

# "UKRAINE-RUSSIA CONFLICT: GLOBAL CONSEQUENCES FOR GEOPOLITICAL STRUCTURE IN EMERGING MULTIPOLAR WORLD"

## -(OUTLINE)-

### A) INTRODUCTION:

- Thesis statement

"In a world transitioning from unipolarity to relative multipolarity, the Ukraine-Russia war has significantly impacted the regional as well as global geopolitics, that will determine the future of the international world order."

try to write with proper subject

### B) GEO-POLITICAL IMPACTS OF UKRAINE-RUSSIA CONFLICT ON THE WORLD:

① Western sanctions on Russian exports have enhanced the Russia-China strategic partnership.

② Neutrality of global south powers, like China and India, on the



Russian hostilities have deepened the divide between global north and global south.

③ The unprecedented Russian aggression under Putin has intensified pro-west sentiments in Ukraine, demanding membership of European Union and NATO.

④ The crisis has made NATO relevant again, triggering its expansion due to the perceived communist threat from Russia.

⑤ Middle powers have risen as a result of reconfiguration of global influence and decline of US unipolarity.

⑥ Decreased military assistance to Ukraine under Trump 2.0 has ignited mistrust regarding over-reliance on the global hegemon.

⑦ Europe has shifted its energy dependency from Russia to the US and Middle Eastern suppliers, redefining



strategic relations.

⑧ Massive influx of <sup>war-stricken</sup> Ukrainian refugees into Europe has boosted right-wing nationalism and anti-globalist narratives in Europe, shifting power balance within and outside EU.

⑨ In the wake of global food crisis, Russia has gained favour in Africa with grain deals, thus <sup>plz keep additional details for paragraph</sup> weakening western ~~monopoly over developing nations~~.

⑩ The weaponization of the financial hegemony of the West, particularly the US, has catalysed de-dollarization, and the creation of alternative trade and banking systems.  
<sup>plz keep yourself short and meaningful</sup>

⑪ The conflict has fueled fears of nuclear proliferation as the abandonment of Ukraine's nuclear weapons made it an easy prey for Russia.

⑫ The Russian access to Black sea via Sevastopol seaport of Crimea



has significantly bolstered its naval and trade presence, enhancing geo-political reach into Eastern Europe and the Middle East.

⑬ Russia's use of shared cultural and linguistic ties with Ukraine to justify intervention accelerates the rise of multipolarity shaped by identity-based power blocs.

plz avoid generic statement

## C) THE WAY FORWARD:

① Push for institutional reforms in outdated international structures (UNSC, IMF, WTO) to promote global justice and peace.

② Develop economic sovereignty through diversification of trade blocs and financial systems.

## D) CONCLUSION:

"The world is no longer unipolar, bipolar or multipolar. It is complex and chaotic."

- Henry Kissinger.



"The taproot of the trouble is NATO enlargement.... For Putin, Ukraine's shift towards the west was the final straw," warned American realist scholar John Mearsheimer, in 2014, a decade before the full scale invasion of Ukraine. The Ukraine-Russia conflict has since erupted into a global crisis, shaking the foundations of the post-cold war order, and accelerating the world's transition toward a fragmented, multipolar geopolitical structure. Since the start of Russia's full scale invasion of Ukraine on 24 February, 2022, the European Union has imposed massive economic sanctions on Russia to thwart its ability to continue its aggression. However, this objective was undermined by China's partnership. The neutral stance of middle powers on the Russian hostilities maximised the polarisation between North and the South. Moreover, Pro-west sentiments intensified in Ukrainians and NATO expanded to enhance its security. Trump's cuts in military aid to Ukraine eroded trust in the U.S. as a reliable ally.



In such circumstances, the rise of middle powers is observed, and the rising global power like China is using the opportunity to boost economic, trade and political relations with Russia to directly challenge the west's hegemony on the current global order. In a world transitioning from unipolarity to relative multipolarity, the Ukraine-Russia war has significantly impacted the regional as well as global geo-politics, that will determine the future of the international world order.