

Day: \_\_\_\_\_

## Paragraph

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Implementing Sustainable Development Goals in Pakistan's education institutions will foster sustainable development in the country. As previously implemented Millennium Development Goals failed, the United Nations set a new goal of 169 targets known as SDGs, also known as global goals. SDG, which aims to eliminate poverty, hunger, promote gender equality, and address global challenges. Integrating Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) into Pakistan's curriculum will not only lead the country into sustainable development growth but also will address climate vulnerabilities, meeting other SDGs for instance SDG 4 (Quality Education) and SDG 13 (Climate Action). According to Annual School Consensus 2023-24, Sindh has 40,970 schools with the 41% female and 51% male enrollment rate. Targeting young people can create future champions of Sustainable Development. Above all, Localization of SDGs in schools will have a holistic strategy to the country. Consequently, SDGs help build a sustainable future.

Day: \_\_\_\_\_

## Paragraph

Date: 2 March, 2025

In Balochistan the education system lies at the critical juncture. The cumulative effect of political instability, inadequate government funding, and external security make the province lag behind in literacy that is 26.6% - far below national average. Crumbling infrastructure, teacher shortages, cultural barriers, poverty, and child labour have wide-ranging implications. Social worker Farzana Baloch explains that "Parents won't send their daughters to schools", citing cultural resistance to co-education. In response to these challenges the government needs to take radical steps: mobile schools, digital literacy initiatives, and recruiting female teachers through scholarships could have a transformative effect on the nation's development. If left unaddressed, however, these issues could plunge the country into renewed turmoil. Balochistan's future hinges on urgent action.