

Feminism is not really a third world issue.

Outline

1. Introduction

Thesis statement: Greater inclusion of various gender identities in third-world political, economical and social sectors indicate that feminism is not really a third-world issue.

2. Historical and modern concept of feminism

3. Key factors determining that feminism is not really a third-world issue

3.1. Political sector

3.1.1. Greater inclusivity of diverse gender identities in ministerial roles reflects that feminism is not a central issue in many third-world countries.

C.I.P- Sri Lanka has approximately 22% women serving in ministerial positions.

3.1.2. Increased representation of different gender identities in legislative bodies indicates that feminism is not a third-world concern.

C.I.P Shabnam Mausi - a transgender woman became first transgender member of legislative assembly in India.

3.1.3- Growing diversity within the judiciary also demonstrates that feminism is not really a third world issue.

C.I.P. - Joyita Mondal became first transgender judge in India, marking a significant milestone in judicial inclusivity.

3.1.4- Female-led political parties further show that feminism is not a key third-world issue.

C.I.P. Reham Khan has launched a political party in 2025.

3.2. Economical sectors:

3.2.1- Growing female participation in the economy/entrepreneurship indicates that feminism is not a really third-world issue.

C.I.P. According to report 2024, 69.1% labour in workforce is female entrepreneurs in Vietnam.

3.2.2- Expanding economic opportunities for diverse gender identities demonstrates that feminism is not fundamentally a third-world issue.

C.I.P. Argentina's 'Ley Diana Sacayán' reserves 1% of public sector jobs for transgender individuals.

3.2.3- Broad representation of various gender identities in the workforce reinforces the argument that feminism is not a primary concern in third-world countries.

C.I.P. Vietnam reports a 69.1% female labour-force participation rate.

3.3. Social sector:

3.3.1- Rising female literacy rates indicate that feminism is not a primary issue in

many third-world countries.

C.I.P: 48 percent of female enrolment in higher education

3.3.2- More vocational training programs for diverse gender identities reflect that feminism is not a dominant concern in third-world countries. ^{in Pakistan.}

C.I.P: Mayam Nawaz CM Punjab started skill programs for trans people.

3.3.3: Legal protections against gender-based abuse further demonstrate that feminism is not a central third-world issue.

C.I.P: Child Marriage Act 2025

3.3.4- Provision of health care to diverse gender identities indicates feminism is not a third-world issue.

C.I.P- Bandhu Social welfare society for transgender.

4 Counter arguments that feminism is really a third-world issue

4.1- Enhanced ^{gender-based violence} sexual harassment indicates that feminism is ~~really third world issue.~~

4.2- Less representation of female in leadership positions indicate that feminism is really a third-world issue.

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5- Conclusion