

How did the Indus Water Treaty (1960) affect water distribution and ~~relation~~ between Pakistan and India?

Introduction:

Indus Water Treaty was

Signed between the Pakistan and India in

19 September 1960 under the supervision

of the World Bank. It was signed to

Solve the dispute between the both

Countries on the eastern and western

Rivers. According to this treaty, eastern
Rivers were given to India with 20%.

and western Rivers were given to Pakistan.

Pakistan can use 80 Percent western ^{Rivers} water

and India can consume 20 Percent eastern

Rivers water. For this treaty survived

despite of the dangerous condition between

the both countries and received appreciation

from international organizations due to its

survival in the hard condition of the

both states. In the late twenty century, This

treaty was implemented despite of the
three war between the both states.

Thus, This treaty developed friendly
relationships between the both states

And provided water to each country according to their needs.

Indus water treaty water distributed between Pakistan and India.

World Bank solved this conflict in Ayub Khan era in Pakistan. Both countries are tie agrarian economy and water is necessary for agriculture and ~~other~~ ^{some} other State sectors. These four Eastern rivers (Ravi, Beas, Sutlej) were given to India and western rivers (Chenab, Jhelum, Tawi) were given to Pakistan. Geographically India is upper riparian and Pakistan is lower riparian. India can consume 20 Percent water of eastern rivers and Pakistan can used 80 Percent water of western rivers.

In additional to, India can make project on ~~river~~ which can't stop the flow of water but she can't make project which stop the flow of water.

So, India has ability to make ~~run~~ of river projects on eastern and western rivers. At Present, India has unilaterally suspended the Indus water treaty and have made projects on rivers which are decreasing flow of water. So, Both

keep the description of a single argument brief and divide into subheadings.....

the country have facing hard relationship with each other. Pakistani government has declared to India about this action that is the act of war. So, water has importance for the both states and India unilaterally suspension of this treaty is passing a great threat between the both states. Last but not least, ~~the~~ India unilaterally suspension of treaty water is a source of hard relationship between the both states because ~~Pakistani~~ water agriculture sector depend on eastern rivers water and ~~Pakistan~~ can take any step for survival. **leave a line space b/w headings for neatness.....**

How did India's water treaty affected on the relationship between the both states.

After the India's water treaty, both the countries had agreed about this agreement because it was providing water to the both countries according to their needs. This treaty was survived despite of the hard relationship between the both states. Pakistan has fought four major wars with India but this treaty remained same as before as

first day of implementation. International organizations appreciate World Bank for this long-term treaty despite of the hard condition between the both states. use more specific and relevant headings.....

Indus water Commission

Indus water Commission was made and they were assisted to each others.

The Commissioners of the both states

provide water information to each others

as well as provide conformation

about floods and water shortage in

rivers. This commission proved fruitful for

the relationship between the both states

because it provides all ^{water} informations to

each others. Both the countries has tussle

with each other due to several issues

but they have cooperated with each

others bilaterally. Both the state never

claim for the suspension of this treaty.

According to this treaty, ^{Firstly} No state

can suspend this treaty but the

suspension will be bilaterally through

negotiations. Secondly, if one country

suspends this treaty and the other

country has not ~~protests~~ issue about this

suspension then this treaty will be

Suspended. Now, India has suspended this treaty and has made dams of western rivers. Therefore, Pakistan is facing water scarcity due to India's unilaterally suspension of Indus water treaty. 25 percent land in Sindh has been barren in last year due to scarcity of water. So, ^{Indus} water treaty has great importance to develop the good relationships between India and Pakistan and it solved the water conflict which is necessary for the both states. Both the countries depend on ^{western} water because their agricultural sectors depend on water. add more arguments in this part. this was the main aspect asked.....

Conclusion:

Pakistan and India has several disputes, but the water conflict was solved in 1960 ^{under} ~~by~~ arbitration. The supervision of World Bank. World Bank made agreement between them. Therefore, ~~India's~~ water treaty solved the water dispute and was survived till 2005. Thus, this agreement developed bilateral relation between the both states and provide water to each country.

according to their needs. This treaty remained unimplemented and survived in the four major war between the both states but now, ~~India~~ has suspended it unilaterally and Pakistan is facing water scarcity. Summarily, Indus water treaty improved the bilateral relationship and provided water according to ~~the~~ needs of the both states.

add more arguments.

a 20 marks answer should have around 15 arguments and be on 7-9 pages.

work on the structure, references, paper presentation and the headings quality part.....