

Day: _____

Test I

Date: _____

Q1

Introduction

Ans

After war of independence, British government started persecution of Muslims because Britain did not want to see Muslims as political, economic and social power in India. Prominent religious scholars who worked for socio-political awakening of Muslims and for creation of Muslim identity in the subcontinent are Shah Waliullah, Sheikh Ahmed Sarkhindi, Shahed Ahmed Barelvi, Haji Shariatullah and Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.

2) Role of Shah Waliullah in Socio-political Awakening of Muslims and in formation of Muslim identity in the subcontinent

Shah Waliullah was the first person who translated the Holy Quran in Persian.

2.3 Role of Shah Waliullah in Formation of Muslim Identity in the Subcontinent

Shah Waliullah wrote a book named Hujjat-ul-Allah Balighah regarding basic tenets of Islam. He wrote this book in Persian so that Muslims can know the true teachings of Islam. He was a profound scholar of Hadith and Tafsir. Also, he was the first person who translated the Holy Quran in Persian.

2.2 Role of Shah Waliullah in Socio-political Awakening of Muslims in the Subcontinent

After the demise of Aurangzeb Alamgir, the power of Muslims in the Subcontinent weakened.

Other groups such as Jats and Marhataras got strong. Jats and Marhataras rose as a political force in India. Meanwhile, Shah Waliullah wrote a letter to Ahmed Shah Abdali, ruler of Afghanistan, regarding the barbarism of Jats and Marhataras. Shah Waliullah also invited him to cripple the power of Jats and Marhataras. Thus, Ahmed Shah Abdali fought third battle of Panipat with Jats and Marhataras.

and he defeated Jats and Marhataras. Thus, defeat of Jats and Marhataras consolidated the political power of Muslims in the Subcontinent.

3/ Role of Sheikh Ahmad Sahibzadi in Socio-political Awakening of Muslims

3/ Shaheed Ahmad Barelvi:
Shaheed Ahmad Barelvi started Jihad against Sikhs.

He also tried to diminish unislamic traditions and rituals from Islam.

He established an Islamic state in Balakot.

He was disciple of Shah Abdul Qadir of Dehli.

4/

Role of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan in Socio-political Awakening of Muslims in the Subcontinent

After the War of Independence 1857, British Empire initiated political, social and economic persecution of Muslims because Britishers thought that Muslims are the responsible of great mutiny. Thus, Sir Syed Ahmad Khan wrote an article named causes of Indian mutiny. He curtailed misconceptions of Britishers regarding Muslims with the help of this article.

5, Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
Gave Two Nation
Theory

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan gave the concept of Two Nation Theory. Before Hindi-Urdu controversy, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan said that two nations are like two beautiful eyes of a bride. After Hindi-Urdu controversy 1867, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan said that Hindus and Muslims are two separate nations. Their religion, culture, traditions and rituals are opposite to each other; therefore, they can not live together in united India. Thus, it was the basis of Muslim political identity in the subcontinent.

6 Role of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan in Socio-political Awakening of Muslims.

He built scientific society in Ghaziabad.

He built Muhammadan Anglo-oriental college in Aligarh.

He encouraged Muslims for getting knowledge in English.

He wrote several books for the guidance of Muslims.

7 Conclusion

Sir Syed Ahmed Khan played vital role in socio-political awakening of Muslims in the subcontinent.