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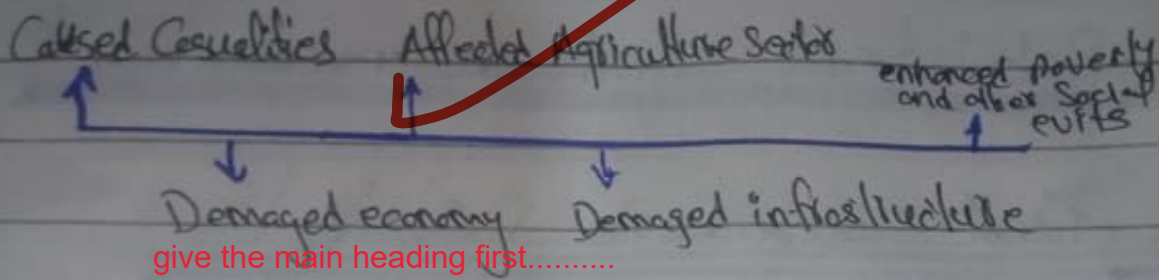
Global Warming, its effects on Pakistan and an environment friendly economic Model

Introduction:

"Pakistan is among the most vulnerable countries to climate change and global warming," declared United Nations Cop30. The effects of the global warming are clearly evident in Pakistan with rising temperature unpredictable weather cycle and other natural disasters. It has greatly affected Pakistan and its people like the initial report of 2025 Sep floods caused death of 500 people and displaced over a million in Punjab and KPK.

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Following are the impacts of global warming on Pakistan.



give the main heading first.....

Through frequent natural disasters, global warming Caused Casualties

According to World Health Organization (WHO) between 2008 to 2022 over 2.5 million people died due to global warming related issues like floods, droughts and heat waves. These figure clearly illustrate how grave the situation is for human life and survival in Pakistan. Thus, global warming Caused great Casualties to human lives in Pakistan.

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Global Warming inflicted heavy losses to Pakistan economy

Besides loss of human lives, the global warming also inflicted heavy losses to Pakistan's economy. For instance, floods in 2022 wreaked havoc to electricity transmission lines in KPK Caused 2.3 million rupees. Similarly, when disasters occur then millions of rupees are wasted on mitigation and the destruction and relocation of the people. Therefore, with loss of human lives, it also caused losses to national economy.

(3) Global warming heavily affected Pakistan's agricultural Sector.

Agricultural Sector has always remained one of the most affected Sector whenever a disaster occurs. According to World Bank figures, over 5000 Acres land was covered

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with flood water in Punjab out of which 98% of the land was of the crops of rice and other. This is again a great loss the floods inflicted on Pakistan.

Global warming related events also badly affected Pakistan's infrastructure.

“⁶⁶ from ~~2000~~ 2006 to 2022, 69 bridges and over 259 government buildings like schools, hospitals were damaged by floods and other disasters” reported the World Bank. with the figure reported by the World Bank, it can be clearly illustrated that how the global warming related events impacted Pakistan's infrastructure. Surprisingly, the mentioned report only covers the events from 2006 to 2022 excluding a number of events after 2022. No doubt the number of damaged

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infrastructures can be much more than the reported figures. Thus, global warming heavily affected Pakistan's infrastructure.

Natural disasters enhanced poverty and other social evils.

A UN report titled "2022 Flood Assessment Report of Pakistan". The mentioned report states that following 2022 floods in Pakistan, then about 2.8 million people went below the poverty line. Now, this clearly states that global warming has a hand in Pakistan's mounting poverty. Similarly, it is a universal fact that "Poverty is the mother of All social evils". So crimes and other social evils are also caused by global warming. That's why, it is correct to say that global warming related issues are also contributors to poverty in Pakistan.

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An environment friendly economic development Model.

Develop a flood-resilient infrastructure

Renegotiate the agreements made with IPPs

Model of economic development that aligns with environmental protection

Switching to ~~non~~ renewable Energy Sources

Make Strict regulations to give up on fossil fuel usage

(i) Development of flood resilient infrastructure

The quality of infrastructure has always been questionable as a world Bank report ranks Pakistan's infrastructure among 20 most low quality infrastructure in the world.

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In any small rain and flood roads and bridges get damaged. Thus, it is needed that Pakistan would with friendly countries like China to build flood-resilient infrastructure, so that they can survive any floods and economic activities and public mobility does not get disturbed.

Renegotiation of agreements with IPPs.

To establish an environment friendly economic model, Pakistan needs to revisit and renegotiate the agreements done with Independent Power Producers. Pakistan should reduce reliance on fossil fuel, so it should anyhow renegotiate agreements with IPPs, to decrease energy demand. This will not only be an environment friendly measure, but will also be beneficial for Pakistan's economy.

(3) Pakistan should switch to renewable energy sources

add proper source against these arguments.....

Currently over 70% of Pakistan's energy come from non-renewable energy sources which greatly harm the environment. Besides harmful for environment, non-renewable energy sources are also expensive; therefore, it would be economic to shift to renewable energy sources. Thus, shifting to renewable energy sources is a dire need of time to protect environment.

Regulations should be established to discourage usage of fossil fuel.

Through legislation of rules and regulations, the government should discourage usage of fossil fuel as energy sources. For instance, the government should give a fair time to large industries to switch from

add and highlight references/examples against these arguments.....

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non-renewable energy to renewable energy sources. Similarly, government can offer incentives to the industry owners for the shift. Thus it is needed that the government should make strict rules and regulations to make this transition possible for protecting environment.

add a few more arguments.....

Conclusion

Global Warming has inflicted great losses to Pakistan in every aspect be that its economy, people, infrastructure and others. However, there is still time to mend the environment by shifting from a more environment friendly economic model. This will gradually let to heal the environment and make it possible for the people to live peacefully.

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attempt and upload a single qs for evaluation at a time.....

Pakistan's Democracy is weak
and ambiguous influenced by dynastic
politics and feudalism as
hindrance in the way of Establishment
of true Democratic system in
Pakistan.

Introduction:

Democratic process in Pakistan has always been witnessing ups and downs. Since its independence, various systems of governments and models were applied, however, the democracy still could not flourish in Pakistan. There are a number of factors behind this

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feudalism, but dynastic politics and feudalism are the two most prominent factors. Dynastic politics and feudalism have hindered the true democratic system in Pakistan.

How did dynastic politics and feudalism hindered true democratic transition in Pakistan?

(i) Dynastic politicians and feudal lords encouraged apolitical actors in politics.

Since the very early days of Pakistan, the feudal lords and dynastic politicians have collaborated with undemocratic actors to do political engineering. Mr. Ayub Khan who was a Serving Military officer was appointed on a political position as Defence Minister who later on took over as first Chief

Martial law administrator. From 1947 till now, the military and feudal lords ~~and~~ accompanied by dynastic politicians ruled over Pakistan and hindered true democracy to flourish in Pakistan.

(2) Personality Centric politics in Pakistan.

Pakistan's politics has always been personality centric because that the leader of any political party; therefore, feudal lords and dynastic politicians have been centre for politics due to their social status and wealth; thus, this hindered the growth of any meaningful issue based politics as it is in any true democracy. Therefore, here also the both culprits played their role.

(3) Banned the nursery of credible Political leaders - the Student Unions.

Students Unions played a very crucial role in resistance against any sort

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dictators and authoritarian rulers be that Ayub Khan's dictatorship in 1950s and 1960s or Zia ul Haq's rule. Student Unions anywhere are considered to be nursery that gives of credible leaders to Societies. However, with military dictator Ayub Khan firstly Banned Student Unions, then Zia ul Haq did it and until now the civilian rulers also did not lift the ban clearly illustrating that it benefits the feudal lords and dynastic politicians sitting in Assemblies.

(4) Weakened judiciary.

As judiciary is considered to be the guardian of the Constitution and the rights of the people, the non-political actors and some politicians that they brought in power were always in a quest to reduce the powers of judiciary and bring it under the executive. Unfortunately, recent Ame-

Amendments of 26th and 27 are successful attempt in curtailing the powers of judiciary. For instance, the executive was given ultimate power to appoint, remove and transfer judges. Similarly, the amendments curtailed powers of Supreme Court and gave powers to Federal Constitutional Court who is mostly executive appointed.

(5) promoted family rule

Pakistan's mainstream politics is centered around a few families who own political parties and time and again these party leaders change their position. This is due to feudalism and dynastic politics that there are only some families, like Sharifs, Zardaris who rule Pakistan. Due to family rule the hardworking political workers and activists never get a chance to rule and serve the people again.

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hindering the ways of true democratic system in Pakistan.

Conclusion

To top it all, it is undeniable to say that dynastic politics and feudalism have greatly hindered the way of true democratic system to flourish in Pakistan. Since it gave them the monopoly to rule over Pakistanis.