

Poverty in Pakistan

"Poverty is the Mother
of All Evils" ~ Edhi

Poverty is a multifaceted challenge which must be mitigated to make sure a progressive and stable Pakistan. Although,

Poverty is mainly caused by poor economic growth but uneducation is also

- a leading cause of poverty. Pakistan
- contains the major chunk of its population of women; which makes the situation more worsen because of their illiteracy. Additionally, majority of the youth is unskilled and stranger to technical expertises in Pakistan. Moreover, poor governance and ineffective institutions are the key hurdle to achieve healthy public delivery. This is an era of digitilization, Pakistan's poor digital infrastructure; leading to the cause of Unemployment in e-commerce

With the advent of global warming, Pakistan is the most vulnerable country in the southern sphere of world; due to massive glaciers are melting which results in economic deprivation. Undoubtedly, Pakistan is natively an agrarian economy but the poor management of irrigation leads to fragile output. To begin with the consequences that poverty breeds are counter productive and posing existential threat to Pakistan. Terrorism is the outcome of economic marginalization of peripheries in Pakistan. If families are vulnerable to feed their childrens due to poverty then the result would be in extreme wave of child labour. Due to poverty it is unlikely to achieve social inclusion in the society. Additionally, social unrest, domestic violence and crime ratio might be increased due to hunger and unemployment.

Gender equality is only possible when financial equality would be inflicted in the society. Poverty is not only the challenge of Pakistan but the entire global community is striving to uplift from this menace. In order to mitigate this non-traditional security threat; collective effort is required in international arena. Institutional capacity building is another crucial aspect to implement Sustainable development goals (SDGs) in its true letter and spirit in Pakistan. To sum it up, poverty is a stark challenge for Pakistan's human security. It can be overcome only with quality, technical based education; establishing effective social institutions; revamping agriculture sector and massive investment to the human capital. Thereby, Pakistan can escalate up from the age of 'Hewers of Inlood and Drawers of Inlater'.