

Political Polarization; Governance and Society

Outline

1. Introduction

2. Understanding the terminologies:

2.1 Defining polarization

2.2 Types of political polarization

3. Relation of Political Polarization with Governance and Society

4. Historical and Contemporary Context of Political Polarization:

4.1 Global perspective of political polarization

(i) Polarization in US, India, Brazil

(ii) Rise of populism and right-wing nationalism

4.2 Pakistan's Context of political polarization

(i) Political parties framed around

personalities, not ideology

(ii) Institution distrust, civil-military imbalance, and media narrative

deepen divides;

International crises, Group Reports on

Pakistan Political tensions

5. How Political Polarization changes the Perspective of Governance and Society

5.1 Economic Cises driven by political polarization hindring governance efficiency.

5.2 Political polarization weakening the governments ability to custail violence and crimes

5.3 Rising economic Stagnation facing the brain drain

5.4 Political polarization fastening human rights abuse

5.5 Deteriorating national integration and intensifying regional disparities

5.6 Compelling the insurgency of terroris attacks

5.7 Incessantly changing the critical thinking mind toward populism

5.8 Resulting erosion of democratic norms laying the ground for institutional imbalance

~~Appropriate use of words
Rephrase this argument~~

6. Strategies to Reduce Political Polarization

- 6.1 Strengthening democratic institutions to empower election commission
- 6.2 Electoral reforms to improve the transparency in democratic system
- 6.3 Media literacy and regulation accountability for propaganda
- 6.4 Role of education promoting critical thinking in civic policies
- 6.5 Economic redistribution policies to reduce class-based resentment

7. Conclusion

Work on highlighted mistakes
Avoid spelling mistakes
Better to delineate points of society and governance