

"A Country has to pay its debt with its freedom."

OUTLINE:

1) Introduction

Thesis Statement:

2) The Relationship between debt and Political freedom.

3) How debt undermines/sabotages National Sovereignty

(3a) Privatization of public assets to repay debt.

(3b) Loss of control over natural resources.

(3c) Foreign intervention in Political Affairs.

(3d) A state can lose fiscal autonomy due to excessive debt.

(3e) Excessive tax burdens on citizens due to extreme debt.

(3f) Debt devalues the national currency.

(3g) Debt creates long-term aid and loan dependencies.

(4) Some social and economic consequences of debt:

(4a) High debt fuels crime as poverty drives illegal activity.

(4b) Reductions in public services such as education and healthcare.

(4c) There is a decline in foreign investment.

(4d) High debt leads to rising poverty and inequality.

- 5) Some pathways to regaining/gaining ^{national} ↑ freedom:
- (5a) The role of transparent governance.
 - (5b) Lessons from countries that overcame Debt crises.
 - (5c) The importance of Regional Cooperation.
 - (5d) To implement sustainable fiscal policies.

6) Conclusion