

The Rise Of Extremism In Pakistan: A Consequence of Foreign Interventions or Domestic Failures

1. Introduction.

The Rise of Extremism in Pakistan is due to Foreign Interventions be it either direct intervention or indirect. This crisis can be resolved with pragmatic measures like improving the economy, inclusive policy-making, and a strong foreign policy.

2. The Rise Of Extremism In Pakistan: A Consequence of Foreign Interventions

2.1) The Religious thoughts and the concept of Independent Women
(Family Structure System, Feminism)

2.2) The exploitation of poor people and the proxy wars
(Balochistan, India's proxy wars)

2.3) The health related extremism and the prevailing Conspiracy theories.
(Polio Vaccines, media warfare)

2.4) The Social norms and values, and the internationally integrated media.
(Modesty, Hollywood Fashion)

- 2.5) The prohibition of Riba in Constitution and the idea of Interest based financial system.
(Article 38(g), Banking System)
- 2.6) The Religious Sentiments and the Islamophobia at social media platforms.
(Desecration of Holy Book, France/Sweden)
- 2.7) The illiteracy, gender gap and the concept of co-education.
(Social taboos, Western Education System)
- 2.8) The economic aids and the notion of aligning with different blocs
(Aids of Early 2000s, US-Afg)

3. Measures to Counter the Rise of Extremism in Pakistan:

- 3.1) Inclusive Policy-making for National Integration
- 3.2) Improving the Economy and tax reforms
- 3.3) Educational Workshops and Awareness Campaigns
- 3.4) Strong Foreign Policy to preserve ^{territorial} integrity.
- 3.5) Positive Role of Religious Leaders.

4. Conclusion.