

Topic: "Water Crisis in Pakistan: Causes and Consequences"

Outline:

I Introduction:

a) Hook

b) General body

c) Thesis statement; This essay discusses "poor water management", "Single-river system", "Inadequate use of water", "population growth" and "Climate Change" as the causes of water crisis in Pakistan, followed by the drastic consequences this brings, like "water shortage", "poor agriculture", "extreme weather conditions", "land salination" and "water based international and inter-provincial disputes."

II Causes of Water Crisis in Pakistan:

1) Poor Water Management

a) Insufficient dams.

- b) Indifferent approach of IRSA
- c) Poor river-infrastructure

2) Single River System.

- a) Overdependence on Indus - river system.
- b) Negligible attention on alternate water resources
- c) Insufficient water policies and development projects for rural and far rural areas of Sindh and Balochistan.

3) Inadequate use of water

- a) Outdated Agriculture System
- b) Inadequate domestic use of water
- c) Continuously declining urban water system.

4) Population Growth

- a) Increasing usage of water
- b) Urbanization increases water demand in cities

c) More and more drinking water is required.

5) Climate Change

- a) Irregular weather patterns
- b) Inadequate rains
- c) Glaciers melting

III Consequences of Water Crisis for Pakistan:

1) Water Shortage

- a) Drought in far rural regions
- b) Insufficient drinking water
- c) Deaths during heat waves

2) Poor Agriculture:

- a) Decreasing river flows
- b) Insufficient water for farm
- c) Declining Crops

3) Extreme Weather Conditions

a) Inadequate rainfall with imbalanced water availability leads to floods or droughts.

b) Severe weather patterns.

4) Land Salination

a) Barren lands

b) Low Quality Crops

c) Declining Natural Habitat

5) Water Based International and Inter-provincial disputes:

a) Pakistan-India water dispute

b) Sindh - Punjab water crisis.

c) A tough time for the State.

III Recommendations

IV Conclusion.