

Education Crisis in Pakistan: Causes and consequences.

1. Introduction.

2. Causes of Education Crisis.

a) - Poverty (Poor resources, Underdeveloped infrastructure, Under qualified teachers).

b) - Militancy and Political chaos.

c) - Climate change

d) - Gender gap.

e) - Cultural barriers.

f) - Lack of Quality education.

3. Consequences of education crisis in Pakistan.

a) - Child labor and forced marriages

b) - Low literacy rate.

c) - Increased social evils

d) - Poor global image.

e) - Low economic productivity.

4. Solutions to address education crisis

- a). Awareness campaigns in rural areas.
- b). Increase budget allocation on education sector
- c). Promote transparency and good governance in education department.
- d). Provide incentives to teachers for hard work.

Introduction:

Aneesa, an 11-year-old girl in Karachi, was allowed to go to school by her parents as a result of negotiations between her parents and her teachers. She would drop off her tutored bag at her rural home after school and join her father in the field for picking vegetables. (reported by Dawn).

This is the reality of thousands of children in Pakistan where labor is given priority over getting

Date: _/ _/ _

education. Education | crisis
finds its roots not only
in labor but gender
gap, climate change,
poverty, cultural barriers,
militancy and educational
inequality and all play
a significant role
in education crisis.

This crisis remains the
root cause of socio
economic evils including
child labor and forced
marriages, crimes such as
robbery and murders,

plz avoid writing in confusing statements

low literacy rate,
generational poverty and
inequality, low economic
productivity and poor
global image. Therefore,
to put the country
on the path of

economic prosperity and
sustainable development the
issues in education sector
need to be addressed.