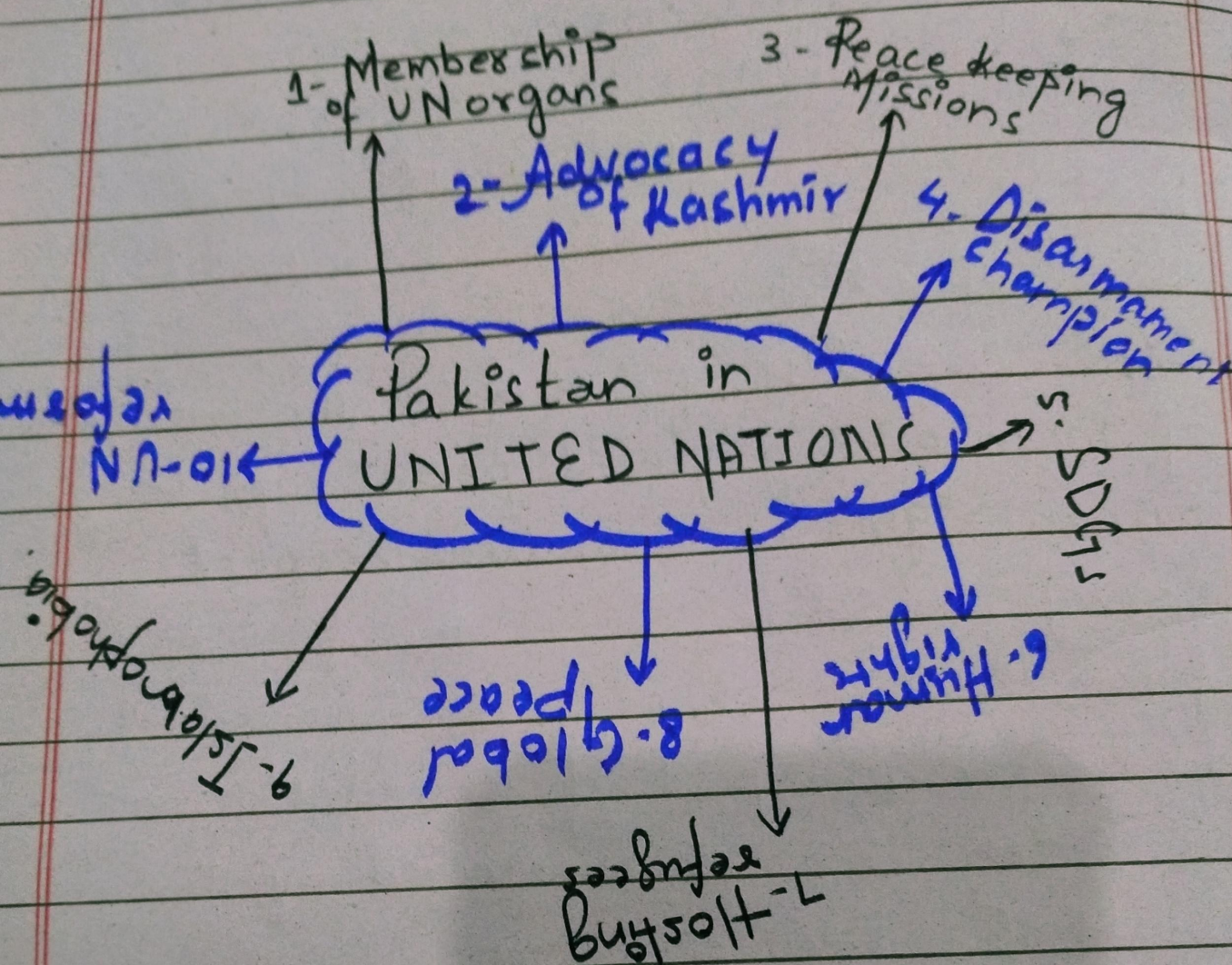


Role of Pakistan in United Nations.

Introduction:

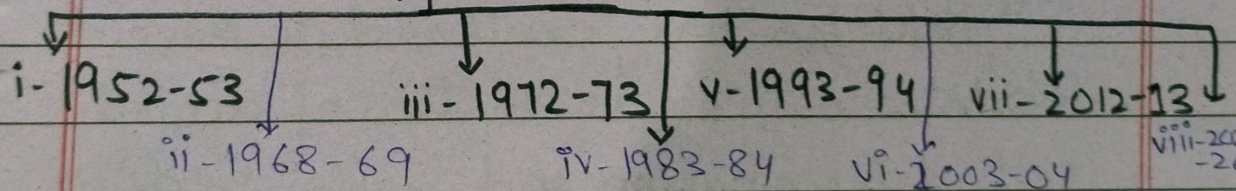
United Nations, a prestigious organization, was established back after World War II on **24 October, 1945**. United Nations hold the mission of maintaining global peace, upholding human rights and mutual respect among the states. It is the first and foremost duty of any new founded state to become the part of United Nations, in order to get recognized by the world. So Pakistan, right after one month of its independence, became the member of United Nations on **30 September, 1947**. Since 1947, Pakistan has continued to serve United Nations in all aspects including peace keeping missions, upholding of human rights, being part of important organs, aligning with SNGs, contributing for Global peace, disarmament and addressing Islamophobia, hosting refugees, advocating Kashmir dispute and addressing necessary UN reforms.



1- Pakistan membership in UN organs:

Pakistan has served in various organs of United Nations at important roles since 1947. Muhammad Zafarullah Khan, first foreign minister of Pakistan, served as president of UN General Assembly from 1961 to 1962. He also served as president of ICJ from 1970 to 1973. Along side, Pakistan has been member of UN Human Rights Council for 5 times. It has also been part of ECOSOC and secondary UN missions. Primarily, it has been elected as non-permanent member of UN Security Council for 8 times in following tenures.

Pak in UNSC



2- Advocacy of Kashmir:

Kashmir is the major and longest irrendelible dispute among South Asian nuclear powers i.e. Pakistan and India since 1947. United Nations had passed resolution 39 and 47 in 1948 to

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stop the war and go ahead for plebiscite to provide the right of self-determination for Kashmiris. Pakistan has respected the UN resolutions in long run but provocations from neighbourhood had lead to three major wars in the region in 1965, 1948 and 1971. The recent escalation in 2025 among India and Pakistan also has its roots in Kashmir dispute. To address this issue, Pakistan has continued to raise awareness about severity of this issue in UN multiple times especially after revocation of Article 370 by India. Pakistan advocates ^{Kashmir cause in} UN to go ahead for implementation of resolutions to save precious lives and peace of region.

"Pakistan has continued to advocate Kashmir cause in ^{UN} as matter of denied self-determination and unfinished colonialization, to ask world to uphold moral and legal obligations"

Reference:

'Kashmir dispute: A case for UN intervention' by Javid Ahmed Dar.

3- Peace keeping Missions:

Peace-keeping Missions are the tool of UN to maintain global peace by military intervention where bilateral dialogues fail. Many countries including Pakistan contribute their troops for PKMs of UN. Pakistan has first served in PKM at Congo in 1960. As per Sania Islam in "Analysis of Pakistan's role in Peace keeping Missions of UN":

"Global peace & security is included in bases of Pakistan's Foreign Policy. It has contributed in 46 PKMs of UN in 28 countries and lost about 157 lives."

4- Pakistan: Champion of Disarmament

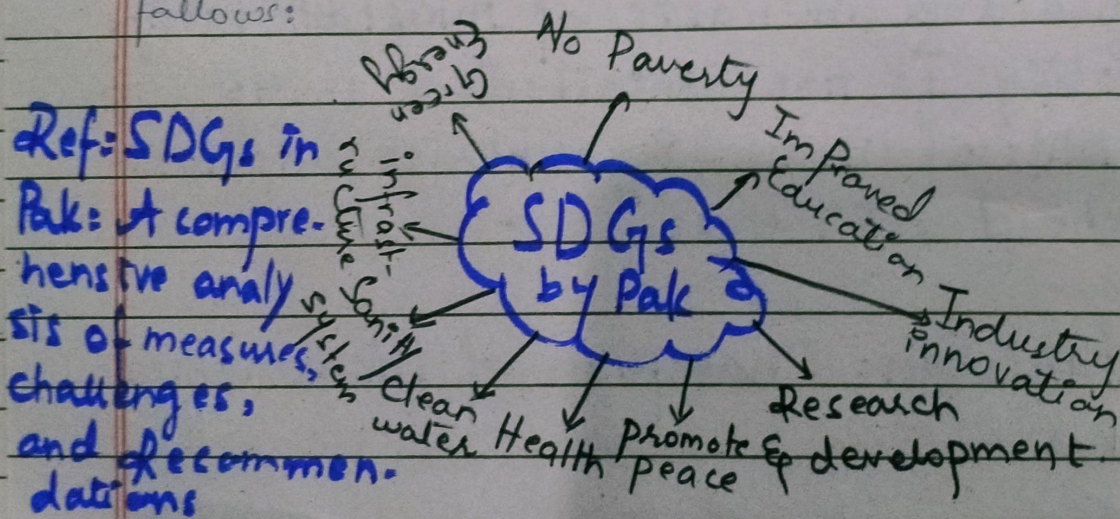
Pakistan has advocated the policy of disarmament and peace at multiple UN forums. It asks to resolve the disputes by bilateral dialogues and assure non-nuclear states regarding security.

"At the UN disarmament forum, Pakistan addresses balanced nuclear disarmament and assures non-nuclear

states, to resolve all states security threats.
Reference: Pakistan Mission at UN, Geneva.

5- Pakistan's alignment with SDGs:

UN has presented Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to build a sustainable global community till 2030. Pakistan is among first countries to align their policy with UN and take measures to achieve SDGs. The ^{essential} goals to adopted by Pakistan are as follows:



6- Pakistan: upholding human rights.

Transparent availability of human rights globally is one of the major UN objective. UN Human Rights Council is the body to regulate and address human right crisis. Pakistan has always promoted the human

rights at individual as well as state level. It upholds the sovereignty, mutual respect and equal availability of resources ^{across} among the globe. It has the honour of serving in UNHCR for 5 times.

"Pakistan is committed to preserve and protect all human rights and freedom at UN, particularly through constructive dialogues"

Ref: Permanent Mission of Pakistan at Geneva.

7- Pakistan: Hosting of Refugees

Pakistan is known for hosting largest number of refugees approximately 1.3-1.5 million after Afghan war. Its welfare is recognized by United Nations at numerous times. Pakistan has not only provided them a place to get shelter but also hosted them in terms of provision education and resources for decades.

As per UNHCR,

"Pakistan remains host to the largest refugee population in the world and its continued

generosity to the uprooted is vital"

8- Pakistan's contribution for global peace

In the long run, Pakistan has served for global peace, both by bilateral dialogues and military interventions (PKMs) by the platform of UN. It has played key role in regulating the relations of Afghanistan and USA after the fall of Kabul. Its contributions for PKMs of UN were admired by Ban-Ki-moon, the former Secretary General of UN in 2013 as follows:

"More than 100 countries have contributed in UN PKMs by their Police and troops. Pakistan is at number one. It is impossible to speak about history of UNPKMs without acknowledging country's contribution"

9- Pakistan's measures to address Islamophobia

Islamophobia has been a key threat for survival of Muslims after 9/11 in

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the sense of soul and body. Pakistan has played its role in addressing Islamophobia particularly in West. For this sake, Pakistan has passed a resolution to combat Islamophobia at UN in 2024 with following major proposals.

Assign a special envoy to address Islamophobia

UN resolution by Pak for Islamophobia

End violence against Muslims in response to Islamophobia

10. Pakistan's role in UN reforms:

UN reforms are hot topic to improve its efficiency in modern day. G4 countries including Germany, Japan, Brazil and India stands for getting permanent membership of UNSC. While Pakistan along with Italy, Canada, South Korea and many other countries stand with 'Uniting for consensus' (UFC) group which has following proposals

increase the no. of non-permanent

UFC

enhance democracy in UNSC.

members in UNSC.

Conclusion:

The above discussion elaborates the strong relation of Pakistan with United Nations. Pakistan has played key role to serve United Nations in all sectors including membership of important organs, advocacy of Kashmir, human rights, disarmament, promotion of SDGs and global peace. It also played critical role in addressing Islamophobia, hosting refugees and proposal of balanced UN reforms. It concludes that Pakistan has continued to respect and serve United Nations resulting in development of strong relation, since its independence.