

The Rise of Populism: Causes and Effects

Outlines.

1. Introduction:

Causes of the rise of populism are: poor performance of existing governments, globalization, promotion of nationalist ideologies, and the extensive use of social media by populist leaders. This phenomenon has significant effects on marginal groups within a state, the essence of globalization, global trade, and democratic institutions; therefore, certain measures are required to curb the rise of populism. (Thesis Statement).

2. Causes of the rise of populism

- 2.1. Poor performance of existing governments, undermining the trust in democratic institutions.
- 2.2. Increase economic competition due to globalization.
- 2.3. Promotion of nationalist ideologies, attracting the larger domestic audience by populist leaders.
- 2.3. The deeper people-to-people connections through the extensive use of social media.

3. Effects of the rise of populism

- 3.1. Weakening of democracy within a state by manipulating the sentiments of the public.
- 3.2. Disrupting the global trade activities by imposing high tariffs on imports.
- 3.3. Increasing vulnerability of marginal groups by promoting nationalist ideologies.
- 3.4. Undermining the essence of globalization.

4. Wayforward amidst the rise of populism

- 4.1. Improving performance of democratic existing governments
- 4.2. Providing better economic opportunities to all people
- 4.3. Promoting the international cooperation over self-interests.

5. Conclusion.