

24/11/20 P.H
How did the Indus water treaty (1960) affect water distribution and relation between Pakistan and India?

Introduction:

Indus water treaty was signed between the Pakistan and India in 19 September 1960 under the supervision of the World Bank. It was signed to solve the dispute between the both countries on the eastern and western rivers. According to this treaty, eastern rivers were given to India with 20% and western rivers were given to Pakistan. Pakistan can use 80 Percent western ^{rivers} water and India can consume 20 Percent eastern rivers water. For this treaty survived despite of the dangerous condition between the both countries and received appreciation from international organizations due to its survival in the hard condition of the both states. In ^{the} late twenty century, this treaty was implemented despite of the three war between the both states. Thus, this treaty developed friendly relations between the both states.

and provided water to each country according to their needs.

Indus water treaty water distributed between Pakistan and India.

World Bank solved this conflict in Ayub Khan era in Pakistan. Both countries are the agrarian economy and ^{river} water is necessary for agriculture and ~~all~~ ^{some} other state sectors. Therefore, Eastern rivers (Ravi, Beas, Sutlej) were given to India and western rivers (Chenab, Indus, Jhelum) were given to Pakistan. Geographically India is upper riparian and Pakistan is lower riparian. India can consume 20 Percent water of eastern rivers and Pakistan can use 80 Percent water of western rivers. In addition to, India can make project on river which can't stop the flow of water but she can't make project which stop the flow of water. So, India has ability to make sum of river projects on eastern and western rivers. At present, India has unilaterally suspended the Indus water treaty and have made projects on rivers which are decreasing flow of water. So, Both

The country have facing hard relationship with each other. Pakistani government has declared to annull about this action that is the act of war. So, water has importance for the both states and India unilaterally suspension of this treaty is passing a great threat between the both states. Last but not leasts ~~the~~

India unilaterally suspension of Indus water treaty is a source of hard relationship between the both states because Pakistani agriculture sector depend on eastern rivers water and Pakistan can take any step for survival.

How did Indus water treaty affected on the Relationship between the both states.

After the Indus water treaty, Both the countries had agreed about this agreement because it was providing water to the both countries according to their needs. This treaty was survived despite of the hard relationship between the both states. Pakistan has fought four major wars with India but this treaty remained same as safe as

first day of implementation. International organizations appreciate World Bank for this long-term treaty despite of the hard condition between the both states.

Indus water Commission

Indus water Commission was made and ^{it} ~~they~~ was assisted to each others. The Commissioners of the both states provide water information to each others as well as provide information about floods and water shortage in rivers. This commission proved fruitful for the relationship between the both states because it provides all ^{water} informations to each others. Both the countries has tussle with each other due to several issues but they have cooperated with each others bilaterally. Both the state never claim for the suspension of this treaty. According to this treaty, ^{Firstly} No state can suspend this treaty but the suspension will be bilaterally through negotiations. Secondly, if one country suspends this treaty and the other country ^{has} not ~~protests~~ issue about this suspension then this treaty will be

Suspended. Now, India has suspended this treaty and has made dams of western rivers. Therefore, Pakistan is facing water scarcity due to India unilaterally suspension of Indus water treaty. 25 percent land in Sindh has been barren in last year due to scarcity of water. So, ~~Indus~~ ^{Indus} water treaty has ^{great} importance to develop the good relationships between India and Pakistan and it solved the water conflict which is necessary for the both states. Both the countries depend on ^{rivers} water because their agricultural sector depend on water.

Conclusion:

Pakistan and India has several disputes, but the water conflict was solved in 1960 ^{under} ~~by~~ arbitration the supervision of world Bank. world Bank made agreement between them. Therefore, Indus water treaty solved the water dispute and was survived till 2025. Thus, this agreement developed bilateral relation between the both states and provide water to each country.

according to her needs. This Treaty remained unimplemented and survived in the four maps was between the both states but now, India has suspended it unilaterally and Pakistan is facing water scarcity. Summarizingly, Indus water treaty improved the bilateral relationship and provided water according to ~~the~~ need of the both states.