political

According to him, all
social evils are caused
by bourgeoisies, maintained
by state and facilitated
by Religion.

10