

Q. 2. Write a précis of the following and suggest a suitable title:

(20)

The fear of human beings when faced with the mysteries of life and their weakness by comparison with the vastness of nature created in them a need to communicate with the divine, with the superior powers which they believed regulated the universe and determined their own fates. Knowledge of wishes of the gods was always a sure guide for human behavior. In ancient Greece, the precise nature of these wishes was 'decoded' by the art of giving oracles, practiced by soothsayers who had the gift of understanding the signs or signals sent by the gods.

The soothsayers uttered their oracles by interpreting flashes of lightning, rolls of thunder or the flights of certain birds of prey (omens); alternatively, they might observe the direction in which the fire burned when a sacrifice was made, examine the entrails of animals which had just been sacrificed, or base judgments on the sacrificial beast's willingness to approach the altar. The interpretation of dreams was popular too, and so was palmistry. The most notable soothsayers of ancient Greece were Tiresias, Calchas, Helenus, Amphiaraus and Cassandra.

However, there were abundant instances in which the gods did not manifest themselves to the faithful in the forms of signs but spoke directly to an intermediate who for a short time was overcome by a 'divine mania' and transcended his own human essence. Here the prophet- or more usually the prophetess- entered a state of ecstasy in which he or she delivered the message from the gods to the suppliants.

These practices for foreseeing the future were the basis on which the ancient Greek oracles operated. Each oracle was located within a properly-organized sanctuary and was directly associated with one or other of the gods. Apollo was the archetypal soothsayer for the Greeks, the god who was responsible for conveying to mortals the decisions pronounced by Zeus. The most important of all the oracles, that at the Delphi, delivered the messages with the intervention of Apollo, while the oldest that of Dodona, functioned with the assistance of Zeus.

Pre'cis - 2022

Date

Greek Oracle: A Voices of God

It was ~~in~~ the nature of a man to feel an urge to communicate with gods whenever he got entangled in any difficulty. A man also wanted to get knowledge about the gods or super-powers who were responsible for all the happenings in the universe. It was also the desire of a man to know the wishes of the gods and act accordingly. So for this purpose, ancient Greek people had laid faith on the soothsayers and oracles who were responsible for the communication of people with the gods. ~~With their help~~ of them, people also got to know gods' will. Usually in oracle, a prophetess entered a state of godly lunan lunacy and delivered the message from gods to the faithful. The most important oracles in the Greece were Delphi and Dodona.

Total words count: ~342

Pre'cis' words count: ~ 125

half precis on the same point
to much explanation
not satisfactory
need improvement

5/20
precis is incomplete