

**Q 2. Write a precis of the following passage in 120 words and suggest a suitable "title" to it. (20)**

Human nature is often dichotomized into positive and negative traits, with the former celebrated and the latter condemned. However, closer examination reveals that certain negative attributes—when moderated and contextualized—can yield surprisingly beneficial outcomes. Traits such as selfishness, jealousy, fear, and aggression, often perceived as detrimental, have historically played crucial roles in human survival and societal development. This paradox challenges conventional notions of morality and highlights the nuanced complexity of human behavior. Selfishness, for instance, is generally regarded as a flaw, yet it serves as a powerful motivator for personal growth. The instinct to prioritize one's needs ensures survival and encourages ambition. It drives individuals to strive for better opportunities, seek financial security, and pursue education, all of which contribute to societal advancement. A selfish focus on self-care also allows individuals to maintain physical and emotional well-being, enabling them to contribute more effectively to their communities and relationships. Similarly, jealousy, though often maligned, can spark self-improvement. It arises from a comparison with others, triggering a desire to achieve similar success or possess similar attributes. When managed constructively, jealousy can fuel ambition, encourage goal-setting, and foster innovation. The drive to "outdo" others can lead to breakthroughs in science, art, and technology, benefiting humanity as a whole. Fear, another so-called negative emotion, has been instrumental in ensuring survival. Fear of danger compels caution, enabling humans to avoid life-threatening situations. On a broader scale, fear has shaped societal structures, prompting the establishment of laws and norms designed to protect individuals from harm. Fear of failure or disapproval can also motivate individuals to prepare diligently, hone skills, and act responsibly. Even aggression, often vilified as a destructive force, can be channelled for constructive purposes. Controlled aggression can manifest as assertiveness, helping individuals defend their rights and achieve justice. In competitive environments, a touch of aggression can ignite the passion needed to excel, pushing individuals and teams to surpass their limits. Negative attributes are frequently perceived as moral failings, they possess a duality that, when harnessed effectively, can lead to positive outcomes. These traits, deeply embedded in human nature, serve as a testament to the adaptability and resilience of humanity. Recognizing this duality challenges simplistic judgments and offers a more balanced perspective on human behavior.

**Q 3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end. (4x5=20)**

The day the atomic bomb fell on Hiroshima is etched into my mind as a nightmare that refuses to fade. I remember the blinding flash, a burst of light brighter than a thousand suns, followed by an ear-splitting

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Topic: Role of moderated negative traits in social outcomes construction.

Precis (≈120 words).

In a human society, positive attributes are appreciated, while negative traits are abhorred. However, moderated form of negative traits such as selfishness, jealousy, fear and aggression can help in social construction. Moderated selfishness fuels passion for personal growth. Moreover, it motivates individual to struggle for improving his quality of life, which ultimately leads to social advancement. Constructive utilization of jealousy ignites the desire to achieve similar success to another successful person. This desire leads to innovation in fields of knowledge. Fear makes people cautious and compels them to devise strategies in order to combat the threat. Controlled aggression is crucial to assert rights and create passion in competitive environment. All these points validate the role of moderated negative traits in yielding positive outcomes.